

IDENTIFICATION OF ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY CREW STATION DECISION POINTS AND INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS .

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Warminster, PA 18974-5000

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The Advanced Technology Crew	Station (ATCS)	program is	producing a	n inte	grated, pilot-
centered aircraft design methors specifications be driven by m	ission-related	methodology	mandates ti	nat al	rcraft design
report provides the pilot info	ormation requir	ements for	imation requ advanced fi	hter/	nts. This
(year 2005+) missions (combat	air patrol, de	ck launched	intercept.	and s	trike). The
procedures employed identifie	d decision poir	nts in missi	on task ana	lyses	and subsequently
the information needed by the	pilot to make	the decision	ns. Also, a	pilo	t cognitive
workload correlate to decision	n points is dis	scussed.			
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS2
ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS AND UNITS3
INTRODUCTION6
TECHNICAL APPROACH7
DATA COLLECTION13
WORKLOAD CORRELATION13
REFERENCES18
APPENDIX A: COMBAT AIR PATROL (CAP)19
CAP FLOW DIAGRAM
APPENDIX B: DECK LAUNCHED INTERCEPT (DLI)143
DLI FLOW DIAGRAM
APPENDIX C: STRIKE225
STRIKE FLOW DIAGRAM

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The author also expresses his gratitude to Dr. Norman Warner, ATCS Program Manager, for his assistance in editing this report. Lastly, to Nicholas Hodorovich, Operations Research Analysis Branch (Code 3021), for his initial efforts in ATCS mission scenario development and pilot task allocation.

ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS AND UNITS

AAAM ADVANCED AIR TO AIR MISSILE

AAWC AIR TO AIR WARFARE COMMANDER/CENTER

ABCCC AIRBORNE COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATION

AEW AIRBORNE EARLY WARNING AGL ABOVE GROUND LEVEL

ALTITUDE

AMRAAM ADVANCED MEDIUM RANGE AIR TO AIR MISSILE

AOA ANGLE OF ATTACK

ARM ANTI-RADIATION MISSILE

ASM ANTI-SHIP MISSILE

ASRAAM ADVANCED SHORT RANGE AIR TO AIR MISSILE ATC AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL/AUTO THROTTLE CONTROL

BRC BASE RECOVERY COURSE (OF A CV)
FUSTER PROCEED AT HIGHEST POSSIBLE SPEED

C: CHARLIE "LAND NOW" SIGNAL GIVEN AT CV

CAP COMBAT AIR PATROL
CAS CALIBRATED AIR SPEED

CAT CATAPULT

CCA CARRIER CONTROLLED APPROACH

CCIP CONSTANTLY COMPUTED IMPACT POINT CCRP CONSTANTLY COMPUTED RELEASE POINT CIT COMBINED INTERROGATOR/TRANSPONDER

COMMUNICATION CV AIRCRAFT CARRIER

D/L DATA LINK

D: DELTA "DELAY LANDING" SIGNAL GIVEN AT CV

D20 "DELTA TWENTY" EXPECT LANDING DELAY OF TWENTY

MINUTES

ECM ELECTRONIC COUNTER MEASURES ELINT ELECTRONIC INTELLIGENCE

EMCON EMISSION CONTROL ET ELAPSED TIME

ETA ESTIMATED TIME OF ARRIVAL

EW ELECTRONIC WARFARE

FLOT FORWARD LINE OF TROOPS

FOR FIELD OF REGARD FOV FIELD OF VIEW

G A UNIT OF ACCELERATION EQUAL TO ONE EARTH

NORMAL ACCELERATION

GND GROUND

GPS GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM

GS GROUND SPEED

HDG HEADING

HUD HEADS-UP DISPLAY HVU HIGH VALUE UNIT

IAS INDICATED AIR SPEED
IAW IN ACCORDANCE WITH
ID IDENTIFICATION

ILLUM ILLUMINATION

INS INERTIAL NAVIGATION SYSTEM

IR INFRA-RED

I²R IMAGING INFRA-RED

LAT/LONG LATITUDE/LONGITUDE

LPI LOW PROBABILITY OF INTERCEPT

LSO LANDING SIGNAL OFFICIER

MAX MAXIMUM POWER/FULL AFTERBURNER

MIL MILITARY RATED POWER/FULL THROTTLE WITHOUT

AFTERBURNER

mil A UNIT OF ANGULAR MEASUREMENT EQUAL TO 1/6400

OF A REVOLUTION

MSL MEAN SEA LEVEL

NAV NAVIGATION

NCTR NON-COOPERATIVE TARGET RECOGNITION

PB PULL BACK (MODE OF THE HARM)

PELTS PASSIVE EMITTER LOCATING/TARGETING SYSTEM
PNCTR PASSIVE NON-COOPERATIVE TARGET RECOGNITION

P_k PROBABILITY OF KILL

P_S PROBABILITY OF SURVIVAL

RCS RADAR CROSS SECTION
RF RADIO FREQUENCY
ROE RULES OF ENGAGEMENT

R_{max/seek} MAXIMUM RANGE OF A MISSILE DUE TO SEEKER HEAD

LIMITATIONS

SAM SURFACE TO AIR MISSILE SATCOM SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS

SEAD SUPPRESSION OF ENEMY AIR DEFENSES SIGINT SIGNAL INTELLIGENCE

SP SELF PROTECT (MODE OF THE HARM)

TACAN TACTICAL AIR NAVIGATION

TAS TRUE AIR SPEED TEMP TEMPERATURE

TMDS THREAT MISSILE DETECTION SYSTEM

TOO TARGET OF OPPORTUNITY

TOT TIME ON TARGET

TRN TERRAIN REFERENCED NAVIGATION

TTG TIME TO GO

UTM UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID REFERENCE

V_C CLOSING VELOCITY

VL VICTOR LIMA (GEOGRAPHICAL CENTROID REFERENCE

POINT FOR THE ANTI-AIR GRID)

WCS WEAPON CONTROL SYSTEM WRL WEAPONS RELEASE LINE

X,Y,Z POSITION COORDINATES ALONG DIMENSIONAL AXES X,

Y AND Z

INTRODUCTION

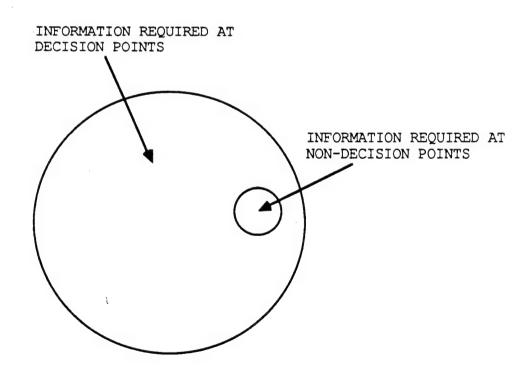
The Advanced Technology Crew Station (ATCS) is a Naval Air Development Center program to develop an integrated (across the various relevant aircraft design disciplines), pilot-centered aircraft design methodology and produce advanced crew station concepts. The focus on pilot requirements is a departure from current aircraft design philosophies which stipulate the airframe specifications (e.g., radar cross section, ordnance capacity, etc.) as the primary development driver with the pilot being "made to fit" into the system. ATCS, conversely, places priority on the pilot-vehicle interface, developing an optimal crew station that is integrated with other aircraft components to meet system objectives.

To develop the methodology and crew station concepts, the program will design a year 2005 plus carrier-based fighter/attack crew station. Ensuring the pilot-vehicle interface is the basic consideration in design theory and tradeoffs, the first steps in the methodology are to create appropriate mission scenarios (combat air patrol, deck launched intercept and strike) and subsequently determine the pilot information requirements for each mission. The pilot information requirements and mission scenarios will, in turn, be used by all the ATCS technologies to establish performance requirements for the crew station design.

This report details the procedures developed and the results obtained during the ATCS pilot information requirements analysis. The mission scenarios are published within a separate classified report (1).

TECHNICAL APPROACH

In order to ascertain what information the pilot needs to successfully accomplish the different missions, a variation of the Saleh, Thomas and Boylan method (2) was developed in which significant aircrew decision points are determined and then the information needed to make those decisions is considered. The guiding assumption is that all pilot information that is requisite for the specific ATCS missions at the level of detail considered is inclusive in the information required at the decision points - that is, any information required at the non-decision points is a subset of the information set generated at the decision points (figure 1). (This is especially salient



<u>figure 1</u>

at the configuration-free level since procedures can not be stipulated - see below.)

Decision points are those tasks which compel the pilot to examine the situation and decide on a course of action. contrasts with non-decision points which are those tasks that call on the pilot to make a learned, procedural response. Therefore, the first step in determining pilot information requirements is conducting task analyses of representative mission scenarios to delineate decision points. program, initially, advocates a technology-free design. means that to the greatest extent possible specific technologies are not dictated to allow the design to remain open-ended and capable of incorporating future concepts (the limitation is that in creating germane mission scenarios some aircraft system performance parameters are essential, e.g., a scenario must consider sensor suite capabilities technology-dependent). The difficulty lies in acquiring the information the pilot needs without establishing a relationship between the pilot and fixed aircraft systems. The solution is a high level program which, by necessity, excludes tasking at all but the grossest levels (i.e., no switchology, defined system procedures, etc.) in the context of generic systems.

To determine tasks: mission scenarios are broken into logical demarcations called phases (e.g., PRE-FLIGHT, TAKE-OFF, CLIMB, CRUISE OUT, etc.) and the phases broken into time-ordered segments. Each phase (airborne) contains an AVIATE, NAVIGATE and COMMUNICATE segment (common categories of pilot tasks) in that order and priority, interspersed with other segments unique to the particular phase. For example, the DECK LAUNCHED INTERCEPT mission's DASH OUT phase contains the segments: AVIATE, RESPONSE TO THREAT, COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES, PRELIMINARY RAID

ASSESSMENT, NAVIGATE and COMMUNICATE. Each segment is comprised of the tasks needed to perform the segment function within the scope of the particular mission phase or tasks related chronologically to the segment. The DASH OUT phase (3.0) AVIATE segment (3.1) is defined by the pilot tasks (3.1.1 - 3.1.10) in figure 2, an example of the task analysis documentation format.

DECK LAUNCHED INTERCEPT

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
3.0		DASH OUT		
3.1		AVIATE		
3.1.1	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT	1	- 11
3.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	4	1
3.1.3		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
3.1.4	YES	ANALYZE GO/NO-GO CRITERIA	4	
3.1.5	YES	ANALYZE TACTICAL SITUATION	2	1
3.1.6		PERFORM COMBAT CHECKLIST		- 11
3.1.7		CONDUCT WEAPONS STATUS CHECKS		
3.1.8	YES	INTERPRET WEAPONS STATUS REPORTS	3	1
3.1.9		ACTIVATE MISSION RECORDER SYSTEM		
3.1.10	YES	DETERMINE FREQUENCY OF VISUAL SEARCH	3	- 11

figure 2

Given the primary intent of the ATCS task analyses is location of the decision points, the tasks are considered as discrete events and ordered to optimize mission effectiveness. This procedure of fixing task sequence provides the least ambiguous decision criteria. It is acknowledged that many of the tasks are continuous in nature and/or performed concurrently; however, these factors have little significance on eliciting pilot information requirements. The DECISION REQ'TS column in figure 2 contains a YES if a task constitutes a decision point.

Decision points were rated 1 - 5 under CRITICALITY (figure 2) with regard to a task shedding philosophy: a decision rated a "5" if the associated task could be shed without jeopardizing mission objectives (including safety of flight) to a "1" if the decision/task is absolutely essential (in other words, a "1" represents a most critical point). For example, in figure 2, task 3.1.1 rates a "1" because controlling the aircraft is vital to the mission at that time. These decision point ratings, related to their respective information requirements, will aid in prioritizing information which must be made available to the pilot during various mission phases.

The DECISION TYPE column in <u>figure 2</u> classifies the task decision as either:

- (a) TYPE I: To complete the task the pilot must select among a set of known alternatives. He requires the information to make that selection. For example, in SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE (figure 2, task 3.1.2), the pilot needs specific information to decide upon the correct autopilot option, hence a TYPE I.
- (b) TYPE II: To complete the task the pilot requires information to assess the conditions and then either generate suitable alternatives and make a selection or directly implement a course of action.

 For example, in CONTROL AIRCRAFT (figure 2, task 3.1.1), the

pilot has no set of predetermined choices, he must act uniquely according to the circumstances. Often, TYPE II decisions require responses which lie on a continuum.

Identification of decision points and types provides a good, preliminary indication of where to apportion decision-aiding and automation resources. Many of the decision points are candidates for aiding in conjunction with automation (each has to be evaluated individually); however, TYPE II decisions, in general, call for more cognitive processing by the pilot than TYPE I decisions and therefore should be limited (converted to TYPE I's), especially during high workload phases (using decision point quantity and type as a cognitive workload correlate is discussed below). Non-decision points, usually requiring recall of memorized procedures, should also be examined for full or partial automation.

The information needed to make the various decisions will provide a convenient starting point from which to allocate functions both for aiding and automation. Figure 3 is an overview of the process for determining mission decision points and their information requirements.

NOTE: This report concerns the elicitation of information requirements prior to system requirements definition or configuration; therefore, implementation of the information into a design is not considered. For example, much of the information required by the pilot will be supplied in the cockpit as a result of

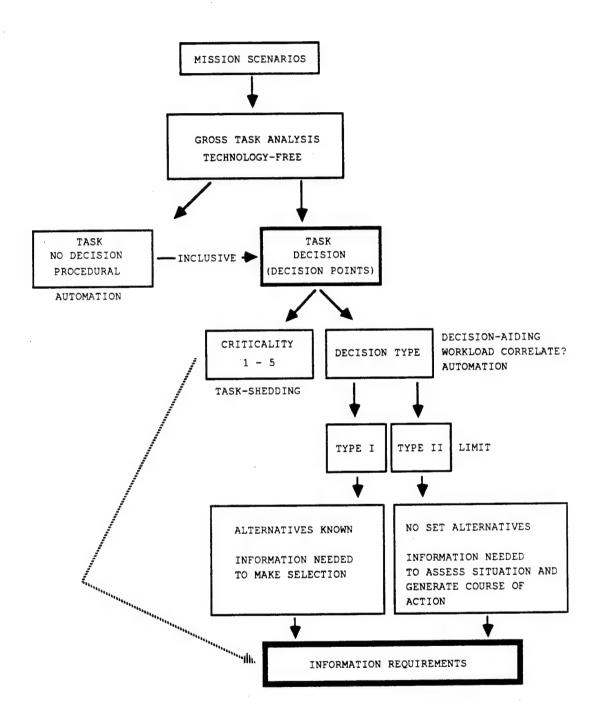


figure 3

prior mission planning; however, as an implementation technology, mission planning is out of the scope of this report.

DATA COLLECTION

Production of mission scenarios and task analyses, identification of decision point type and criticality and enumeration of information requirements were performed by a group of Fleet experienced personnel, operations research analysts and aviation psychologists. This group possesses the requisite expertise in future technologies, scenario development, tactical aircraft operation and human performance to be uniquely qualified to meet ATCS program goals. It is intended that this report be submitted to the Fleet for verification and validation prior to official release. The ATCS decision point/task analyses and the corresponding decision information requirements can be found in appendices A, B and C of this report for combat air patrol, deck launched intercept and strike, respectively.

WORKLOAD CORRELATION

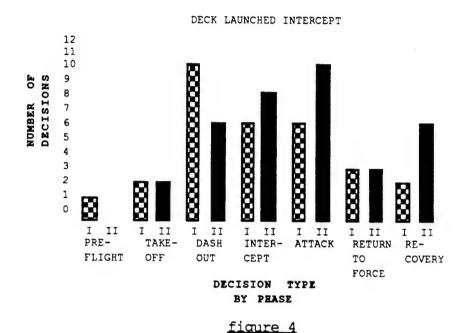
In the decision/information analysis, it was assumed that the amount and type of decision making is correlated with cognitive workload. Given this assumption, identification of mission decision points can provide a prefatory estimate of pilot cognitive workload.

Further, determining decision type (TYPE I or TYPE II) provides a rough, relative gauging of workload for decision tasks. Following the assumption above, a TYPE II decision, which requires problem structuring in addition to TYPE I activities

(choice selection) should be more cognitive loading and intensive (this is supported by information processing theory).

For purposes of comparison, a TYPE II decision is weighted 1.5 times a TYPE I decision. This allows addition of decisions across types and simplifies discriminations of workload in different phases within the same mission as well as across different missions. In figure 4, the number of decisions versus type by phase is shown for the DECK LAUNCHED INTERCEPT mission. Figure 5 shows decision quantities for the same mission after TYPE II's and TYPE I's were combined. Note how the single value improves comprehension of the amount of "workload" per phase. Figures 6 and 7 and figures 8 and 9 present the same data for the COMBAT AIR PATROL and STRIKE missions, respectively.

It must be emphasized that this workload measure is recommended for preliminary investigations. Of course, specific TYPE I - TYPE II comparisons out of context are not very meaningful, but general comparisons across phases provide some indication of how cognitive loadings might vary. Considering decision points with their information requirements yields a more realistic comparison than by type classification. Weighting of information requirements holds promise for producing more exacting decision measures.



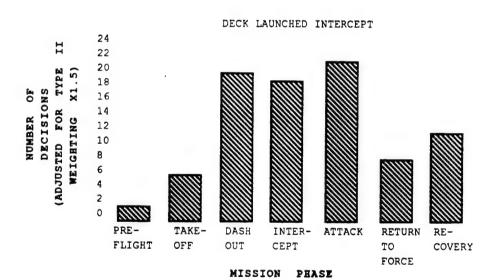


figure 5

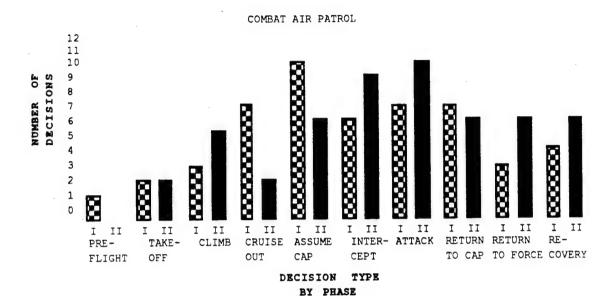


figure 6

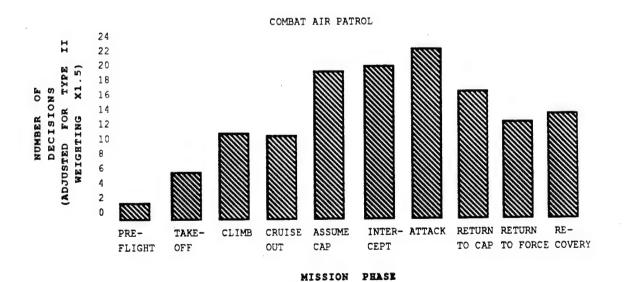
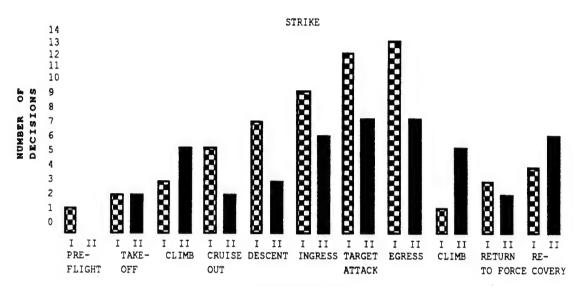
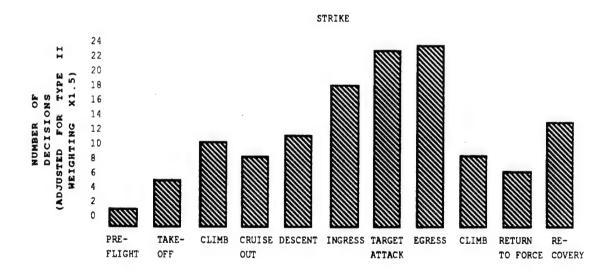


figure 7



DECISION TYPE
BY PHASE

figure 8



MISSION PHASE

figure 9

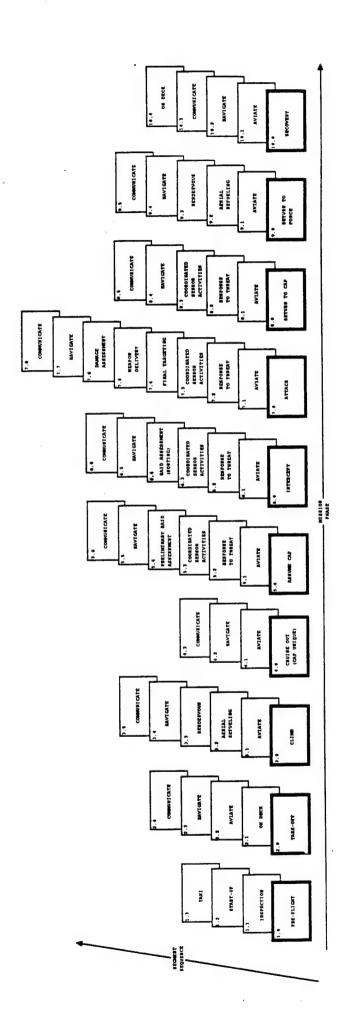
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- Saleh, J., J.O. Thomas, and R.J. Boylan. <u>Identification of Significant Aircrew Decisions in Navy Attack Aircraft</u>.
 Naval Weapons Center, January 1980. (Technical Report NWC TP 6117, publication UNCLASSIFIED).

APPENDIX A

COMBAT AIR PATROL

MISSION TASK/DECISION ANALYSES AND INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS



	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
1.0		PRE-FLIGHT		
1.1		INSPECTION		
1.1.1	_	EXTERNAL INSPECTION		
1.1.2		MAN-UP		
1.1.3		COCKPIT CHECKS		
1.2		START-UP		
1.2.1		PERFORM ENGINE START		
1.2.2		PERFORM AVIONICS START/INITIALIZATION		
1.2.3		INSERT PRE-FLIGHT DATA		
1.2.4		PERFORM WEAPONRY INITIALIZATION		
1.2.5		EXECUTE EMERGENCY PROCEDURE(S), AS REQUIRED		
1.3		TAXI		
1.3.1		MONITOR SYSTEMS		
1.3.2		TAXI AIRCRAFT		
1.3.3		CHECK AVIONICS		
1.3.4		COMPLY WITH TAXI DIRECTIONS		
1.3.5		RECEIVE FLIGHT CLEARANCE		
1.3.6	YES	SET EMCON	5	l
1.3.7		EXECUTE COMM CHECKS, IAW EMCON		

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
2.0		TAKE-OFF		
2.1		ON DECK		
2.1.1		RECEIVE TAKE-OFF CLEARANCE/INSTRUCTIONS		
2.1.2		PERFORM TAKE-OFF CHECKLIST		
2.1.3		VISUAL CHECK OF FLIGHT MEMBER(S) (IF APPLICABLE)		
2.1.4	YES	DETERMINE PREPAREDNESS FOR FLIGHT	1	1
2.2		AVIATE		
2.2.1		INITIATE TAKE-OFF ROLL/PRESS-UP/CAT SHOT		[]
2.2.2		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
2.2.3	YES	ESTABLISH AIRCRAFT FLIGHT ATTITUDE/POWER	1	11
2.2.4	YES	ANALYZE GO/NO-GO CRITERIA	2	'
2.2.5		EXECUTE EMERGENCY PROCEDURE(S), AS REQUIRED		
2.3		NAVIGATE		
2.3.1		MONITOR NAV SYSTEM		
2.3.2		COMPLY WITH CLEARANCE/INSTRUCTIONS		
2.4		COMMUNICATE		
2.4.1		COMMUNICATE CLEAR INFORMATION WITH CONTROLLING/OTHER PLATFORMS		
2.4.2		COMMUNICATE SECURE INFORMATION WITH CONTROLLING/OTHER PLATFORMS		
2.4.3	YES	SET EMCON	5	1
				22

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION Type
3.0		CLIMB		
3.1		AVIATE		
3.1.1		ASSUME CLIMB ATTITUDE	·	
3.1.2	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT OPERATION AND FLIGHT	1	11
3.1.3		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
3.1.4	YES	ANALYZE GO/NO-GO CRITERIA	3	ł
3.1.5	YES	SET FORMATION	5	1
,				
3.2		AERIAL REFUELING		
3.2.1		CONFIGURE AIRCRAFT		
3.2.2		PERFORM PLUG-IN		
3.2.3		TAKE FUEL ONBOARD AND MONITOR FUEL STATUS		
3.2.4		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
3.2.5		MONITOR COMM		
3.2.6		DISENGAGE REFUELING		
3.2.7		RECONFIGURE AIRCRAFT		
3.3		RENDEZVOUS	·	
3.3.1		INITIATE CLOSURE		
3.3.2	YES	DETERMINE / CONTROL CLOSURE	3	11
3.3.3	YES	DETERMINE / CONTROL BEARING	4 '	П
3.3.4	YES	DETERMINE / CONTROL ALTITUDE	4	11
3.3.5		EFFECT JOIN-UP		

3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.4.3 3.4.4 3.4.5 3.4.6		NAVIGATE MONITOR POSITION MONITOR COURSE MONITOR SPEED MONITOR ALTITUDE		
3.4.1 3.4.2 3.4.3 3.4.4 3.4.5 3.4.6		MONITOR POSITION MONITOR COURSE MONITOR SPEED MONITOR ALTITUDE		·
3.4.2 3.4.3 3.4.4 3.4.5 3.4.6		MONITOR SPEED MONITOR ALTITUDE		·
3.4.4 3.4.5 3.4.6		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
3.4.5 3.4.6				
3.4.6			l	
		COMPUTE ETA		
3.4.7		COMPARE PRESENT STATUS AND ESTIMATES TO MISSION PLAN (TIME, FUEL, etc.)		
	YES	ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED	5	II
3.5		COMMUNICATE		
3.5.1		COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE (CV, WINGMAN, TANKER ACCC, EW, etc.)		
3.5.2		COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE		
3.5.3		PERFORM D/L COMM		
3.5.4		PERFORM SATCOM		
3.5.5	YES	SET EMCON	5	
3.5.6		SET CIT MODES AND CODES		
		·		

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
4.0		CRUISE OUT (CAP UNIQUE)		
4.1		AVIATE		
4.1.1	YES	CRUISE/TRIM AIRCRAFT (FLY AT BEST CRUISE SPEED AND ALTITUDE)	1	11
4.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	4	1
4.1.3		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
4.1.4	YES	ANALYZE GO/NO-GO CRITERIA	4	ı
4.1.5	YES	SET FORMATION	5	1
4.1.6		CONDUCT WEAPONS STATUS CHECK	_	
4.1.7	YES	INTERPRET WEAPONS STATUS REPORTS	4	1
4.1.8		ACTIVATE THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
4.1.9		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
4.1.10		PERFORM COMBAT CHECKLIST		
4.1.11	YES	SELECT SENSOR MODES	3	l
⁻ 4.2		NAVIGATE		
4.2.1		MONITOR POSITION		
4.2.2		MONITOR COURSE		
4.2.3		MONITOR SPEED		
4.2.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
4.2.5		COMPUTE ETA		
4.2.6		COMPARE PRESENT STATUS AND ESTIMATES TO MISSION PLAN (TIME PLAN AS REQUIRED		
4.2.7	YES	ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED	5	11
4.2.8	YES	DETERMINE ASSIGNED DEFENSIVE GRID POSITION	· 2	1

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
4.3 4.3.1 4.3.2 4.3.3 4.3.4 4.3.5 4.3.6	YES	COMMUNICATE COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE PERFORM D/L COMM AMONG FRIENDLY UNITS SET EMCON STATUS PERFORM SATCOM SET CIT MODES AND CODES	5	1
-				

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
5.0		ASSUME CAP		
5.1		AVIATE		
5.1.1	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT	1	11
5.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	4	ı
5.1.3		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
5.1.4	YES	ANALYZE TACTICAL SITUATION	2	11
5.1.5	YES	SET FORMATION	4	ı
5.1.6		MONITOR WEAPONS STATUS		
5.1.7		ACTIVATE MISSION RECORDER SYSTEM		
5.1.8	YES	DETERMINE FREQUENCY OF VISUAL SEARCH	4	11
5.2		RESPONSE TO THREAT		
5.2.1		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
5.2.2	YES	DETERMINE THREAT DEGREE	1	1
5.2.3	YES	DETERMINE IMMINENCE OF THREAT	1	1
5.2.4	YES	DETERMINE TO AVOID, SUPPRESS, OR INTERCEPT	2	Н
5.2.5		PERFORM THREAT RESPONSE		
_				
5.3		COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES	_	
5.3.1	YES	OPERATE SENSORS	2	
5.3.2		CORRELATE ON-BOARD SENSOR DATA/INFORMA- TION		
5.3.3		CORRELATE EXTERNAL DATA/INFORMATION WITH ONBOARD DATA/INFORMATION		
5.3.4	YES	INTERPRET SENSOR DATA/INFORMATION	1	11
				27

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
5.4		PRELIMINARY RAID ASSESSMENT		
5.4.1		PERFORM TARGET SEARCH/DETECTION		
5.4.2	YES	PERFORM TARGET ACQUISITION	2	'
5.4.3	YES	PERFORM TARGET IDENTIFICATION/CLASSIFICA-TION	3	1
5.5 5.5.1 5.5.2 5.5.3 5.5.4 5.5.5 5.5.6 5.5.7 5.5.8 5.5.9 5.5.10	YES YES YES	NAVIGATE MONITOR POSITION MONITOR COURSE MONITOR SPEED MONITOR ALTITUDE COMPUTE COMBAT PACKAGE COMPUTE REMAINING TIME ON STATION COMPARE PRESENT STATUS TO PLAN ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED PERFORM NAV SYSTEM UPDATE DETERMINE APPROPRIATE DEFENSIVE GRID POSITION	4 5 2	
5.6 5.6.1 5.6.2 5.6.3 5.6.4 5.6.5 5.6.6	YES	COMMUNICATE COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE PERFORM D/L COMM AMONG FRIENDLIES SET EMCON PERFORM SATCOM SET CIT MODES AND CODES	5	

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
6.0		INTERCEPT		
6.1		AVIATE		
6.1.1	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT	1	11
6.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	3	1
6.1.3		ARM WEAPONS		
6.1.4		MONITOR WEAPONS STATUS		
6.1.5		MAINTAIN FORMATION/MUTUAL SUPPORT		
6.1.6		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
6.1.7	YES	ANALYZE TACTICAL SITUATION	2	11
6.1.8		MONITOR FUEL STATUS		
6.1.9	YES	DETERMINE FREQUENCY OF VISUAL SEARCH	2	11
6.2		RESPONSE TO THREAT		
6.2.1		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
6.2.2	YES	DETERMINE THREAT DEGREE	1	1
6.2.3	YES	DETERMINE IMMINENCE OF THREAT	1	· 1
6.2.4	YES	DETERMINE TO AVOID OR SUPPRESS	2	11
6.2.5		PERFORM THREAT RESPONSE		
6.3		COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES		
6.3.1	YES	OPERATE SENSORS	2	1
6.3.2		CORRELATE ON-BOARD SENSOR DATA/ INFORMATION		
6.3.3		CORRELATE EXTERNAL DATA WITH ON-BOARD DATA/INFORMATION		
6.3.4	YES	INTERPRET SENSOR DATA/INFORMATION	1	11

·	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
6.4		RAID ASSESSMENT (SORTING)		
6.4.1		PERFORM TARGET SEARCH/DETECTION		
6.4.2		PERFORM TARGET ACQUISITION	,	
6.4.3		PERFORM TARGET IDENTIFICATION/CLASSIFI- CATION		
6.4.4	YES	ASSESS RAID (POSITION, COUNT, TRACK, INTENT)	1	- 11
6.4.5	YES	DETERMINE TARGET ASSIGNMENTS	3	li II
6.4.6	YES	DETERMINE PRELIMINARY TARGETING	3	t ,
6.4.7	YES	DETERMINE DYNAMIC GEOMETRY MANEUVERS REQUIRED	2	11
6.4.8		PERFORM DYNAMIC GEOMETRY MANEUVERS		
6.5		NAVIGATE		
6.5.1		MONITOR POSITION		
6.5.2		MONITOR COURSE		
6.5.3		MONITOR SPEED		
6.5.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
6.5.5	YES	ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED	3	
6.6		COMMUNICATE		
6.6.1		COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE		
6.6.2		COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE PERFORM D/L COMM W/ FRIENDLIES		
6.6.3	YES	SET EMCON	5	
6.6.4 6.6.5	153	PERFORM SATCOM		
6.6.6	,	SET CIT MODES AND CODES		
0.0.0		GET GIT MIGDEG AND GODEG		

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
7.0		ATTACK		
7.1		AVIATE		
7.1.1	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT	1	11
7.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	4	1
7.1.3		MAINTAIN MUTUAL SUPPORT, AS REQUIRED		
7.1.4		MONITOR WEAPONS STATUS		
7.1.5	YES	ANALYZE TACTICAL SITUATION	2	11
7.1.6		MONITOR FUEL STATUS		
7.1.7	YES	DETERMINE FREQUENCY OF VISUAL SEARCH	2	11
7.1.8	YES	ANALYZE DISENGAGEMENT CRITERIA	3	11
7.1.9		PERFORM DISENGAGEMENT MANEUVER(S)		
•				
7.2		RESPONSE TO THREAT	!	
7.2.2		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
7.2.3	YES	DETERMINE THREAT DEGREE	1	1
7.2.4	YES	DETERMINE IMMINENCE OF THREAT	1	1
7.2.5	YES	DETERMINE TO AVOID OR SUPPRESS	2	HI II
7.2.6		PERFORM THREAT RESPONSE		
7.3		COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES		
7.3.1	YES	OPERATE SENSORS	2	1
7.3.2		CORRELATE ON-BOARD SENSOR DATA/ INFORMATION		
7.3.3		CORRELATE EXTERNAL DATA WITH ON-BOARD DATA/INFORMATION		
7.3.4	YES	INTERPRET SENSOR DATA/INFORMATION	1	11

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
7.4		FINAL TARGETING		
7.4.1	YES	DETERMINE DYNAMIC GEOMETRY MANEUVERS REQUIRED	1	II .
7.4.2		PERFORM DYNAMIC GEOMETRY MANEUVERS		
7.4.3		COMPLY WITH TARGETING ASSIGNMENTS		
7.4.4	YES	SELECT WEAPONRY	2	1
7.4.5		OBTAIN CLEARANCE TO FIRE		
7.5		WEAPON DELIVERY		
7.5.1		SELECT WEAPON/WEAPON MODE		
7.5.2	YES	COMMIT WEAPON(S)	1	ı
7.5.3		EXECUTE POST-LAUNCH MANEUVER, AS DESIRED		
7.5.4	·	PROVIDE WEAPON STEERING DATA/ILLUMINATION		
7.6		DAMAGE ASSESSMENT		
7.6.1	YES	DETERMINE TARGET DAMAGE	4	11
7.6.2	YES	ASSESS REATTACK OPTIONS	2	11
7.6.3		EXECUTE REATTACK, AS REQUIRED		
7.7		NAVIGATE		
7.7.1		MONITOR POSITION		
7.7.2		MONITOR COURSE		
7.7.3		MONITOR SPEED		
7.7.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
7.7.5	YES	ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED	3	li li

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
7.8 7.8.1 7.8.2 7.8.3 7.8.4 7.8.5 7.8.6	YES	COMMUNICATE COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE PERFORM D/L COMM W/ FRIENDLIES SET EMCON PERFORM SATCOM SET CIT MODES AND CODES	5	·
			·	•
				·

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
8.0		RETURN TO CAP		
8.1		AVIATE		
8.1.1	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT OPERATION AND FLIGHT	1	П
8.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	4	1 .
8.1.3		PERFORM DISENGAGEMENT MANEUVER (S)		
8.1.4		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
8.1.5	YES	SET FORMATION	5	
8.1.6	YES	ANALYZE TACTICAL SITUATION	3	11
8.1.7		MONITOR FUEL STATUS		Ì
8.1.8	YES	DETERMINE FREQUENCY OF VISUAL SEARCH	3	ll ll
8.2		RESPONSE TO THREAT		
8.2.1		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
8.2.2	YES	DETERMINE THREAT DEGREE	1	1
8.2.3	YES	DETERMINE IMMINENCE OF THREAT	1	1
8.2.4	YES	DETERMINE TO AVOID OR SUPPRESS	2	11
8.2.5		PERFORM THREAT RESPONSE		
8.3		COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES		
8.3.1	YES	OPERATE SENSORS	2	I
8.3.2		CORRELATE ONBOARD SENSOR DATA/INFORMA- TION		
8.3.3		CORRELATE EXTERNAL DATA WITH ONBOARD DATA/INFORMATION		
8.3.4	YES	INTERPRET SENSOR DATA/INFORMATION	1	II
				3.1

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
8.4		NAVIGATE		
8.4.1		MONITOR POSITION		
8.4.2		MONITOR COURSE		
8.4.3	-	MONITOR SPEED		
8.4.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
8.4.5		COMPUTE COMBAT PACKAGE		
8.4.6		COMPUTE REMAINING TIME ON STATION		
8.4.7		COMPARE PRESENT STATUS TO PLAN		
8.4.8	YES	ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED	4	11
8.4.9	YES	PERFORM NAV SYSTEMS UPDATE	5	1
8.4.10	YES	DETERMINE DEFENSIVE GRID POSITION	2	1
		2014111111217		
8.5		COMMUNICATE		
8.5.1	,	COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE		
8.5.2		COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE		
8.5.3		PERFORM D/L COMM AMONG FRIENDLIES	_	
8.5.4	YES	SET EMCON	5	
8.5.5		PERFORM SATCOM		
8.5.6		SET CIT MODES AND CODES		
-				
			1	

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
9.0		RETURN TO FORCE		
9.1		AVIATE		
9.1.1	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT	1	11
9.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	4	ı
9.1.3		MONITOR SYSTEM STATUS		
9.1.4	YES	SET FORMATION	5	1
9.1.5		MONITOR FUEL STATUS		
9.1.6	YES	DETERMINE FREQUENCY OF VISUAL SEARCH	4	11
9.1.7		SAFE WEAPONS		
9.1.8		EXECUTE RETURN TO FORCE PROCEDURES		
9.2		AERIAL REFUELING		
9.2.1		CONFIGURE AIRCRAFT		
9.2.2		PERFORM PLUG-IN		
9.2.3		TAKE FUEL ON-BOARD AND MONITOR FUEL STATUS		
9.2.4		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		0 7
9.2.5		MONITOR COMM		
9.2.6		DISENGAGE REFUELING		
9.2.7		RECONFIGURE AIRCRAFT		
9.3		RENDEZVOUS		
9.3.1		INITIATE CLOSURE		
9.3.2	YES	DETERMINE/CONTROL CLOSURE	3	11
9.3.3	YES	DETERMINE/CONTROL BEARING	4	11
9.3.4	YES	DETERMINE/CONTROL ALTITUDE	4	11

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
9.3.5		EFFECT JOIN-UP		
9.4 9.4.1 9.4.2 9.4.3		NAVIGATE MONITOR POSITION MONITOR COURSE MONITOR SPEED		
9.4.4 9.4.5 9.4.6	YES	MONITOR ALTITUDE COMPUTE ETA COMPARE PRESENT STATUS AND ESTIMATES TO PLAN ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED	5	
9.5 9.5.1 9.5.2 9.5.3		COMMUNICATE COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE PERFORM D/L COMM AMONG FRIENDLIES		·
9.5.4 9.5.5 9.5.6	YES	PERFORM SATCOM SET EMCON SET CIT MODES AND CODES	5	

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
10.0		RECOVERY		
10.1		AVIATE		
10.1.1		PERFORM PENETRATION CHECKLIST		
10.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	3	ŀ
10.1.3		SAFE WEAPONS		
10.1.4		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
10.1.5	YES	PERFORM AIRCRAFT DESCENT	1	11
10.1.6	YES	SET RECOVERY FORMATION, AS REQUIRED	5	1
10.1.7	YES	INTERPRET MULTI-SENSOR CORRELATION DATA	3	11
10.1.8		MONITOR SYSTEM STATUS		
10.1.9		EXECUTE EMERGENCY PROCEDURE(S), AS REQUIRED	·	
10.1.10	YES	PERFORM FUEL DUMP, AS REQUIRED	4	Ш
10.1.11	YES	PERFORM APPROACH/PATTERN ENTRY	1	11
10.1.12		CONFIGURE AIRCRAFT FOR LANDING		
10.1.13		PERFORM LANDING CHECKLIST		
10.1.14	YES	PERFORM LANDING	1	II
10.1.15	YES	DETERMINE REQUIREMENT FOR MISSED APPROACH/WAVE-OFF	1	11
10.1.16		PERFORM BOLTER/MISSED APPROACH/WAVE- OFF (AS REQUIRED)		
10.2		NAVIGATE		
10.2.1		MONITOR POSITION		
10.2.2		MONITOR COURSE		·
10.2.3		MONITOR SPEED		
10.2.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
10.2.5	YES	COMPLY WITH CLEARANCE/INSTRUCTIONS	3	
10.3		COMMUNICATE		
10.3.1		COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE		
10.3.2		COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE		
10.3.3		PERFORM D/L COMM AMONG FRIENDLIES		
10.3.4		SET EMCON	5	1
10.3.5		SET CIT MODES AND CODES		
10.4		ON DECK		
10.4.1		TAXI CLEAR		
10.4.2		PARK AIRCRAFT		
10.4.3		PERFORM SHUT DOWN CHECKLIST		
10.4.4		RECORD APPLICABLE DATA		
10.4.5		SECURE AIRCRAFT		
	:			
	·			
		· .		

PHASE:

PRE-FLIGHT (1.0)

SEGMENT:

TAXI (1.3)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (1.3.6)

DECISION TYPE: |
CRITICALITY: 5
ALTERNATIVES:

1. Total EMCON

No EMCON - Emissions free
 Comm tight - sensors free
 Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Briefed plan

2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

4. Radar transmit status

5. Voice comm transmit status

6. Link transmit status

7. Navigation transmit status

8. AGL/MSL measuring device transmit status

9. Jammer response status

10. CIT response status

11. Laser activity status

PHASE:

TAKE-OFF (2.0)

SEGMENT:

ON DECK (2.1)

DECISION:

Determine preparedness for flight (2.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

1

ALTERNATIVES:

Go 1.

- 2. Abort
- 3. Alter standards
- 4. Delay decision

- ATC clearance/instruction 1.
- 2. Checklist results
- System status
- 4. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 5. Criticality of flight/mission
- Flight member status 6.
- 7. Tanker/support aircraft status
- Threat condition 8.
- Launch window (time remaining) 9.
- 10. Flight member visual check
- 11. Final checker results
- 12. Fuel weight board accuracy
- 13. Catapult officer's readiness/assurance
- 14. Type catapult shot (i.e., mil/max)
- 15. Meteorological conditions (present)
- 16. End speed

PHASE:

TAKE-OFF (2.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (2.2)

DECISION:

Establish Aircraft Flight Attitude/Power (2.2.3)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- End speed 1.
- 2. Rotation attitude
- Landing gear position/transition 3.
- Flap position/transition 4.
- 5. Fuel transfer initiated/transferring
- 6. Vertical velocity
- Altitude (AGL/MSL) 7.
- Airspeed 8.
- Heading 9.
- 10. Standard/non-standard departure (visual)
- 11. Standard instrument departure
- 12. Engine performance
- 13. Hydraulic status
- 14. Pneumatic status
- 15. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 16. Ejection system status
- 17. External stores integrity
- 18. Flight control system operability19. Angle of attack
- 20. Local barometric pressure
- 21. Altimeter barometric pressure setting

PHASE:

TAKE-OFF (2.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (2.2)

DECISION:

Analyze GO/NO-GO criteria (2.2.4)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY: 2

2

ALTERNATIVES:

1. Go 2. Abort

3. Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Engine performance 1.

2. Flight control system operability

System performance 3. 4. External stores integrity

5. Directive instructions

Flight warnings/cautions/advisories

PHASE:

TAKE OFF (2.0)

SEGMENT:

COMMUNICATÉ (2.4) **Set EMCON (2.4.3)**

DECISION: DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

1. Total EMCON

No EMCON - Emissions free 2. Comm tight - sensors free

Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Briefed plan 1.

2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

Radar transmit status 4.

Voice comm transmit status 5.

Link transmit status 6.

7. Navigation transmit status

AGL/MSL measuring device transmit status

Jammer response status Jammer response status
 CIT response status

11. Laser activity status

PHASE:

CLIMB (3.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (3.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft operation and flight (3.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Attitude
- 2. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- Airspeed 3.
- 4. Heading
- 5. Angle of attack
- 6. Vertical velocity
- 7. Clear of traffic/obstacles
- 8 Engine performance
- Hydraulic status 9.
- 10. Pneumatic status
- 11. Standard/non-standard departure (visual)
- 12. Standard instrument departure
- 13. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 14. Navigation compliance cues
- 15. Sideslip
- 16. Optimum airspeed
- 17. Optimum vertical velocity18. Optimum heading
- 19. Local barometric pressure
- 20. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 21. Low airspeed cue
- 22. High angle of attack cue

PHASE:

SEGMENT:

CLIMB (3.0) AVIATE (3.1)

DECISION:

Analyze GO/NO-GO Criteria (3.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

Go

Abort 2.

Delay decision 3.

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Engine performance

2. Flight control system operability

3. System performance

External stores integrity 4.

Directive instructions

Flight warnings/cautions/advisories

PHASE:

CLIMB (3.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (3.1)

DECISION:

Set formation (3.1.5)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: 5

ALTERNATIVES:

- 1. Parade
- 2. Cruise
- 3. Loose cruise
- 4. Combat spread
- 5. Trail
- 6. Box
- 7. Timed sequence
- 8. No formation required

- 1. Cloud cover present/expected
- 2. Visibility present/expected
- 3. Turbulence present/expected
- Capability of flight member (flight member/leader)
- 5. Sensor status
- 6. EMCON status
- 7. Threat condition
- 8. Briefed formation
- 9. Sun/moon angle (elevation)
- 10. Percentage illumination (ambient/artificial)
- 11. Air traffic
- 12. Flight member position

PHASE:

CLIMB (3.0)

SEGMENT:

RENDEZVOUS (3.3)

DECISION:

Determine/control closure (3.3.2)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 3

- Desired rate of closure 1.
- Rate of closure 2.
- Distance between flight members 3.
- Disengagement opportunities/options
 Joiner's indicated airspeed 4.
- 5.
- Leader's indicated airspeed 6.
- Sideslip 7.
- Speedbrake/lift degradation device position
- Power setting 9.
- 10. Flight member position

PHASE:

SEGMENT:

DECISION:

CLIMB (3.0) RENDEZVOUS (3.3) Determine/control bearing (3.3.3)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1.

- Desired bearing line constant
 Desired bearing line curvilinear
 Actual bearing from leader
 Leader's rate of turn
- 3.

PHASE:

CLIMB (3.0)

SEGMENT:

RENDEZVOUS (3.3)

DECISION:

Determine/control altitude (3.3.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 4

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Leader's altitude 1.

2. Desired ownship attitude

3.

Attitude (AGL/MSL)
Vertical velocity change(s)
Position of horizon 4.

5.

6. Engine thrust available

PHASE:

CLIMB (3.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (3.4)

DECISION:

Adjust flight plan, as required (3.4.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Elapsed time/time to go
- Fuel state
- Fuel required
- 4. Fuel flow
- Ground speed
- Optimum altitude Ps
- 7. Optimum indicated Mach - Ps
- Present routing
- 9. Optimum routing10. Distance to next waypoint
- 11. Distance to station
- 12. Distance from station to home (total mission distance)
- 13. Time to next waypoint at present ground speed
- 14. Time to next waypoint at altered ground speed
- 15. Fuel to next waypoint at present ground speed and altitude
- 16. Fuel to next waypoint at altered ground speed and altitude
- 17. Time to station at present ground speed
- 18. Time to station at altered ground speed
- 19. Fuel to station at present ground speed and altitude
- 20. Fuel to station at altered ground speed and altitude
- 21. Threat condition
- 22. System performance
- 23. Directive instructions
- 24. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 25. Winds aloft
- 26. Optimum altitude max range
- 27. Optimum Mach max range
- 28. Optimum altitude max endurance
- 29. Optimum Mach max endurance
- 30. Vertical velocity
- 31. Fuel remaining at next waypoint
- 32. Fuel remaining at station
- 33. Fuel remaining upon recovery (as per plan)

PHASE:

SEGMENT: DECISION: CLIMB (3.0) COMMUNICATE (3.5) Set EMCON (3.5.5)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY: 5 ALTERNATIVES:

Total EMCON

No EMCON - emissions free 2. Comm tight - sensors free Comm tight - sensors tree
 Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Briefed plan 1.

Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight) 2.

Threat condition 3.

Radar transmit status 4.

5. Voice comm transmit status

Link transmit status 6.

7. Navigation transmit status

Jammer response status 8.

CIT response status

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0) AVIATE (4.1)

SEGMENT:

DECISION:

Cruise/Trim aircraft (4.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Altitude (AGL/MSL) 1.
- 2. Airspeed
- Attitude 3.
- 4. Heading
- 5. Angle of attack
- 6. Vertical velocity
- 7. Clear of traffic/obstacles
- Engine performance Hydraulic status 8.
- 9.
- 10. Pneumatic status
- 11. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
 12. Navigation compliance cues
 13. Optimum airspeed
 14. Optimum altitude
 15. Optimum fuel flow

- 16. Ground speed17. Altimeter barometric pressure setting

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (4.1)

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (4.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

Attitude hold 1.

2.

Altitude hold-barometric
Altitude hold – AGL measuring device 3.

4. Heading hold

Auto/manual trim/throttles 5.

None 6.

Couple - External 7.

Couple - auto onboard

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Attitude (AGL/MSL) 1.

2. Heading

Ground speed 3.

Present pilot relief mode status 4.

Certification of new mode selection

Attitude 6.

Pilot fatigue level 7.

Pilot workload

Directive instructions 9.

10. Ownship position

11. System performance

12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (4.1)

DECISION:

Analyze GO/NO-GO Criteria (4.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

1. Go

2. Abort

3. Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Engine performance

2. Flight control system operability

System performance Directive instructions 3.

4.

5. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories

Meteorological conditions (present) 6.

Fuel flow 7.

Threat condition

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (4.1)

DECISION:

Set formation (4.1.5)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

1. Parade

Cruise

5

- 3. Loose cruise
- 4. Combat spread
- 5. Trail
- 6. Box
- Timed sequence 7.
- 8. Same way, same day

- Cloud cover present/expected 1.
- Visibility present/expected
- Turbulence present/expected 3.
- Capability of flight member (flight member/leader) 4.
- 5. Sensor status
- **EMCON status** 6.
- Threat condition 7.
- **Briefed formation** 8.
- Sun/moon angle (elevation)
- 10. Percentage illumination (ambient/artificial)
- 11. Air traffic
- 12. Flight member position

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (4.1)

DECISION:

Interpret Weapons Status Reports (4.1.7)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

- Weapon armed and ready
- 2. Weapon armed but not ready
- 3. Weapon safe
- 4. Weapon hung
- 5. Weapon failed
- 6. Weapon locked/unlocked
- 7. Weapon degraded
- Weapon not communicating with mission computer

- 1. Weapons onboard - type/model
- 2. Weapons onboard - location
- Weapons onboard quantity each location 3.
- 4. Weapons launch modes available
- 5. Weapons launch mode selected
- Master mode selected 6.
- 7. Weapon selected
- Weapon initialization data preplanned 8.
- Weapon initialization data received by weapon
- 10. Weapon prep data availability
- 11. Weapon prep data receipt by weapon
- 12. Interval selected (for multiple releases)
- 13. Minimum interval allowable
- 14. Arming options available
- 15. Arming option selected
- 16. Fuzing options available
- 17. Fuzing option selected
- 18. Quantity selected per interval (for multiple release)
- 19. Weapon auto gain control status (if applicable)
- 20. Weapon threat library selected (if applicable)
- 21. Weapon target type priority selected (if applicable)
- 22. Terminal guidance option selected

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (4.1)

DECISION:

Select sensor modes (4.1.11)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

- On-all passive
- On-all Active 2.
- 3. On-all LPI
- On-auto mode optimization 4. On-preplanned initialization
- Off
- Standby 7.

- Sensor modes/submodes available 1.
- Sensor modes/submodes selected 2.
- Sensor modes most suitable
- Bistatic radar file track potential (as receiver) 4.
- Bistatic NCTR potential (as received) 5.
- Bistatic radar potential (as emitter) 6.
- 7. Equivalent illumination/luminance levels
- Individual sensor status 8.
- Auto mode optimization engaged/rejected 9.
- 10. Preplanned initialization selected
- 11. Sensor boresight status
- 12. Individual sensor FOV/FOR available/selected
- 13. Individual sensor magnification available/selected
- 14. Individual sensor track mode available/selected
- 15. Individual sensor autotarget acquisition available/selected
- 16. Target type anticipated
- 17. Target location anticipated
- 18. TKBS status
- 19. Threat imminence
- 20. Sensor threat library selected
- 21. Sensor correlation for display selected/available
- 22. Display information reject level(s) available/selected
- 23. Sensor footprint (individual)
- 24. Sensor footprint (suite)
- 25. Data link status
- 26. System status
- 27. Auto hand-off to weapon(s) available/selected
- 28. Sensor to sensor cueing available/selected
- 29. Sensor self-protect mode(s) available/selected

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (4.2)

DECISION:

Adjust flight plan, as required (4.2.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Elapsed time/time to go 1.
- 2. Fuel state
- 3. Fuel required
- 4. Fuel flow
- Ground speed
- 6. Optimum altitude - Ps
- 7. Optimum indicated Mach - Ps
- 8. Present routing
- Optimum routing 9.
- 10. Distance to next waypoint
- 11. Distance to station
- 12. Distance from station to home (total mission distance)
- 13. Time to next waypoint at present ground speed14. Time to next waypoint at altered ground speed
- 15. Fuel to next waypoint at present ground speed and altitude
- 16. Fuel to next waypoint at altered ground speed and altitude
- 17. Time to station at present ground speed
- 18. Time to station at altered ground speed
- 19. Fuel to station at present ground speed and altitude
- 20. Fuel to station at altered ground speed and altitude
- 21. Threat condition
- 22. System performance
- 23. Directive instructions
- 24. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 25. Winds aloft
- 26. Optimum altitude max range
- 27. Optimum Mach max range
- 28. Optimum altitude max endurance
- 29. Optimum Mach max endurance
- 30. Vertical velocity
- 31. Fuel remaining at next waypoint
- 32. Fuel remaining at station
- 33. Fuel remaining upon recovery (as per plan)

PHASE: SEGMENT: CRUISE OUT (4.0)

NAVIGATE (4.2)

DECISION:

Determine defensive grid position (4.2.8)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

- Proceed to position assigned by controlling agency
- Autonomously fill vacant position IAW doctrine 2. Fill station IAW on-scene direction (non-AEW)
- 3. Do not proceed to any station - anchor 4.
- Do not proceed to any station unilateral contact investigation 5.
- 6 Delay decision

- 1. Ownship position
- Ownship position validity/verification 2.
- Grid reference position VL(x,y,z)3.
- 4. Threat axis
- 5. Grid reference bearing
- Grid reference distance 6.
- Number of defensive grid positions 7.
- Position of defensive grid positions 8.
- Status of defensive grid positions (filled/vacant)
- 10. Position/assignment of other ownforce members
- 11. Systems performance of other ownforce members
- 12. Ownship position assignment (if any)
- 13. Position of ownforce fighter with lowest fuel state
- 14. Defensive grid area meteorological conditions
- 15. Imminence of engagement
- 16. Directive instructions
- 17. Presence of unidentified contacts
- 18. Combat readiness states of ownforce members
- 19. Optimum routing
- 20. Threat condition
- 21. Time on station
- 22. ROE
- 23. Bingo/bugout plan
- 24. Contrail level
- 25. System status

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

COMMUNICATE (4.3)

DECISION:

Set EMCON status (4.3.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

Total EMCON 1.

2. No EMCON - emissions free

3. Comm tight - sensors free

Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Briefed plan

Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight) 2.

3. Threat condition

Radar transmit status 4.

Voice comm transmit status

Link transmit status

Navigation transmit status

Jammer response status 8.

CIT response status

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft operation and flight (5.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 1

- **Attitude**
- Attitude (AGL/MSL) 2.
- Airspeed 3.
- 4. Heading
- Angle of attack 5.
- Vertical velocity 6.
- 7. Clear of traffic/obstacles
- 8. Engine performance
- 9. Hydraulic status
- 10. Pneumatic status
- 11. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 12. Navigation compliance cues
- 13. Optimum airspeed
- 14. Optimum heading
- 15. Local barometric pressure
- 16. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
 17. Low airspeed cue
 18. High angle of attack cue

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

DECISION TYPE: I

Select pilot relief mode (5.1.2)

CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

> 1. Attitude hold

2. Altitude hold-barometric

Altitude hold - AGL measuring device 3.

4. Heading hold

5. Auto/manual trim/throttles

None 6.

7. Couple - External

Couple - auto onboard

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Altitude (AGL/MSL)

2. Heading

Ground speed 3.

Present pilot relief mode status 4.

Certification of new mode selection

Attitude

Pilot fatigue level

8. Pilot workload

Directive instructions 9.

10. Ownship position
11. System performance
12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Analyze tactical situation (5.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- System status 1.
- Weapons inventory 2.
- Ownship aerodynamic capabilities/limits 3.
- Imminence of combat 4.
- Meteorological conditions (present) 5.
- Presence/absence of flight member 6.
- 7. Flight member position
- Anticipated threat
- Fuel state 9.
- 10. Fuel flow
- 11. Combat package
- 12. Bingo fuel
- 13. Tanker availability/position/give
- 14. CV/HVU position
- 15. Station position
- 16. Position of ownforce air defense platforms
 17. Presence of AEW support
 18. Quality of AEW support

- 19. Presence of national asset support20. Quality of national asset support21. Bugout fuel state

- 22. Weapon footprint23. Sensor footprint (individual)
- 24. Threat condition

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Set formation (5.1.5)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY: 4

: 1

ALTERNATIVES:

1. Parade

- 2. Cruise
- 3. Loose cruise
- 4. Combat spread
- 5. Trail
- 6. Box
- 7. Timed sequence
- 8. No formation required

- 1. Cloud cover present/expected
- 2. Visibility present/expected
- 3. Turbulence present/expected
- 4. Capability of flight member (flight member/leader)
- 5. Sensor status
- 6. EMCON status
- 7. Threat condition
- 8. Briefed formation
- 9. Sun/moon angle (elevation)
- 10. Percentage illumination (ambient/artificial)
- 11. Air traffic
- 12. Flight member position

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Determine frequency of visual search (5.1.8)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Threat detection systems status Threat imminence 1.
- 2.
- Threat degree 3.
- Traffic/terrain avoidance 4.
- 5. Meteorological conditions (present)
- Flight member position
 Formation maneuvering requirements

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: **RESPONSE TO THREAT (5.2)** Determine threat degree (5.2.2)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

1. High 2. Medium 3. Low

4. None Unknown

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Threat type/capabilities 1.

2. Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)

3. Threat position

Availability of ownforce support - jamming 4.

5.

Availability of ownforce support - yearning
Availability of ownforce support - weapon
Availability of countermeasures (type and no.)
Capability of available countermeasures against threat 7.

TMDS status 8.

PELTS status

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (5.2)

DECISION:

Determine imminence of threat (5.2.3)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

1. **Engaged** 2. **Immediate**

2

3. Probable

Possible 4.

5. Remote

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Threat type/capabilities 1.

2. Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)

Threat position 3.

4. Ownship position

Threat detection systems status 5.

6. Threat readiness posture

7·. Presence of RF energy radiating along route of flight

Presence of laser energy along route of flight 8.

Automatic threat avoidance system status 9.

10. Auto threat avoidance system selection/disable

11. Threat guidance phase (i.e., terminal, mid-course, etc.)

12. Threat knowledge of ownship presence

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (5.2)

DECISION:

Determine to avoid, suppress, or intercept (5.2.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

2

- 1. Directive instructions
- 2. Weapons inventory
- 3. Threat formation/tactics
- Threat capabilities (airframe/sensors/weapons)
- Effect of avoidance on anti-bomber mission geometry
- Effect of intercept ownforce launch opportunities Availability of self protection jamming
- 7.
- Effectiveness of self protection jamming
- Position of other ownforce anti-air assets 9.
- 10. Threat position
- 11. Bingo fuel
- 12. Bugout fuel state

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (5.3)

DECISION:

Operate sensors (5.3.1)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

Manual operation on all 1.

Automatic operation on all 2.

Combination manual/automatic operation 3.

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

2

Individual sensor mode of operation (auto or manual) 1.

Sensor suite (synergistic) mode of operation (auto or manual)

Individual sensor status 3.

Sensor suite interconnectivity status 4.

Target acquisition alert 5.

TKBS status 6.

Targeting information - ownship generated 7.

Threat information - ownship generated 8.

Sensor footprint (individual) 9.

10. Sensor footprint (suite)

11. Directive instructions

12. Recommended sensor configuration (TKBS)

13. Individual sensor sub-mode selected/available

14. Individual sensor gaze angle (elevation, azimuth)

15. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)

16. Targeting information - externally provided

17. Threat information - externally provided

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: COORDINATED SÉNSOR ACTIVITIES (5.3)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 1

Interpret sensor data/information (5.3.4)

- 1. Target(s) cueing
- 2. Attitude
- 3. Highest threat target(s) priority
- 4. Preplanned target data
- 5. Coincidence of multiple sensor target designation
- 6. Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor designation error
- 7. Ownship position
- 8. Onboard obtained positional information
- 9. Individual sensor status
- 10. Externally provided targeting information
- 11. Directive instructions
- 12. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information
- Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)
- 14. Threat imminence
- 15. Threat degree
- 16. Recommended action(s) to counter threat
- 17. Imminent catastrophic event warning (i.e. ground warning, missile/bullet impact, etc.)
- 18. Target kill
- 19. Stationing compliance
- 20. Inflight mission planning information
- 21. Flight member status
- 22. Externally provided intelligence information
- 23. Spatial orientation imagery
- 24. Spatial orientation graphics
- 25. Confidence level of presented data

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT:

PRELIMINARY RAID ASSESSMENT (5.4)

DECISION:

Perform target acquisition (5.4.2)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

Utilize active sensor(s) only 1.

Utilize passive sensor(s) only 2. Utilize onboard smart weapons 3.

Utilize combination of active and passive sensors

Utilize external source targeting information 5.

Utilize visual scan

Utilize automatic acquisition system

- Directive instructions 1.
- Sensor image prediction 2.
- Actual sensor image 3.
- Perspective view (anticipated) 4.
- Actual perspective view 5.
- 6. Elapsed time/time to go
- Distance to target 7.
- Ownship position 8.
- 9. Target location
- 10. Target cueing (sensor to sensor)
- 11. Sensor footprint (individual)
- 12. Individual sensor status
- 13. Weapons(s) status
- 14. Weapons delivery system status
- 15. Target cueing (sensor/navigation system to eyeball)
- 16. Anticipated target signature
- 17. Source of externally provided targeting information
- 18. Accuracy of externally provided targeting information
- 19. Coincidence of multiple sensor target area localization
- 20. Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor localization error
- 21. Weapon selected
- 22. Weapon mode selected
- 23. Meteorological conditions (present)
- 24. Threat knowledge of ownship presence25. Individual sensor FOV/FOR available/selected
- 26. Individual sensor magnification available/selected
- 27. Individual sensor auto target acquisition available/selected
- 28. Data link status
- 29. System status
- 30. Weapons system master mode
- 31. Navigation system/sensor correlation/error
- 32. Indication of automatic acquisition requirement

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT:

PRELIMINARY RAID ASSESSMENT (5.4)

DECISION:

Perform target identification/classification (5.4.3)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

- 1. Yes - that is my target 2. No - that is not my target
- 3. Delay decision

- Automatic target recognition system decision/confidence level 1.
- NCTR/PNCTR decision/confidence level
- External source verification of initial identification
- PELTS decision/confidence level
- Sensor image prediction
- Actual sensor image
- 7. Target location
- Target shape, signature, albedo
- 19. Expected target shape, signature, albedo for comparison
- 10. Indication of auto target acquisition and NATO identification

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (5.5)

DECISION:

Adjust flight plan, as required (5.5.8)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Elapsed time/time to go
- 2. Fuel state
- 3. Fuel required
- 4. Fuel flow
- 5. Ground speed
- Optimum altitude Ps 6.
- 7. Optimum indicated Mach - Ps
- Present routing
- 9. Optimum routing10. Distance to next waypoint
- 11. Distance to station
- 12. Distance from station to home (total mission distance)
- 13. Time to next waypoint at present ground speed
- 14. Time to next waypoint at altered ground speed
- 15. Fuel to next waypoint at present ground speed and altitude
- 16. Fuel to next waypoint at altered ground speed and altitude
- 17. Time to station at present ground speed
- 18. Time to station at altered ground speed
- 19. Fuel to station at present ground speed and altitude
- 20. Fuel to station at altered ground speed and altitude
- 21. Threat condition
- 22. System performance
- 23. Directive instructions
- 24. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 25. Winds aloft
- 26. Optimum altitude max range
- 27. Optimum Mach max range
- 28. Optimum altitude max endurance
- 29. Optimum Mach max endurance
- 30. Vertical velocity
- 31. Fuel remaining at next waypoint
- 32. Fuel remaining at station
- 33. Fuel remaining upon recovery (as per plan)

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (5.5)

DECISION:

Perform navigation system update (5.5.9)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

1. Visual check acceptable (within tolerance)

System check - accept 2.

3. System check - reject

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

3

- 1. Visual position
- 2. INS position
- 3. GPS position
- TRN position 4.
- 5. X/Y position of given (selected) points
- Computed distance error
- Computed direction of error
- Drift rate (distance/unit of time)
- Sensor selected for update (radar, fly over (human eye), HUD, TACAN, etc.)
- 10. System acceptance of accept/reject decision
- 11. Auto advisory that navigation system is in need of update [i.e., drift rate interlock - or - auto multi-sensor correlation) or is being updated
- 12. Assurance that designated position is same as x,y position (i.e., navigation and sensor both referencing same point)
- 13. External update

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (5.5)

DECISION:

DECISION TYPE: 1

Determine appropriate defensive grid position (5.5.10)

CRITICALITY:

2

- **ALTERNATIVES:**
 - Proceed to position assigned by controlling agency 1.
 - Autonomously fill vacant position IAW doctrine
 - Fill station IAW on-scene direction (non-AEW) 3.
 - 4. Do not proceed to any station - anchor
 - Do not proceed to any station unilateral contact investigation 5.
 - Delay decision

- Ownship position 1.
- Ownship position validity/verification
- Grid reference position VL (x,y,z)
- 4. Threat axis
- 5. Grid reference bearing
- Grid reference distance 6.
- Number of defensive grid positions 7.
- Position of defensive grid positions 8.
- Status of defensive grid positions (filled/vacant) 9.
- 10. Position/assignment of other ownforce members
- 11. Systems performance of other ownforce members
- 12. Ownship position assignment (if any)
- 13. Position of ownforce fighter with lowest fuel state
- 14. Defensive grid area meteorological conditions
- 15. Imminence of engagement
- 16. Directive instructions
- 17. Presence of unidentified contacts
- 18. Combat readiness states of ownforce members
- 19. Optimum routing
- 20. Threat condition
- 21. Time on station
- 22. ROE
- 23. Bingo/bugout plah
- 24. Contrail level
- 25. System status

PHASE:

ASSUME CAP (5.0)

SEGMENT:

COMMUNICATÈ (5.6)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (5.6.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

5

ALTERNATIVES:

- 1. **Total EMCON**
- 2. No EMCON - emissions free 3. Comm tight - sensors free
- Comm free sensors tight

- 1. Briefed plan
- 2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)
- Threat condition
- Radar transmit status 4.
- 5. Voice comm transmit status
- Link transmit status
- Navigation transmit status
- Jammer response status 8.
- CIT response status

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (6.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (6.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft operation and flight (6.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Attitude
- 2. Attitude (AGL/MSL)
- 3. Airspeed
- Heading 4.
- 5. Angle of attack
- 6. Vertical velocity
- 7. Clear of traffic/obstacles
- 8. Engine performance
- 9. Hydraulic status
- 10. Pneumatic status
- 11. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 12. Navigation compliance cues
- 13. Sideslip
- 14. Optimum airspeed
- 15. Optimum vertical velocity
- 16. Optimum heading
- 17. Local barometric pressure
- 18. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 19. Low airspeed cue
- 20. High angle of attack cue
- 21. High yaw rate cue
- 22. Spin recovery response required23. Present G
- 24. Max G

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (6.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (6.1)

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (6.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

- 1. Attitude hold
- Altitude hold-barometric 2.
- 3. Altitude hold - AGL measuring device
- Heading hold 4.
- 5. Auto/manual trim/throttles
- 6. None
- 7. Couple - External
- 8. Couple - auto onboard

- Attitude (AGL/MSL) 1.
- 2. Heading
- 3. Ground speed
- Present pilot relief mode status
- Certification of new mode selection
- 6. Attitude
- 7. Pilot fatigue level
- 8. Pilot workload
- Directive instructions 9.
- 10. Ownship position
- 11. System performance
- 12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (6.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (6.1)

DECISION:

Analyze tactical situation (6.1.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. System status
- 2. Weapons inventory
- 3. Ownship aerodynamic capabilities/limits
- Threat imminence 4.
- 5. Meteorological conditions (present)
- 6. Flight member position
- 7. Anticipated threat
- Threat position 8.
- Threat heading 9.
- 10. Threat speed
- 11. Fuel state
- 12. Fuel flow
- 13. Combat package
- 14. Bingo fuel
- 15. Tanker availability/position/give
- 16. CV/HVU position
- 17. Station position
- 18. Position of ownforce air defense platforms
- 19. Presence of AEW support
- 20. Quality of AEW support
- 21. Presence of national asset support
- 22. Quality of national asset support23. Bugout fuel state

- 24. Weapon footprint25. Weapons footprint threat
- 26. Sensor footprint (individual)
- 27. Sensor footprint threat

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (6.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (6.1)

DECISION:

Determine frequency of visual search (6.1.9)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 2

- Threat detection systems status Threat imminence 1.
- 2.
- 3. Threat degree
- 4.
- Traffic/terrain avoidance Meteorological conditions (present) 5.
- 6.
- Flight member position
 Formation maneuvering requirements 7.
- Position of wingman

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (6.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (6.2)
Determine threat degree (6.2.2)

DECISION: DECISION TYPE: I

Determine threat degree (6.2.2

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

High
 Medium

3. Low 4. None 5. Unknown

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Threat type/capabilities

2. Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)

3. Threat position

4. Availability of ownforce support - jamming

5. Availability of ownforce support - weapon

6. Availability of countermeasures (type and no.)

7. Capability of available countermeasures against threat

8. TMDS status

9. PELTS status

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (6.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (6.2)

DECISION:

Determine imminence of threat (6.2.3)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: 2

ALTERNATIVES:

- Engaged Immediate 2.
- Probable 3.
- Possible 4.
- Remote

- 1. Threat type/capabilities
- Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)
- 3. Threat position
- Ownship position
- Threat detection systems status
- Threat readiness posture
- Presence of RF energy radiating along route of flight
- Presence of laser energy along route of flight
- Automatic threat avoidance system status
- 10. Auto threat avoidance system selection/disable
- 11. Threat guidance phase (i.e., terminal, mid-course, etc.)
- 12. Threat knowledge of ownship presence

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (6.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (6.2)

DECISION:

Determine to avoid, suppress, or intercept (6.2.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Directive instructions
- 2. Weapons inventory
- Threat formation/tactics 3.
- Threat capabilities (airframe/sensors/weapons) 4.
- Effect of avoidance on anti-bomber mission geometry 5.
- Effect of intercept ownforce launch opportunities
- 7. Availability of self protection jamming
- 8.
- Effectiveness of self protection jamming Position of other ownforce anti-air assets
- 10. Threat position
- 11. Bingo fuel
- 12. Bugout fuel state

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (6.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (6.3)

DECISION:

Operate sensors (6.3.1)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY: 2

1

- CRITICALITY: 2 ALTERNATIVES:
 - 1. Manual operation on all
 - 2. Automatic operation on all
 - 3. Combination manual/automatic operation

- 1. Individual sensor mode of operation (auto or manual)
- 2. Sensor suite (synergistic) mode of operation (auto or manual)
- 3. Individual sensor status
- 4. Sensor suite interconnectivity status
- 5. Target acquisition alert
- 6. TKBS status
- 7. Targeting information ownship generated
- 8. Threat information ownship generated
- 9. Sensor footprint (individual)
- 10. Sensor footprint (suite)
- 11. Directive instructions
- 12. Recommended sensor configuration (TKBS)
- 13. Individual sensor sub-mode selected/available
- 14. Individual sensor gaze angle (elevation, azimuth)
- 15. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)
- 16. Targeting information externally provided
- 17. Threat information externally provided

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (6.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (6.3) Interpret sensor data/information (6.3.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Target(s) cueing 1.
- 2. Attitude
- Highest threat target(s) priority 3.
- 4. Preplanned target data
- Coincidence of multiple sensor target designation 5.
- Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor designation error
- Ownship position 7.
- Onboard obtained positional information 8.
- Individual sensor status 9.
- 10. Externally provided targeting information
- 11. Directive instructions
- 12. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information
- 13. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)
- 14. Threat imminence15. Threat degree
- 16. Recommended action(s) to counter threat
- 17. Imminent catastrophic event warning (i.e. ground warning, missile/bullet impact, etc.)
- 18. Target kill
- 19. Stationing compliance
- 20. Inflight mission planning information
- 21. Flight member status
- 22. Externally provided intelligence information
- 23. Spatial orientation imagery
- 24. Spatial orientation graphics
- 25. Confidence level of presented data

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (6.0)

SEGMENT:

RAID ASSESSMENT (SORTING) (6.4)

DECISION:

Assess raid (6.4.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 1

1

- 1. Position of raid
- 2. Ownship position
- 3. Position of defended unit
- 4. Sensor status
- 5. Sensor sensitivity
- 6. Type of ECM employed by threat
- 7. Sensor determined raid count ownship/confidence level
- 8. Sensor determined raid track
- 0. Sensor correlation of raid track ownship
- 10. Sensor correlation of raid track external/confidence level
- 11. Threat raid doctrine
- 12. Threat weapon footprint

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (6.0)

SEGMENT:

RAID ASSESSMENT (6.4)

DECISION:

Determine target assignments (6.4.5)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 3

- 1. Ownship status weapons
- 2. Ownship status systems
- 3. Ownship status sensors
- 4. Flight member weapons
- 5. Flight member systems
- 6. Flight member sensors
- 7. Position of raid
- 8. Optimum attack geometry
- 9. Pre-briefed doctrine
- 10. Ownship weapon footprint
- 11. Flight member weapon footprint
- 12. Ownship capability to engage (Rseek/max)
- 13. Flight member weapon capability to engage (Rseek/max)
- 14. Threat WRL
- 15. Fuel state
- 16. Flight member fuel status
- 17. Threat time-to-WRL

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (6.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: RAID ASSESSMENT (SORTING) (6.4) Determine preliminary targeting (6.4.6)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

1. Sort by range Sort by attitude 2. 3. Sort by left/right

4. Sort according to weapons remaining

5. Sort by V_C

Sort by threat capability

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

3

- Number of threat aircraft in raid
- Identification of threat platforms in raid
- 3. Raid formation
- 4. Status of sensors - ownship
- 5. Status of sensors - flight member
- Status of weapons systems ownship
- 7. Status of weapons systems - flight member
- 8. Weapons inventory
- 9. Weapons inventory - flight member
- 10. Position of aircraft being tracked by flight member
- 11. Flight member position
- 12. Relative position of other ownforce aircraft
- 13. Directive instructions
- 14. Threat speed
- 15. Rate of closure
- 16. Threat type identification
- 17. Real time range capability of threat weapons
- 18. Threat condition
- 19. Weapon employment restriction(s) in effect (i.e. hold, tight, free)

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (6.0)

SEGMENT:

RAID ASSESSMENT (6.4)

DECISION:

Determine dynamic geometry maneuvers required (6.4.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Ownship position
- Flight member position 2.
- Weapons inventory 3.
- Weapons inventory flight member
- WCS status ownship
- WCS status flight member 6.
- Fuel state 7.
- Fuel state flight member 8.
- CV/HVU position
- 10. Weapons footprint ownship [by weapon]
- 11. Weapons footprint flight member [by weapon]
- 12. Sensor footprint (individual)
- 13. Sensor footprint flight member
- 14. Threat platform type
- 15. Threat platform count
- 16. Threat possible weapon footprint
- 17. Threat formation
- 18. Threat position
- 19. Time to threat entry into weapon footprint ownship
- 20. Time to CV/HVU entry into weapon footprint threat
- 21. Weapon selected
- 22. Optimum intercept course to selected target(s)
- 23. Optimum intercept course to raid centroid
- 24. Airspeed
- 25. Angle of attack
- 26. Heading
- 27. Threat speed
- 28. Threat heading
- 29. TKBS designated threat platform engagement priority sequence
- 30. TKBS designated optimum ownship attack profile to maximize raid attrition

PHASE: SEGMENT: INTERCEPT (6.0) NAVIGATE (6.5)

DECISION:

Adjust flight plan, as required (6.5.5)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

3

- 1. Elapsed time/time to go
- 2. Fuel state
- 3. Fuel required
- 4. Fuel flow
- 5. Ground speed
- 6. Optimum altitude Ps
- 7. Optimum indicated Mach Ps
- 8. Present routing
- Optimum routing
- 10. Distance to next waypoint
- 11. Distance to station
- 12. Distance from station to home (total mission distance)
- 13. Time to next waypoint at present ground speed
- 14. Time to next waypoint at altered ground speed
- 15. Fuel to next waypoint at present ground speed and altitude
- 16. Fuel to next waypoint at altered ground speed and altitude
- 17. Time to station at present ground speed18. Time to station at altered ground speed
- 19. Fuel to station at present ground speed and altitude
- 20. Fuel to station at altered ground speed and altitude
- 21. Threat condition
- 22. System performance
- 23. Directive instructions
- 24. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 25. Winds aloft
- 26. Optimum altitude max range
- 27. Optimum Mach max range
- 28. Optimum altitude max endurance
- 29. Optimum Mach max endurance
- 30. Vertical velocity
- 31. Fuel remaining at next waypoint
- 32. Fuel remaining at station
- 33. Fuel remaining upon recovery (as per plan)

PHASE: SEGMENT: INTERCEPT (6.0) COMMUNICATE (6.6)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (6.6.4)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY: 5

5

ALTERNATIVES:

Total EMCON 1.

No EMCON - emissions free 2. Comm tight - sensors free 3. Commifree - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Briefed plan 1.

2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

Radar transmit status 4.

5. Voice comm transmit status

Link transmit status 6.

Navigation transmit status 7.

Jammer response status 8.

CIT response status

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft operation and flight (7.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Attitude
- 2. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- Airspeed 3.
- 4. Heading
- 5. Angle of attack
- Vertical velocity 6.
- 7. Clear of traffic/obstacles
- Engine performance 8.
- Hydraulic status
 Pneumatic status
- 11. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 12. Navigation compliance cues
- 13. Sideslip
- 14. Optimum airspeed
- 15. Optimum vertical velocity
- 16. Optimum heading
- 17. Local barometric pressure
- 18. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 19. Low airspeed cue
- 20. High angle of attack cue
- 21. High yaw rate cue
- 22. Spin recovery response required
- 23. Present G
- 24. Max G

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (7.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

Attitude hold

Altitude hold-barometric 2.

Attitude hold - AGL measuring device 3.

4. Heading hold

Auto/manual trim/throttles 5.

6. None

7. Couple - External

8. Couple - auto onboard

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Altitude (AGL/MSL) 1.

Heading 2.

Ground speed 3.

Present pilot relief mode status 4.

5. Certification of new mode selection

Attitude 6.

Pilot fatigue level Pilot workload 7.

8.

Directive instructions 9.

10. Ownship position

11. System performance

12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

DECISION:

Analyze tactical situation (7.1.5)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. System status
- Weapons inventory
- Ownship aerodynamic capabilities/limits
- Threat imminence 4.
- 5. Threat degree
- 6. Meteorological conditions (present)
- 7. Presence/absence of flight member
- Flight member position
- 9. Anticipated threat
- 10. Fuel state
- 11. Fuel flow
- 12. Combat package13. Bingo fuel
- 14. Tanker availability/position/give15. CV/HVU position

- 16. Station position17. Position of ownforce air defense platforms
- 18. Presence of AEW support
- 19. Quality of AEW support
- 20. Bugout fuel state
- 21. Weapon footprint
- 22. Sensor footprint (individual)23. Threat position

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0) AVIATE (7.1)

SEGMENT: **DECISION:**

Determine frequency of visual search (7.1.7)

DECISION TYPE: II

CRITICALITY:

- Threat detection systems status Threat imminence 1.
- 2.
- 3. Threat degree
- Traffic/terrain avoidance 4.
- 5. Meteorological conditions (present)
- 6.
- Flight member position
 Formation maneuvering requirements 7.
- Position of wingman

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

DECISION:

Analyze disengagement criteria (7.1.8)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 3

11 3

- 1. Bingo fuel
- 2. Bugout fuel state
- 3. Bugout heading
- 4. Present fuel
- 5. Ownship position
- 6. Tactical viability of continued engagement
- 7. Flight member position
- 8. Flight member's posture (offensive/defensive)
- 9. Flight member fuel status
- 10. Weapons inventory
- 11. Weapons inventory flight member
- 12. Energy state ownship
- 13. Energy state flight member
- 14. System status
- 15. Number of threat aircraft in raid
- 16. Relative position of high value targets
- 17. Effects of delayed disengagement on prosecution of high value targets
- 18. Position of other high value threat platforms

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: **RESPONSE TO THREAT (7.2)** Determine threat degree (7.2.3)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

1

1. High Medium 2. 3. Low None 4. 5. Unknown

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Threat type/capabilities 1.

2. Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)

Threat position 3.

Availability of ownforce support - jamming 4. 5.

6.

Availability of ownforce support - yearning
Availability of ownforce support - weapon
Availability of countermeasures (type and no.)
Capability of available countermeasures against threat 7.

8. TMDS status

PELTS status 9.

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (7.2)

DECISION:

Determine imminence of threat (7.2.4)

DECISION TYPE: 1

CRITICALITY: 2 **ALTERNATIVES:**

- 1. Engaged
- Immediate 2.
- 3. Probable
- Possible 4.
- Remote

- 1. Threat type/capabilities
- 2. Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)
- 3. Threat position
- 4. Ownship position
- 5. Threat detection systems status
- 6. Threat readiness posture
- 7. Topography along route of flight
- 8. Presence of RF energy radiating along route of flight
- Presence of laser energy along route of flight 9.
- 10. Automatic threat avoidance system status
- 11. Auto threat avoidance system selection/disable
- 12. Threat guidance phase (i.e., terminal, mid-course, etc.)13. Threat knowledge of ownship presence

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (7.2)

DECISION:

Determine to avoid or suppress (7.2.5)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

2

- Directive instructions 1.
- Weapons inventory 2.
- 3. Threat formation/tactics
- Threat capabilities (airframe/sensors/weapons) 4.
- Effect of avoidance on anti-bomber mission geometry
- Effect of intercept ownforce launch opportunities
- Availability of self protection jamming 7.
- Effectiveness of self protection jamming
- Position of other ownforce anti-air assets 9.
- 10. Threat position
- 11. Bingo fuel
- 12. Bugout fuel state

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (7.3)

DECISION:

Operate sensors (7.3.1)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

2 **ALTERNATIVES:**

- 1. Manual operation on all 2. Automatic operation on all
- Combination manual/automatic operation 3.

- 1. Individual sensor mode of operation (auto or manual)
- 2. Sensor suite (synergistic) mode of operation (auto or manual)
- Individual sensor status 3.
- 4. Sensor suite interconnectivity status
- 5. Target acquisition alert
- TKBS status
- Targeting information ownship generated
- Threat information ownship generated
- Sensor footprint (individual)
- 10. Sensor footprint (suite)
- 11. Directive instructions
- 12. Recommended sensor configuration (TKBS)
- 13. Individual sensor sub-mode selected/available
- 14. Individual sensor gaze angle (elevation, azimuth)
- 15. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats. targets, etc.)
- 16. Targeting information externally provided
- 17. Threat information externally provided

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (7.3)

DECISION: In DECISION TYPE: II

Interpret sensor data/information (7.3.4)

CRITICALITY:

1

- 1. Target(s) cueing
- 2. Attitude
- 3. Highest threat target(s) priority
- 4. Preplanned target data
- 5. Coincidence of multiple sensor target designation
- 6. Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor designation error
- 7. Ownship position
- 8. Onboard obtained positional information
- 9. Individual sensor status
- 10. Externally provided targeting information
- 11. Directive instructions
- 12. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information
- 13. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)
- 14. Threat imminence
- 15. Threat degree
- 16. Recommended action(s) to counter threat
- Imminent catastrophic event warning (i.e. ground warning, missile/bullet impact, etc.)
- 18. Target attrition
- 19. Stationing compliance
- 20. Inflight mission planning information
- 21. Flight member status
- 22. Externally provided intelligence information
- 23. Spatial orientation imagery
- 24. Spatial orientation graphics
- 25. Confidence level of presented data

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

FINAL TARGÉTING (7.4)

DECISION:

Determine dynamic geometry maneuvers required (7.4.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Ownship position 1.
- Flight member position 2.
- 3. Weapons inventory
- Weapons inventory flight member
- 5. WCS status - ownship
- 6. WCS status flight member
- 7. Fuel state
- 8. Fuel state flight member
- CV/HVU position 9.
- 10. Weapons footprint ownship [by weapon]
- 11. Weapons footprint flight member [by weapon]
- 12. Sensor footprint (individual)
- 13. Sensor footprint flight member
- 14. Threat platform type
- 15. Threat platform count
- 16. Threat possible weapon footprint
- 17. Threat formation
- 18. Threat position
- 19. Time to threat entry into weapon footprint ownship
- 20. Time to CV/HVU entry into weapon footprint threat
- 21. Weapon selected
- 22. Optimum intercept course to selected target(s)
- 23. Optimum intercept course to raid centroid
- 24. Airspeed
- 25. Angle of attack
- 26. Heading

- 27. Threat speed
 28. Threat heading
 29. TKBS designated threat platform engagement priority sequence
 30. TKBS designated optimum ownship attack profile to maximize raid attrition

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

FINAL TARGÉTING (7.4)

DECISION: S
DECISION TYPE: I

Select weaponry (7.4.4)

CRITICALITY:
ALTERNATIVES:

1. Choose AAAM

2. Choose AMRAAM

3. Choose ASRAAM

4. Choose guns

5. Choose automatic selection

6. Choose other (i.e. laser)

- 1. Range to target
- 2. Target bearing
- 3. Target altitude
- 4. Target closure
- 5. Target speed
- 5. Target track crossing angle
- 6. Target track crossing rate
- 7. Target aspect angle
- 8. Target RCS
- 9. Target IR signature
- 10. Target RF emissions
- 11. Target ECM
- 12. Weapons inventory
- 13. Weapon status
- 14. Weapon's PK against target

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION:

WEAPON DELIVERY (7.5)

DECISION TYPE: I

Commit weapon (7.5.2)

CRITICALITY: 2 **ALTERNATIVES:**

- 1. Automatic execution
- Manual execution at maximum range computer solution
- Manual execution at minimum range computer solution
- Manual execution at heart of envelope computer solution
- Manual execution at preplanned point manual solution

- 1. Delivery mode selected
- Flight path to release point
- Precise instant for manual release (shoot cue)
- Execution accomplishment indication
- Munition time of flight
- Weapon time of flight count down (to weapon onboard guidance handoff)
- 7. Automatic mode weapons delivery solution indication (cueing)
- CCIP/CCRP mode weapons delivery solution indication (cueing)
- 9. Slant range
- 10. Target altitude
- 11. Winds at target
- 12. Horizontal range
- 13. Altitude (AGL/MSL)14. True airspeed
- 15. Attitude
- 16. Flight path
- 17. Standby (to release) cue18. Terminate attack cue
- 18. G-loading
- 19. Angle of attack
- 20. Threat imminence
- 21. Threat degree
- 22. Directive instructions
- 23. Threat knowledge of ownship presence
- 24. Automatic target attack system engagement indication
- 25. Target heading
- 26. Target speed
- 27. Target aspect angle

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION:

DAMAGE ASSESSMENT (7.6) Determine target damage (7.6.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Sensor derived target return presence/absence
 Loss of / change in target RF emission
 Loss of / change in target IR emission
 Target position (x,y,z) last detection 1.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5. Target position (x,y,z) - extrapolated for current time
- Target heading 6.
- 7. Target speed
- Sensor footprint (individual)

PHASE:

SEGMENT: DECISION:

ATTACK (7.0) DAMAGE ASSESSMENT (7.6) Assess re-attack options (7.6.2)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- Target position
 Target heading
 Target speed
 Target RF emissions 4.
- Ownship big picture relationships (other threat ASM platforms, other threat escort, friendly forces, etc.)
- 6. Weapons inventory
- 7. Fuel state
- **Fuel flow** 8.
- Bugout fuel state
- Bugout fuel state
 Bingo fuel state
- 11. Target priorities12. Directive instructions

PHASE: SEGMENT:

ATTACK (7.0) NAVIGATE (7.7)

DECISION:

Adjust flight plan, as required (7.7.5)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Elapsed time/time to go
- 2. Fuel state
- Fuel required 3.
- 4. Fuel flow
- 5. Ground speed
- Optimum altitude Ps 6.
- Optimum indicated Mach Ps 7.
- 8. Present routing
- 9. Optimum routing
- 10. Distance to next waypoint
- 11. Distance to station
- 12. Distance from station to home (total mission distance)
- 13. Time to next waypoint at present ground speed
- 14. Time to next waypoint at altered ground speed
- 15. Fuel to next waypoint at present ground speed and attitude
- 16. Fuel to next waypoint at altered ground speed and altitude
- 17. Time to station at present ground speed
- 18. Time to station at altered ground speed
- 19. Fuel to station at present ground speed and altitude
- 20. Fuel to station at altered ground speed and altitude
- 21. Threat condition
- 22. System performance23. Directive instructions
- 24. Time of day (local/zulu)25. Winds aloft
- 26. Optimum altitude max range
- 27. Optimum Mach max range
- 28. Optimum altitude max endurance
- 29. Optimum Mach max endurance
- 30. Vertical velocity
- 31. Fuel remaining at next waypoint
- 32. Fuel remaining at station
- 33. Fuel remaining upon recovery (as per plan)

PHASE:

ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: COMMUNICATE (7.8) Set EMCON (7.8.4)

DECISION TYPE:

CRITICALITY: 5
ALTERNATIVES:

1. Total EMCON

No EMCON - Emissions free
 Comm tight - sensors free

4. Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Briefed plan

2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

4. Radar transmit status

5. Voice comm transmit status

6. Link transmit status

7. Navigation transmit status

8. Radar transmit status

9. Jammer response status

10. CIT response status

11. Laser activity status

PHASE:

RETURN TO CAP (8.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (8.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft operation and flight (8.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 1

- Attitude 1.
- 2. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- Airspeed 3.
- 4. Heading
- 5. Angle of attack
- 6. Vertical velocity
- Clear of traffic/obstacles 7.
- Engine performance 8.
- Hydraulic status 9.
- 10. Pneumatic status
- 11. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 12. Navigation compliance cues
- 13. Sideslip
- 14. Optimum airspeed
- 15. Optimum vertical velocity

- 16. Optimum heading17. Local barometric pressure18. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 19. Low airspeed cue
- 20. High angle of attack cue

PHASE:

RETURN TO CAP (8.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (8.1)

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (8.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

> Attitude hold 1.

Altitude hold-barometric 2.

Altitude hold-AGL measuring device 3.

4. Heading hold 5. Auto trim

6. Manual trim

7. Auto throttles

Manual throttles 8.

9. None

10. Couple - External

11. Couple - auto onboard

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Altitude (AGL/MSL) 1.

2. Heading

Ground speed 3.

Present pilot relief mode status 4.

5. Certification of new mode selection

6. **Attitude**

7. Pilot fatigue level

Pilot workload

Directive instructions

10. Ownship position

11. System performance

12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

RETURN TO CAP (8.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (8.1)

DECISION:

Set formation (8.1.5)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: 5 **ALTERNATIVES:**

1. Parade

Cruise 2.

Loose cruise 3.

4. Combat spread

5. Trail

6. Box

7. Timed sequence

No formation required 8.

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1.

2.

3.

Cloud cover – present/expected
Visibility – present/expected
Turbulence – present/expected
Capability of flight member (flight member/leader) 4.

Sensor status 5.

6. **EMCON status**

7. Threat condition

Briefed formation 8.

9. Sun/moon angle (elevation)

10. Percentage illumination (ambient/artificial)

11. Air traffic

12. Flight member position

PHASE:

RETURN TO CAP (8.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (8.1)

DECISION:

Analyze tactical situation (8.1.6)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 3

- 1. System status
- 2. Weapons inventory
- 3. Ownship aerodynamic capabilities/limits
- 4. Imminence of combat
- 5. Meteorological conditions (present)
- 6. Presence/absence of flight member
- 7. Flight member position
- 8. Anticipated threat
- 9. Fuel state
- 10. Fuel flow
- 11. Combat package
- 12. Bingo fuel state
- 13. Bugout fuel state
- 14. Tanker availability/position/give
- 15. CV/HVU position
- 16. Station position
- 17. Position of ownforce air defense platforms
- 18. Presence of AEW support
- 19. Quality of AEW support
- 20. Weapon footprint
- 21. Sensor footprint (individual)

PHASE:

RETURN TO CAP (8.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (8.1)

DECISION:

Determine frequency of visual search (8.1.8)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Threat detection systems status 1.
- Threat imminence 2.
- Threat degree 3.
- Traffic/terrain avoidance 4.
- 5. Meteorological conditions (present)
- Flight member position
- Formation maneuvering requirements
 Position of wingman 7.

PHASE:

RETURN TO CAP (8.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: **RESPONSE TO THREAT (8.2)** Determine threat degree (8.2.2)

DECISION TYPE: 1

CRITICALITY: 1

ALTERNATIVES:

- 1. High 2. Medium
- 3. Low
- 4. None
- 5. Unknown

- Threat type/capabilities 1.
- Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne) 2.
- 3. Threat position
- 4.
- 5.
- Availability of ownforce support jamming Availability of ownforce support weapon Availability of countermeasures (type and no.)
- 7. Capability of available countermeasures against threat
- 8. TMDS status
- **PELTS** status

PHASE:

RETURN TO CAP (8.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (8.2)

DECISION:

Determine imminence of threat (8.2.3)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

1. Engaged 2. **Immediate**

Probable 3.

Possible 4.

5. Remote

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Threat type/capabilities 1.

2. Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)

Threat position 3.

Ownship position 4.

Threat detection systems status 5.

Threat readiness posture 6.

Presence of RF energy radiating along route of flight

Presence of laser energy along route of flight 8.

9. Automatic threat avoidance system status
10. Auto threat avoidance system selection/disable
11. Threat guidance phase (i.e., terminal, mid-course, etc.)

PHASE:

RETURN TO CAP (8.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (8.2)

DECISION:

Determine to avoid, suppress, or intercept (8.2.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

2

- 1. Directive instructions
- Weapons inventory
- 3. Threat formation/tactics
- Threat capabilities (airframe/sensors/weapons)
- Effect of avoidance on anti-bomber mission geometry
- Effect of intercept ownforce launch opportunities
- 7.
- Availability of self protection jamming
 Effectiveness of self protection jamming
 Position of other ownforce anti-air assets 9.
- 10. Threat position
- 11. Fuel state
- 12. Fuel flow
- 13. Bingo fuel
- 14. Bugout fuel state
- 15. Ownship battle damage (presence/extent)

PHASE:

RETURN TO CAP (8.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATE SENSOR ACTIVITIES (8.3)

DECISION:

Operate sensors (8.3.1)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

2

- Manual operation on all 1.
- Automatic operation on all 2.
- 3. Combination manual/automatic operation

- Individual sensor mode of operation (auto or manual) 1.
- Sensor suite (synergistic) mode of operation (auto or manual)
- Individual sensor status 3.
- Sensor suite interconnectivity status
- Target acquisition alert 5.
- TKBS status
- Targeting information ownship generated 7.
- Threat information ownship generated
- Sensor footprint (individual)
- 10. Sensor footprint (suite)
- 11. Directive instructions
- 12. Recommended sensor configuration (TKBS)
- 13. Individual sensor sub-mode selected/available
- 14. Individual sensor gaze angle (elevation, azimuth)
- 15. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)
- 16. Targeting information externally provided
- 17. Threat information externally provided

PHASE:

RETURN TO CAP (8.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATE SENSOR ACTIVITIES (8.3)

DECISION:

Interpret sensor data/information (8.3.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

1

- 1. Target(s) cueing
- 2. **Attitude**
- 3. Highest threat target(s) - priority
- Preplanned target data 4.
- Coincidence of multiple sensor target designation 5.
- Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor designation error 6.
- 7. Ownship position
- Onboard obtained positional information 8.
- Individual sensor status
- 10. Externally provided targeting information
- 11. Directive instructions
- 12. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information
- 13. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)
- 14. Threat imminence
- 15. Threat degree
- 16. Recommended action(s) to counter threat
- 17. Imminent catastrophic event warning (i.e. ground warning, missile/bullet impact, etc.)
- 18. Target attrition
- 19. Stationing compliance
- 20. Inflight mission planning information
- 21. Flight member status
- 22. Externally provided intelligence information
- 23. Spatial orientation imagery
- 24. Spatial orientation graphics
- 25. Confidence level of presented data

PHASE:

RETURN TO CAP (8.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (8.4)

DECISION:

Adjust flight plan, as required (8.4.8)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Elapsed time/time to go
- 2. Fuel state
- 3. Fuel required
- 4. Fuel flow
- 5. Ground speed
- 6. Optimum altitude - Ps
- Optimum indicated Mach Ps.
- 8. Present routing
- Optimum routing 9.
- 10. Distance to next waypoint
- 11. Distance to station
- 12. Distance from station to home (total mission distance)
- 13. Time to next waypoint at present ground speed14. Time to next waypoint at altered ground speed
- 15. Fuel to next waypoint at present ground speed and altitude
- 16. Fuel to next waypoint at altered ground speed and altitude
- 17. Time to station at present ground speed
- 18. Time to station at altered ground speed
- 19. Fuel to station at present ground speed and altitude
- 20. Fuel to station at altered ground speed and altitude
- 21. Threat condition
- 22. System performance
- 23. Directive instructions
- 24. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 25. Winds aloft
- 26. Optimum altitude max range
- 27. Optimum Mach max range
- 28. Optimum altitude max endurance
- 29. Optimum Mach max endurance
- 30. Vertical velocity
- 31. Fuel remaining at next waypoint
- 32. Fuel remaining at station
- 33. Fuel remaining upon recovery (as per plan)

PHASE:

RETURN TO CAP (8.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (8.4)

DECISION:

Perform navigation system update (8.4.9)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

5

ALTERNATIVES:

- 1. Visual check acceptable (within tolerance)
- 2. System check - accept
- 3. System check - reject

- 1. Visual position
- 2. INS position
- GPS position 3.
- 4. TRN position
- 5. X/Y position of given (selected) points
- 6. Computed distance error
- 7. Computed direction of error
- 8. Drift rate (distance/unit of time)
- Sensor selected for update (radar, fly over (human eye), HUD,
- 10. System acceptance of accept/reject decision
- 11. Auto advisory that navigation system is in need of update [i.e., drift rate interlock - or - auto multi-sensor correlation] or is being updated
- 12. Assurance that designated position is same as x,y position (i.e., navigation and sensor both referencing same point)
- 13. External update

PHASE:

RETURN TO CAP (8.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (8.4)

DECISION:

Determine defensive grid position (8.4.10)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY: 2
ALTERNATIVES:

2

- Proceed to position assigned by controlling agency
 Autonomously fill vacant position IAW doctrine
- Autonomously fill vacant position IAW doctrine
 Fill station IAW on-scene direction (non-AEW)
- 4. Do not proceed to any station anchor
- 5. Do not proceed to any station unilateral contact investigation
- 6. Delay decision

- 1. Ownship position
- 2. Ownship position validity/verification
- 3. Grid reference position VL (x,y,z)
- 4. Threat axis
- Grid reference bearing
- 6. Grid reference distance
- 7. Number of defensive grid positions
- 8. Position of defensive grid positions
- 9. Status of defensive grid positions (filled/vacant)
- 10. Position/assignment of other ownforce members
- 11. Systems performance of other ownforce members
- 12. Ownship position assignment (if any)
- 13. Position of ownforce fighter with lowest fuel state
- 14. Defensive grid area meteorological conditions
- 15. Imminence of engagement
- 16. Directive instructions
- 17. Presence of unknown contacts
- 18. Combat readiness states of ownforce members
- 19. Optimum routing
- 20. Threat condition
- 21. Time on station
- 22. ROE
- 23. Bingo/bugout plan
- 24. Contrail level
- 25. System status

PHASE: SEGMENT: RETURN TO CAP (8.0) COMMUNICATE (8.5)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (8.5.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

> 1. **Total EMCON**

No EMCON - emissions free 2. 3. Comm tight - sensors free Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

5

1. Briefed plan

Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

4. Radar transmit status

5. Voice comm transmit status

Link transmit status 6.

7. Navigation transmit status

Jammer response status

CIT response status

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (9.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (9.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft operation and flight (9.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 1

- 1. Attitude
- 2. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- 3. Airspeed
- 4. Heading
- 5. Angle of attack
- 6. Vertical velocity
- 7. Clear of traffic/obstacles
- 8. Engine performance
- 9. Hydraulic status
- 10. Pneumatic status
- 11. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 12. Navigation compliance cues
- 13. Sideslip
- 14. Optimum airspeed
- 15. Optimum vertical velocity
- 16. Optimum heading
- 17. Local barometric pressure
- 18. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 19. Low airspeed cue
- 20. High angle of attack cue

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (9.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (9.1)

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (9.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

- **ALTERNATIVES:** 1. Attitude hold
 - 2. Altitude hold-barometric
 - 3. Altitude hold-AGL measuring device
 - Heading hold 4.
 - 5. Auto/manual trim/throttles
 - None
 - 7. Couple - External
 - Couple auto onboard

- Altitude (AGL/MSL) 1.
- 2. Heading
- Ground speed 3.
- 4. Present pilot relief mode status
- Certification of new mode selection 5.
- Attitude
- Pilot fatigue level Pilot workload
- 8.
- Directive instructions 9.

- 10. Ownship position11. System performance12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (9.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (9.1)

DECISION:

Set formation (9.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

5

- **ALTERNATIVES:** 1.
 - 2. Cruise
 - 3. Loose cruise Combat spread

Parade

- 5. Trail
- 6. Box
- 7. Timed sequence
- No formation required

- Cloud cover present/expected 1.
- 2. Visibility - present/expected
- Turbulence present/expected 3.
- Capability of flight member (flight member/leader) 4.
- Sensor status
- 6. **EMCON status**
- 7. Threat condition
- 8. **Briefed formation**
- Sun/moon angle (elevation)
- 10. Percentage illumination (ambient/artificial)
- 11. Air traffic
- 12. Flight member position

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (9.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (9.1)

DECISION:

Determine frequency of visual search (9.1.6)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Threat detection systems status
- 2. Threat imminence
- 3. Threat degree
- 4.

- Traffic/terrain avoidance
 Meteorological conditions (present)
 Flight member position
 Formation maneuvering requirements 7.
- Position of wingman

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (9.0)

SEGMENT:

RENDEZVOUS (9.3)

DECISION:

DECISION TYPE: II

Determine/control closure (9.3.2)

CRITICALITY:

3

- Desired rate of closure 1.
- Rate of closure 2.
- Distance between flight members 3.
- Disengagement opportunities/options 4.
- 5. Joiner's indicated airspeed
- Leader's indicated airspeed 6.
- Sideslip 7.
- Speedbrake/lift degradation device position 8.
- Power setting
- 10. Flight member position

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (9.0) RENDEZVOUS (9.3)

SEGMENT:

DECISION:

Determine/control bearing (9.3.3)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Desired bearing line – constant
 Desired bearing line – curvilinear
 Actual bearing from leader
 Leader's rate of turn

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (9.0) RENDEZVOUS (9.3)

SEGMENT:

DECISION:

Determine/control altitude (9.3.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS: Leader's altitude 1.

Desired ownship altitude 2.

3. Altitude (AGL/MSL)

Vertical velocity change(s) 4.

Position of horizon 5.

Engine thrust available

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (9.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (9.4)

DECISION:

Adjust flight plan, as required (9.4.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Elapsed time/time to go
- 2. Fuel state
- 3. Fuel required
- 4. Fuel flow
- 5. Ground speed
- Optimum altitude Ps
- 7. Optimum indicated Mach - Ps
- 8. Present routing
- Optimum routing
- 10. Distance to next waypoint
- 11. Distance to station
- 12. Distance from station to home (total mission distance)
- 13. Time to next waypoint at present ground speed14. Time to next waypoint at altered ground speed
- 15. Fuel to next waypoint at present ground speed and altitude
- 16. Fuel to next waypoint at altered ground speed and altitude
- 17. Time to station at present ground speed18. Time to station at altered ground speed
- 19. Fuel to station at present ground speed and altitude
- 20. Fuel to station at altered ground speed and altitude
- 21. Threat condition
- 22. System performance
- 23. Directive instructions
- 24. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 25. Winds aloft
- 26. Optimum altitude max range
- 27. Optimum Mach max range
- 28. Optimum altitude max endurance
- 29. Optimum Mach max endurance
- 30. Vertical velocity
- 31. Fuel remaining at next waypoint
- 32. Fuel remaining at station
- 33. Fuel remaining upon recovery (as per plan)

PHASE: SEGMENT: RETURN TO FORCE (9.0) COMMUNICATE (9.5)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (9.5.5)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: 5 ALTERNATIVES:

1. Total EMCON

No EMCON - emissions free
 Comm tight - sensors free
 Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Briefed plan

2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

4. Radar transmit status

5. Voice comm transmit status

6. Link transmit status

7. Navigation transmit status

8. Jammer response status

9. CIT response status

PHASE:

RECOVERY (10.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (10.1)

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (10.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

1. Attitude hold

2. Altitude hold-barometric

Altitude hold-AGL measuring device 3.

Heading hold 4.

5. Auto trim

6. Manual trim

7. Auto throtties

Manual throttles 8.

9. None

10. Couple - External

11. Couple - auto onboard

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Altitude (AGL/MSL)

2. Heading

Ground speed 3.

Present pilot relief mode status 4.

5. Certification of new mode selection

Attitude

7. Pilot fatigue level

Pilot workload 8.

9. Directive instructions

10. Ownship position11. System performance

12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

RECOVERY (10.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (10.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft operation and flight (10.1.5)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Attitude
- Attitude (AGL/MSL) 2.
- 3. Airspeed
- 4. Heading
- 5. Angle of attack
- Vertical velocity 6.
- Clear of traffic/obstacles 7.
- Engine performance 8.
- Hydraulic status 9.
- 10. Pneumatic status
- 11. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories12. Navigation compliance cues
- 13. Optimum airspeed
- 14. Optimum vertical velocity
- 15. Optimum heading
- 16. Local barometric pressure17. Altimeter barometric pressure setting

PHASE:

RECOVERY (10.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (10.1)

DECISION:

Set recovery formation, as required (10.1.6)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

5

Parade 1. 2. Cruise 3. Trail

Separate (individual recoveries)

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Cloud cover - present/expected

Visibility - present/expected

Turbulence – present/expected Capability of flight member (flight member/leader) 4.

5. Sensor status

6. **EMCON status**

7. Threat condition

8. **Briefed formation**

9. Sun/moon angle (elevation)

10. Percentage illumination (ambient/artificial)

11. Air traffic

12. Flight member position

13. Directive instructions

14. Recovery signal

15. Traffic congestion in marshal

16. Recovery conditions

17. Recovery mode

18. BRC

19. Time of day (local/zulu)

20. Ship location

PHASE:

RECOVERY (10.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (10.1)

DECISION:

Interpret multi-sensor correlation data (10.1.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Surface proximity 1.

Planned ship rendezvous point 2.

Ship location 3.

Optimum routing 4.

Spatial orientation imagery 5.

Spatial orientation graphics 6.

7. Cueing to ship

Cueing to assigned fix 8.

Display format availability 9.

10. Attitude

11. System status

12. Recovery status (extant at ship)

13. Ship's BRC

14. Final approach fix location

15. Final approach heading

16. Coincidence of multi-sensor data

17. Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor correlation error

18. Ownship position

19. Directive instructions

20. Externally provided recovery information

21. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information

22. Ownship big picture relationships (marshal/recovery sequence, etc.)

23. TKBS recommended action(s) for recovery

24. Inflight mission planning information

25. Flight member status

26. Significant meteorological conditions

27. Self-contained glide slope/path information

PHASE:

RECOVERY (10.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (10.1)

DECISION:

Perform fuel dump, as required (10.1.10)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

- Dump to maximum arrestment weight 1.
- 2. Dump to minimum fuel required
- 3. Dump to maximum arrestment weight fuel required for approach
- Dump to gross weight as directed 4.
- Do not dump fuel
- Delay decision

- 1. Fuel aboard - useable quantity
- 2. Quantity external fuel
- Fuel aboard unusable quantity 3.
- Aircraft weight basic airframe and weapons rails 4.
- 5. External stores weight
- Suspension equipment weight
- Maximum allowable trap weight 7.
- 8. Fuel required
- Tanker availability/position/give 9.
- 10. Position in recovery order
- 11. Flight member's position in recovery order
- 12. Recovery signal
- 13. Recovery conditions
- 14. Recovery mode
- 15. Present boarding rate
- 16. EMCON condition
- 17. Fuel reserve (procedural/personal)
- 18. Number emergency aircraft inbound
- 19. Nature of emergency for inbound aircraft
- 20. Fuel flow
- 21. Maximum delta capability (in minutes)
- 22. Fuel dump initiated
- 23. Fuel dump in progress
- 24. Fuel dump secured
- 25. Fuel dump ceased
- 26. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 27. Ship location
- 28. Directive instructions
- 29. Distance to divert landing site
- 30. Winds aloft
- 31. Fuel aboard upon arrival at divert landing site

PHASE:

RECOVERY (10.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (10.1)

DECISION:

Perform approach/pattern entry (10.1.11)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Attitude
- 2. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- 3. Airspeed
- Heading 4.
- 5. Vertical velocity
- Clear of traffic/obstacles 6.
- 7. Engine performance
- 8. Hydraulic status
- 9. Pneumatic status
- 10. Standard/non-standard recovery
- 11. Standard instrument recovery
- 12. Recovery instructions
- 13. BRC
- 14. Surface winds
- 15. Marshall (departure) information (i.e., push time)
- 16. Charlie time17. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 18. Local barometric pressure
- 19. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 20. System status
- 21. Ship's automatic landing system status
- 22. Automatic landing system couple status
- 23. Internal glide slope/bearing indicator validity status
- 24. Ship identification
- 25. Auto throttle response
- 26. Auto throttle engagement status
- 27. Angle of attack
- 28. Glideslope
- 29. Line-up
- 30. Ship location
- 31. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 32. Optimum heading33. CCA guidance
- 34. Recovery conditions
- 35. Recovery mode
- 36. Angle of attack optimum
- 37. Recovery signal
- 38. EMCON condition
- 39. Landing checks complete
- 40. Wind over deck

PHASE:

RECOVERY (10.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (10.1)

DECISION:

Perform landing (10.1.14)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Directive instructions
- 2. Glidepath - optimum
- 3. Glidepath - present deviation from optimum
- 4. Course - optimum
- 5. Course - present deviation from optimum
- 6. Vertical velocity
- 7. Angle of attack - optimum
- Angle of attack 8.
- 9. Range to touchdown
- 10. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- 11. Aircraft weight total
- 12. Fuel weight
- 13. Bingo fuel state
- 14. Acknowledgement of ready deck
- 15. ATC clearance/instruction
- 16. BRC
- 17. Final bearing
- 18. Significant meteorological conditions at ship
- 19. Air traffic

- 20. Landing systems status
 21. Tailhook position
 22. Tailhook snubber pressure
 23. Aircraft control surface configuration
- 24. Home carrier battle damage

PHASE:

RECOVERY (10.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (10.1)

DECISION:

Determine requirement for missed approach/waveoff (10.1.15)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 1

- 1. Directive instructions
- 2. Optimum fly-away profile
- 3. Optimum fly-away aircraft configuration
- 4. Angle of attack optimum
- 5. Angle of attack
- 6. Power setting
- 7. Recovery pattern constraints
- 8. Tanker availability/position/give
- 9. Bingo/divert field position (x,y)
- 10. Optimum bingo profile
- 11. Air traffic
- 12. Home carrier battle damage
- 13. Fuel state
- 14. Capability to reach bingo landing site

PHASE:

RECOVERY (10.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (10.1)

DECISION:

Comply with clearance instructions (10.2.5)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

- Comply strictly with clearance instructions
- 2. Comply generally with clearance instruction
- 3. Do not comply
- Delay decision

- 1. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 2. Time assigned to be somewhere
- 3. Location of assigned position (to be)
- 4. Ship location
- 5. Ownship position
- BRC 6.
- 7. Directive instructions
- Standard/non-standard recovery
- 9. Standard instrument recovery
- 10. Recovery instructions
- 11. Charlie time
- 12. Time required to traverse distance to achieve charlie time
- 13. Delta time
- 14. Local barometric pressure
- 15. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 16. Ship identification
- 17. Winds aloft
- 18. Wind over deck
- 19. Glideslope
- 20. Line-up
- 21. Angle of attack
- 21. Angle of attack
 22. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
 23. Optimum heading
 24. Assigned heading
 25. Assigned altitude
 26. Assigned airspeed
 27. CCA guidance

- 28. Recovery conditions
- 29. Recovery mode
- 30. Recovery signal
- 31. EMCON condition
- 32. LSO guidance
- 33. Optical landing system in use
- 34. Deck status (ready, fouled, etc.)
- 35. Capability to comply
- 36. TKBS recommendation

PHASE:

RECOVERY (10.0) COMMUNICATE (10.3)

SEGMENT: DECISION:

Set EMCON (10.3.4)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY:

5 ALTERNATIVES:

Total EMCON 1.

No EMCON - emissions free 2. Comm tight - sensors free 3. Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Briefed plan

Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight) 2.

Threat condition 3.

Radar transmit status 4.

Voice comm transmit status 5.

Link transmit status 6.

Navigation transmit status 7.

Jammer response status 8.

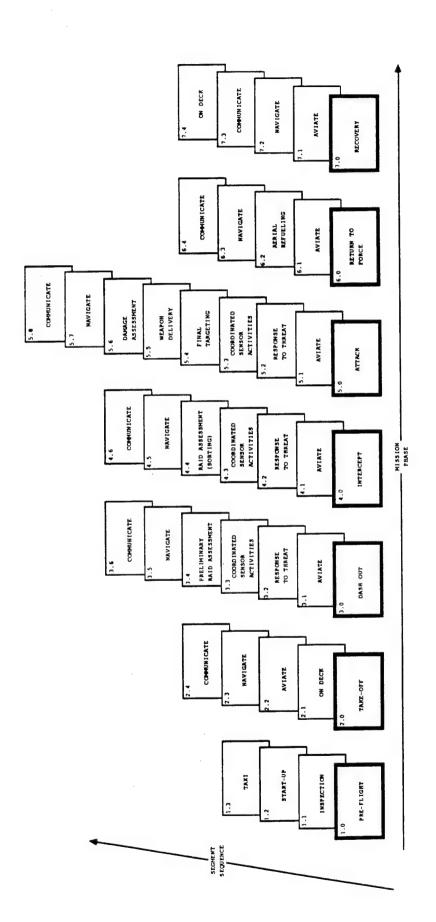
CIT response status

APPENDIX B

DECK LAUNCHED

INTERCEPT

MISSION TASK/DECISION ANALYSES AND INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS



	DECISION REQ'T	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
1.0		PRE-FLIGHT		
1.1		INSPECTION		
1.1.1		EXTERNAL INSPECTION		
1.1.2		MAN-UP		
1.1.3		COCKPIT CHECKS		
1.2		START-UP		
1.2.1	,	PERFORM ENGINE START		
1.2.2		PERFORM AVIONICS START/INITIALIZATION		
1.2.3		INSERT PRE-FLIGHT DATA		
1.2.4		PERFORM WEAPONRY INITIALIZATION		
1.2.5		EXECUTE EMERGENCY PROCEDURE(S), AS REQUIRED		
1.3		TAXI		
1.3.1		MONITOR SYSTEMS	,	
1.3.2		TAXI AIRCRAFT		
1.3.3		CHECK AVIONICS		
1.3.4		COMPLY WITH TAXI DIRECTIONS		
1.3.5		RECEIVE FLIGHT CLEARANCE		
1.3.6	YES	SET EMCON	5	1
1.3.7		EXECUTE COMM CHECKS, IAW EMCON		

	DECISION REQ'T	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
2.0		TAKE-OFF		
		_ &		
2.1		ON DECK		
2.1.1		RECEIVE TAKE-OFF CLEARANCE/INSTRUCTIONS		
2.1.2		PERFORM TAKE-OFF CHECKLIST		
2.1.3		VISUAL CHECK OF FLIGHT MEMBER(S) (IF APPLICABLE)		
2.1.4	YES	DETERMINE PREPAREDNESS FOR FLIGHT	1	1
2.2		AVIATE		
2.2.1		INITIATE TAKE-OFF ROLL/PRESS-UP/CAT SHOT		
2.2.2		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
2.2.3	YES	ESTABLISH AIRCRAFT FLIGHT ATTITUDE/POWER	1	11
2.2.4	YES	ANALYZE GO/NO-GO CRITERIA	2	
2.2.5		EXECUTE EMERGENCY PROCEDURE(S), AS REQUIRED		
2.3		NAVIGATE		
2.3.1		MONITOR NAV SYSTEM		
2.3.2		COMPLY WITH CLEARANCE/INSTRUCTIONS		
2.4		COMMUNICATE		
2.4.1		COMMUNICATE CLEAR INFORMATION WITH CONTROLLING/OTHER PLATFORMS		
2.4.2		COMMUNICATE SECURE INFORMATION WITH CONTROLLING/OTHER PLATFORMS		
2.4.3	YES	SET EMCON	5	
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	DECISION REQ'T	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
3.0		DASH OUT		
3.1		AVIATE		
3.1.1	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT	1	II
3.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	4	ı
3.1.3		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
3.1.4	YES	ANALYZE GO/NO-GO CRITERIA	4	ı
3.1.5	YES	ANALYZE TACTICAL SITUATION	2	11
3.1.6		PERFORM COMBAT CHECKLIST		
3.1.7		CONDUCT WEAPONS STATUS CHECKS		
3.1.8	YES	INTERPRET WEAPONS STATUS REPORTS	3	
3.1.9		ACTIVATE MISSION RECORDER SYSTEM		
3.1.10	YES	DETERMINE FREQUENCY OF VISUAL SEARCH	3	11
3.2		RESPONSE TO THREAT		
3.2.1		ACTIVATE THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
3.2.2		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
3.2.3	YES	DETERMINE THREAT DEGREE	1	1
3.2.4	YES	DETERMINE IMMINENCE OF THREAT	1	11
3.2.5	YES	DETERMINE TO AVOID, SUPPRESS, OR INTERCEPT	2	11
3.2.6		PERFORM THREAT RESPONSE		
3.3		COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES		
3.3.1	YES	SELECT SENSOR MODES	3	1
3.3.2	YES	OPERATE SENSORS	2	
3.3.3		CORRELATE ON-BOARD SENSOR DATA/ INFORMATION		

	DECISION REQ'T	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
3.3.4	YES	CORRELATE EXTERNAL SENSOR DATA/INFORMA- TION WITH ON-BOARD DATA/INFORMATION	1	
3.3.5	155	INTERPRET SENSOR DATAMINFORMATION	,	"
3.4	,	PRELIMINARY RAID ASSESSMENT		
3.4.1	VEC	PERFORM TARGET SEARCH/DETECTION PERFORM TARGET ACQUISITION	2	
3.4.2	YES YES	PERFORM TARGET ACQUISITION PERFORM TARGET IDENTIFICATION/CLASSIFICA-	3	'
3.4.5	120	TION		·
3.5		NAVIGATE		
3.5.1		MONITOR POSITION		
3.5.2		MONITOR COURSE		
3.5.3		MONITOR SPEED	:	
3.5.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
3.5.5	YES	DETERMINE APPROPRIATE DEFENSIVE GRID POSITION	2	1
3.5.6	YES	PERFORM NAV SYSTEM UPDATE	5	i
3.6		COMMUNICATE		
3.6.1		COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE		
3.6.2		COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE		
3.6.3		PERFORM D/L COMM AMONG FRIENDLESS		
3.6.4	YES	SET EMCON	5	10
3.6.5		PERFORM SATCOM		
3.6.6		SET CIT MODES AND CODES		

	DECISION REQ'T	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
4.0		INTERCEPT		
4.1		AVIATE		
4.1.1	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT	1	H
4.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	3	1
4.1.3		ARM WEAPONS		
4.1.4		MONITOR WEAPONS STATUS		
4.1.5		MAINTAIN FORMATION		
4.1.6		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
4.1.7	YES	ANALYZE TACTICAL SITUATION	2	11
4.1.8		MONITOR FUEL STATUS		
4.1.9	YES	DETERMINE FREQUENCY OF VISUAL SEARCH	2	11
4.2		RESPONSE TO THREAT		
4.2.1		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
4.2.2	YES	DETERMINE THREAT DEGREE	1	i
4.2.3	YES	DETERMINE IMMINENCE OF THREAT	1	1
4.2.4	YES	DETERMINE TO AVOID OR SUPPRESS	2	11
4.2.5		PERFORM THREAT RESPONSE		
4.3		COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES		
4.3.1	YES	OPERATE SENSORS	2	
4.3.2		CORRELATE ON-BOARD SENSOR DATA/ INFORMATION		
4.3.3		CORRELATE EXTERNAL DATA WITH ON-BOARD DATA/INFORMATION		
4.3.4	YES	INTERPRET SENSOR DATA/INFORMATION	1	11

	DECISION REQ'T	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
4.4		RAID ASSESSMENT (SORTING)		
4.4.1		PERFORM TARGET SEARCH/DETECTION		
4.4.2	·	PERFORM TARGET ACQUISITION		
4.4.3		PERFORM TARGET IDENTIFICATION/CLASSIFI- CATION		
4.4.4	YES	ASSESS RAID (POSITION, COUNT, TRACK, INTENT)	1	11
4.4.5	YES	DETERMINE TARGET ASSIGNMENTS	3	- 11
4.4.6	YES	DETERMINE PRELIMINARY TARGETING	3	
4.4.7	YES	DETERMINE DYNAMIC GEOMETRY MANEUVERS REQUIRED	2	11
4.4.8		PERFORM DYNAMIC GEOMETRY MANEUVERS		
4.5		NAVIGATE		
4.5.1		MONITOR POSITION		
4.5.2		MONITOR COURSE		
4.5.3		MONITOR SPEED		
4.5.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
4.6		COMMUNICATE		
4.6.1		COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE		
4.6.2		COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE		
4.6.3		PERFORM D/L COMM W/ FRIENDLIES		
4.6.4	YES	SET EMCON	5	ı
4.6.5		PERFORM SATCOM		
4.6.6	_	SET CIT MODES AND CODES		

	DECISION REQ'T	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
5.0		ATTACK		
5.1		AVIATE		
5.1.1	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT	1	11
5.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	3	"
5.1.3	120	MAINTAIN MUTUAL SUPPORT, AS REQUIRED	3	1
5.1.4		MONITOR WEAPONS STATUS		
5.1.5	YES	ANALYZE TACTICAL SITUATION	2	11
5.1.6		MONITOR FUEL STATUS	_	
5.1.7	YES	DETERMINE FREQUENCY OF VISUAL SEARCH	2	11
5.1.8		ANALYZE DISENGAGEMENT CRITERIA	3	11
5.1.9		PERFORM DISENGAGEMENT MANEUVER(S)		
5.2		RESPONSE TO THREAT		
5.2.1		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
5.2.2	YES	DETERMINE THREAT DEGREE	1	1
5.2.3	YES	DETERMINE IMMINENCE OF THREAT	1	1
5.2.4	YES	DETERMINE TO AVOID OR SUPPRESS	2	11
5.2.5		PERFORM THREAT RESPONSE		
5.3		COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES		÷
5.3.1	YES	OPERATE SENSORS	2	. 1
5.3.2		CORRELATE ON-BOARD SENSOR DATA/INFORMATION		
5.3.3		CORRELATE EXTERNAL DATA WITH ON-BOARD DATA/INFORMATION		
5.3.4	YES	INTERPRET SENSOR DATA/INFORMATION	1	l

	DECISION REQ'T	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION Type
5.4		FINAL TARGETING		
5.4.1	YES	DETERMINE DYNAMIC GEOMETRY MANEUVERS REQUIRED	1	11
5.4.2		PERFORM DYNAMIC GEOMETRY MANEUVERS	•	
5.4.3		COMPLY WITH TARGETING ASSIGNMENTS		
5.4.4	YES	SELECT WEAPONRY	1	11
5.5		WEAPON DELIVERY		
5.5.1		SELECT WEAPON/WEAPON MODE		
5.5.2	YES	COMMIT WEAPON(S)	1	11
5.5.3		EXECUTE POST-LAUNCH MANEUVER, AS DESIRED		
5.5.4		PROVIDE WEAPON STEERING DATA/ILLUMINATION		
5.6		DAMAGE ASSESSMENT		
5.6.1	YES	DETERMINE TARGET DAMAGE	4	II
5.6.2	YES	ASSESS RE-ATTACK OPTIONS	2	П
5.6.3		EXECUTE RE-ATTACK, AS REQUIRED		
5.7		NAVIGATE		
5.7.1		MONITOR POSITION		
5.7.2		MONITOR COURSE		
5.7.3		MONITOR SPEED		
5.7.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
5.8		COMMUNICATE		
5.8.1		COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE		
5.8.2		COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE		

	DECISION REQ'T	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
5.8.3 5.8.4 5.8.5 5.8.6	YES	PERFORM D/L COMM W/ FRIENDLIES SET EMCON PERFORM SATCOM SET CIT MODES AND CODES	5	1
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	DECISION REQ'T	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
6.0		RETURN TO FORCE		
6.1		AVIATE		
6.1.1	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT	1	11
6.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	4	1
6.1.3		MONITOR SYSTEM STATUS		
6.1.4	YES	SET FORMATION	5	
6.1.5		MONITOR FUEL STATUS		
6.1.6	YES	DETERMINE FREQUENCY OF VISUAL SEARCH	4	11
6.1.7		SAFE WEAPONS		
6.1.8		EXECUTE RETURN TO FORCE PROCEDURES		
6.2		AERIAL REFUELING		
6.2.1		CONFIGURE AIRCRAFT		
6.2.2		PERFORM PLUG-IN		
6.2.3		TAKE FUEL ON-BOARD AND MONITOR FUEL STATUS		
6.2.4		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
6.2.5		MONITOR COMM		
6.2.6		DISENGAGE REFUELING		
6.2.7		RECONFIGURE AIRCRAFT		
6.3		NAVIGATE		
6.3.1		MONITOR POSITION		
6.3.2		MONITOR COURSE		
6.3.3		MONITOR SPEED		
6.3.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		

	DECISION REQ'T	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
6.3.5 6.3.6 6.3.7	YES	COMPUTE ETA COMPARE PRESENT STATUS AND ESTIMATES TO PLAN ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED	5	11
6.4 6.4.1 6.4.2 6.4.3 6.4.4		COMMUNICATE COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE PERFORM D/L COMM AMONG FRIENDLIES PERFORM SATCOM		
6.4.5 6.4.6	YES	PERFORM EMCON SET CIT MODES AND CODES	5	1
	·			

	DECISION REQ'T	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
7.0		RECOVERY		-
7.1		AVIATE		
7.1.1		PERFORM PENETRATION CHECKLIST		
7.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	3	ı
7.1.3		SAFE WEAPONS		
7.1.4		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
7.1.5	YES	PERFORM AIRCRAFT DESCENT	1	П
7.1.6	YES	INTERPRET MULTI-SENSOR CORRELATION DATA	3	11
7.1.7		MONITOR SYSTEM STATUS		
7.1.8	·	EXECUTE EMERGENCY PROCEDURE(S), AS REQUIRED		
7.1.9	YES	PERFORM FUEL DUMP, AS REQUIRED	4	ll ll
7.1.10	YES	PERFORM APPROACH/PATTERN ENTRY	1	ŧI
7.1.11		CONFIGURE AIRCRAFT FOR LANDING		
7.1.12		PERFORM LANDING CHECKLIST		
7.1.13	YES	PERFORM LANDING	1	u
7.1.14	YES	DETERMINE REQUIREMENT FOR MISSED APPROACH/WAVE-OFF	1	11
7.1.15		PERFORM BOLTER/MISSED APPROACH/WAVE- OFF (AS REQUIRED)		
7.2		NAVIGATE		
7.2.1		MONITOR POSITION		
7.2.2		MONITOR COURSE		
7.2.3		MONITOR SPEED		
7.2.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
7.2.5	YES	COMPLY WITH CLEARANCE/INSTRUCTIONS	3	

	DECISION REQ'T	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
7.3		COMMUNICATE		
7.3.1		COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE		
7.3.2		COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE		
7.3.3		PERFORM D/L COMM AMONG FRIENDLIES	,	
7.3.4	YES	SET EMCON	5	1
7.3.5		SET CIT MODES AND CODES		
7.4		ON DECK		
7.4.1		TAXI CLEAR		
7.4.2		PARK AIRCRAFT		
7.4.3		PERFORM SHUT DOWN CHECKLIST		
7.4.4		RECORD APPLICABLE DATA		
7.4.5		SECURE AIRCRAFT		
				·
	•			

PHASE:

PRE-FLIGHT (1.0)

SEGMENT:

TAXI (1.3)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (1.3.6)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: 5 ALTERNATIVES:

1. Total EMCON

No EMCON - Emissions free
 Comm tight - sensors free
 Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Directive instructions

2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

4. Radar transmit status

5. Voice comm transmit status

6. Link transmit status

7. Navigation transmit status

8. Jammer response status

9. CIT response status

10. Laser activity status

PHASE:

TAKE-OFF (2.0)

SEGMENT:

ON DECK (2.1)

DECISION:

Determine preparedness for flight (2.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

Go 1.

Abort 2.

3. Alter standards

4. Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

ATC clearance/instruction 1.

2. Checklist results

- Meteorological conditions (present)
- Meteorological conditions enroute
- 5. Meteorological conditions - target
- 6. System status
- 7. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- Criticality of flight/mission 8.
- Flight member status 9.
- 10. Tanker/support aircraft status
- 11. Threat condition
- 12. Launch window (time remaining)
- 13. Flight member visual check
- 14. Final checker results
- 15. Fuel weight board accuracy
- 16. Catapult officers readiness/assurance
- 17. Type catapult shot (i.e., mil/max)18. Vector off catapult
- 19. End speed

PHASE:

TAKE-OFF(2.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (2.2)

DECISION:

Establish Aircraft Flight Attitude/Power (2.2.3)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

4

- End speed 1.
- Rotation attitude
- Landing gear position/transition 3.
- Flap position/transition 4.
- Fuel transfer initiated/transferring 5.
- Vertical velocity 6.
- Altitude (AGL/MSL) 7.
- Airspeed 8.
- 9. Heading
- 10. Standard/non-standard departure (visual)
- 11. Standard instrument departure
- 12. Engine performance
- 13. Hydraulic status
- 14. Pneumatic status
- 15. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 16. Ejection system status
- 17. External stores integrity
- 18. Flight control system operability
- 19. Angle of attack
- 20. Local barometric pressure
- 21. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 22. Optimum climb profile

PHASE:

TAKE-OFF (2.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (2.2)

DECISION:

Analyze GO/NO-GO criteria (2.2.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

2

ALTERNATIVES:

- 1. Go
- **Abort** 2.
- 3. Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Engine performance

- 2. Flight control system operability
- 3.
- System performance External stores integrity 4.
- 5. Directive instructions
- Flight warnings/cautions/advisories

PHASE:

TAKEOFF (2.0)

SEGMENT:

COMMUNICATE (2.4)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (2.4.3)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

Total EMCON 1.

No EMCON - Emissions free 2. Comm tight - sensors free 3.

4. Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

3

Directive instructions 1.

Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight) 2.

Threat condition 3.

Radar transmit status 4.

Voice comm transmit status 5.

Link transmit status 6.

7. Navigation transmit status

Jammer response status 8.

CIT response status 9.

10. Laser activity status

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0) AVIATE (3.1)

SEGMENT:

DECISION:

Control aircraft, etc. (3.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Attitude (AGL/MSL)
- 2. Airspeed
- 3. Attitude
- Heading 4.
- 5. Angle of attack
- Clear of traffic/obstacles 6.
- 7. System status
- 8. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- Navigation compliance cues
- Navigation complia
 Optimum airspeed
- 11. Optimum heading
- 12. Threat condition
- 13. Local barometric pressure
- 14. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 15. Low airspeed cue
- 16. High angle of attack cue

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (3.1)

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (3.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

Attitude hold

Altitude hold-barometric 2.

Altitude hold-AGL 3.

Heading hold 4.

Auto/manual trim/throttles 5.

None 6.

Couple - External 7.

Couple - auto onboard 8.

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Attitude (AGL/MSL) 1.

Heading 2.

Ground speed 3.

4.

Present pilot relief mode status Certification of new mode selection 5.

Attitude 6.

7. Pilot fatigue level

Pilot workload 8.

Directive instructions 9.

10. Ownship position

11. System performance

12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (3.1)

DECISION:

Analyze GO/NO-GO Criteria (3.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: 4

ALTERNATIVES:

1. Go 2. Abort

3. Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Engine performance

2. Flight control system operability

3. System performance

4. External stores integrity

5. Directive instructions

6. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (3.1)

DECISION:

Analyze tactical situation (3.1.5)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY

- System status vehicle 1.
- System status avionics 2.
- System status WCS 3.
- 4. System status - weapons
- Weapons inventory/PK 5.
- Ownship flight envelope 6.
- Threat imminence 7.
- Threat degree 8.
- Meteorological conditions (present)
- 10. Own force support availability
- 11. Anticipated mission profile
- 12. Anticipated threat
- 13. Fuel state
- 14. Fuel flow
- 15. Bingo fuel
- 16. Bugout fuel state17. Tanker availability/position/give
- 18. Relative and geographic position of CV/HVU
- 19. Position of ownforce air defense platforms

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (3.1)

DECISION:

Interpret Weapons Status Reports (3.1.8)

DECISION TYPE: |
CRITICALITY: 3
ALTERNATIVES:

3

- 4
- Weapon armed and ready
 Weapon armed but not ready
- Weapon safe
 Weapon hung
- Weapon failed
- 6. Weapon locked/unlocked
- Weapon degraded
- 8. Weapon not communicating with mission computer

- 1. Weapons onboard type/model
- 2. Weapons onboard location
- 3. Weapons onboard quantity each location
- 4. Weapons launch modes available
- 5. Weapons launch mode selected
- 6. Master mode selected
- 7. Weapon selected
- 8. Weapon initialization data preplanned
- 9. Weapon initialization data received by weapon
- 10. Weapon prep data availability
- 11. Weapon prep data receipt by weapon
- 12. Interval selected (for multiple releases)
- 13. Minimum interval allowable
- 14. Arming options available
- 15. Arming option selected
- 16. Fuzing options available
- 17. Fuzing option selected
- 18. Quantity selected per interval (for multiple release)
- 19. Weapon auto gain control status (if applicable)
- 20. Weapon threat library selected (if applicable)
- 21. Weapon target type priority selected (if applicable)
- 22. Terminal guidance option selected

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0) AVIATE (3.1)

SEGMENT:

DECISION:

Determine frequency of visual search (3.1.10)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

3

Threat detection systems status 1.

2. Threat imminence

Threat degree 3.

Traffic/terrain proximity 4.

Formation maneuvering requirements Wingman position (if applicable) 5.

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0)

SEGMENT: **DECISION:**

RESPONSE TO THREAT (3.2) Determine threat degree (3.2.3)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

High 2. Medium 3. Low 4. None Unknown

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Threat type/capabilities

2. Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)

3. Threat position

4. Availability of ownforce support - ECM

5. Availability of ownforce support - weapon

6. Altitude (ÁGL/MSL)

7. Airspeed

8. Availability of onboard countermeasures (type and no.)

9. Capability of onboard countermeasures

10. TMDS status

11. PELTS status

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (3.2)

DECISION:

Determine imminence of threat (3.2.4)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

Engaged 1. 2. Immediate 3. Probable

4. Possible Remote

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Threat type/capabilities

Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)

Threat position

4. Ownship position

Threat detection systems status

Threat readiness posture

Topography along route of flight 7.

Presence of RF energy radiating along route of flight

Presence of laser energy along route of flight

10. Automatic threat avoidance system status

11. Auto threat avoidance system selection/disable

12. Threat guidance phase (i.e., terminal, mid-course, etc.)13. Threat knowledge of ownship presence

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (3.2)

DECISION:

Determine to avoid, suppress, or intercept (3.2.5)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 2

- 1. Directive instructions
- 2. Threat degree
- Threat imminence 3.
- 4. Threat position
- 5. Threat formation/tactics
- 6. Threat capabilities (airframe/sensors/weapons)
- 7. Effect of avoidance on anti-bomber mission geometry
- Effect of intercept/suppression on anti-bomber launch opportunities
- Availability/effectiveness of self protection jamming
- 10. Fuel state
- 11. Weapons inventory

- 11. Weapons inventory12. System status13. Airspeed14. Attitude (AGL/MSL)15. Bingo fuel
- 16. Bugout fuel state

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (3.3)

DECISION:

Select sensor modes (3.3.1)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

1. On-all passive On-All Active 2.

On-all LPI 3.

On-auto mode optimization 4. 5. On-preplanned initialization

Off

Standby

- 1. Sensor modes/submodes available
- Sensor modes/submodes selected 2.
- Sensor modes most suitable
- Bistatic radar file track potential (as receiver) 4.
- Bistatic NCTR potential (as received)
- Bistatic radar potential (as emitter) 6.
- Equivalent illumination/luminance levels 7.
- Individual sensor status
- Auto mode optimization engaged/rejected
- 10. Preplanned initialization selected
- 11. Sensor boresight status
- 12. Individual sensor FOV/FOR available/selected
- 13. Individual sensor magnification available/selected
- 14. Individual sensor track mode available/selected
- 15. Individual sensor autotarget acquisition available/selected
- 16. Target type anticipated
- 17. Target location anticipated18. TKBS status
- 19. Threat imminence
- 20. Sensor threat library selected
- 21. Sensor correlation for display selected/available
- 22. Display information reject level(s) available/selected
- 23. Sensor footprint (individual)
- 24. Sensor footprint (suite)
- 25. Data link status
- 26. System status
- 27. Auto hand-off to weapon(s) available/selected
- 28. Sensor to sensor cueing available/selected
- 29. Sensor self-protect mode(s) available/selected

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (3.3)

DECISION:

Operate sensors (3.3.2)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY: 2

CRITICALITY: 2
ALTERNATIVES:

1. Manual operation on all

2. Automatic operation on all

3. Combination manual/automatic operation

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Individual sensor mode of operation (auto or manual)

2. Sensor suite (synergistic) mode of operation (auto or manual)

3. Individual sensor status

4. Sensor suite interconnectivity status

5. Target acquisition alert

6. TKBS status

7. Targeting information - ownship generated

8. Threat information - ownship generated

Sensor footprint (individual)

10. Sensor footprint (suite)

11. Directive instructions

12. Recommended sensor configuration (TKBS)

13. Individual sensor sub-mode selected/available

14. Individual sensor gaze angle (elevation, azimuth)

15. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)

16. Targeting information - externally provided

17. Threat information - externally provided

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (3.3)

DECISION:

Interpret sensor data/information (3.3.5)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

1

- Target(s) cueing 1.
- 2. **Attitude**
- Highest threat target(s) priority 3.
- Preplanned target data 4.
- Coincidence of multiple sensor target designation
- Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor designation error 6.
- 7. Ownship position
- Onboard obtained positional information 8.
- 9. Individual sensor status
- 10. Externally provided targeting information
- 11. Directive instructions
- 12. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information
- 13. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)
- 14. Threat imminence
- 15. Threat degree
- 16. Recommended action(s) to counter threat
- 17. Imminent catastrophic event warning (i.e. ground warning, missile/bullet impact, etc.)
- 18. Target attrition
- 19. Stationing compliance
- 20. Inflight mission planning information
- 21. Flight member status
- 22. Externally provided intelligence information
- 23. Spatial orientation imagery
- 24. Spatial orientation graphics
- 25. Confidence level of presented data

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (3.4)

DECISION:

Perform target acquisition(3.4.2)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: 2 ALTERNATIVES:

- Utilize active sensor(s) only
 Utilize passive sensor(s) only
- 3. Utilize onboard smart weapons
- 4. Utilize combination of active and passive sensors5. Utilize external source targeting information
- 6. Utilize navigation system
- 7. Utilize visual scan
- 8. Utilize automatic acquisition system

- 1. Directive instructions
- 2. Sensor image prediction
- 3. Actual sensor image
- 4. Perspective view (anticipated)
- Actual perspective view
- 6. Elapsed time/time to go
- 7. Distance to target
- 8. Ownship position
- 9. Target location
- 10. Target cueing (sensor to sensor)
- 11. Sensor footprint (individual)
- 12. Individual sensor status
- 13. Weapons(s) status
- 14. Weapons delivery system status
- 15. Target cueing (sensor/navigation system to eyeball)
- 16. Anticipated target signature
- 17. Source of externally provided targeting information
- 18. Accuracy of externally provided targeting information
- 19. Coincidence of multiple sensor target area localization
- 20. Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor localization error
- 21. Weapon selected
- 22. Weapon mode selected
- 23. Meteorological conditions (present)
- 24. Threat knowledge of ownship presence
- 25. Individual sensor FOV/FOR available/selected
- 26. Individual sensor magnification available/selected
- 27. Individual sensor auto target acquisition available/selected
- 28. Data link status
- 29. System status
- 30. Weapons system master mode
- 31. Navigation system/sensor correlation/error
- 32. Indication of automatic acquisition requirement
- 33. Specific targets acquired by other flight members
- 34. Specific targets assigned to/by other flight members
- 35. Specific targets assigned to/by ground/control elements

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (3.4)

DECISION: F
DECISION TYPE: I

Perform target identification/classification (3.4.3)

CRITICALITY:

3

ALTERNATIVES:

Yes – that is my target
 No – that is not my target

3. Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Automatic target recognition system decision/confidence level

2. NCTR/PNCTR decision

3. External source verification of initial identification

4. PELTS decision/confidence level

5. Sensor image prediction

6. Target location

8. Weapons delivery system status

9. Target shape, signature, albedo

10. Expected target shape, signature, albedo for comparison

11. Indication of auto target acquisition and NATO identification

PHASE: SEGMENT:

DASH OUT (3.0) NAVIGATE (3.5)

DECISION:

Determine appropriate defensive grid position (3.5.5)

DECISION TYPE: |

CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

- Proceed to position assigned by controlling agency 1.
- 2. Autonomously fill vacant position IAW doctrine
- Fill station IAW on-scene direction (non-AEW) 3.
- Do not proceed to any station anchor
- 5. Do not proceed to any station - unilateral contact investigation
- Delay decision

- 1. Ownship position
- Ownship position validity/verification
- Gnd reference position VL(x,y,z)3.
- Threat axis 4.
- Grid reference bearing 5.
- 6. Grid reference distance
- 7. Number of defensive grid positions
- Position of defensive grid positions
- Status of defensive grid positions (filled/vacant)
- 10. Position/assignment of other ownforce members
- 11. Systems performance of other ownforce members
- 12. Ownship position assignment (if any)
- 13. Position of ownforce fighter with lowest fuel state
- 14. Defensive grid area meteorological conditions
- 15. Imminence of engagement
- 16. Directive instructions
- 17. Presence of unidentified contacts
- 18. Combat readiness states of ownforce members
- 19. Optimum routing
- 20. Threat condition
- 21. Time on station
- 22. ROE
- 23. Bingo/bugout plan
- 24. Contrail level
- 25. System status

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (3.5)

DECISION:

Perform navigation system update (3.5.6)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

Visual check acceptable (within tolerance) 1.

System check - accept 2. System check - reject 3.

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

3

- Visual position 1.
- INS position
- **GPS** position 3.
- TRN position 4.
- 5. X/Y position of given (selected) points
- Computed distance error 6.
- Computed direction of error 7.
- Drift rate (distance/unit of time) 8.
- Sensor selected for update (radar, fly over (human eye), HUD, 9. TACAN, etc.)
- 10. System acceptance of accept/reject decision
- 11. Auto advisory that navigation system is in need of update [i.e., drift rate interlock - or - auto multi-sensor correlation] or is being updated
- 12. Assurance that designated position is same as x/y position (i.e., navigation and sensor both referencing same point)

PHASE:

DASH OUT (3.0)

SEGMENT:

COMMUNICATÉ (3.6)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (3.6.4)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

5

1. **Total EMCON**

2. No EMCON - Emissions free

3. Comm tight - sensors free

Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Directive instructions

Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

Threat condition

Radar transmit status

Voice comm transmit status

Link transmit status

Navigation transmit status

8. Jammer response status

CIT response status 9.

10. Laser activity status

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (4.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft (4.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Attitude (AGL/MSL) 1.
- 2. Airspeed
- 3. Attitude
- 4. Heading
- Angle of attack
- Clear of traffic/obstacles
- 7. System status
- Flight warnings/cautions/advisories 8.
- Navigation compliance cues
- 10. Optimum airspeed
- 11. Optimum heading12. Threat condition
- 13. Local barometric pressure
- 14. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 15. Low airspeed cue
- 16. High angle of attack cue
- 17. High yaw rate cue
- 18. Spin recovery response required
- 19. Present G
- 20. Max G

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (4.1)

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (4.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

- Attitude hold
- Altitude hold-barometric 2.
- 3. Altitude hold-AGL
- Heading hold
- 5. Auto/manual trim/throttles
- 6. None
- 7. Couple - External
- Couple auto onboard

- 1. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- 2. Heading
- 3. Ground speed
- 4. Present pilot relief mode status
- Certification of new mode selection 5.
- 6. **Attitude**
- 7. Pilot fatigue level
- Pilot workload 8.
- 9. Directive instructions
- 10. Ownship position11. System performance
- 12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (4.1)

DECISION:

Analyze tactical situation (4.1.7)

DECISION TYPE: II 2 CRITICALITY:

- 1. System status
- Weapons inventory
- Ownship aerodynamic capabilities/limits
- Imminence of combat 4.
- Meteorological conditions (present) 5.
- Presence/absence of flight member
- Flight member position 7.
- Anticipated threat
- 9. Fuel state
- 10. Fuel flow
- 11. Combat package
- 12. Bingo fuel
- 13. Tanker availability/position/give
- 14. CV/HVU position
- 15. Station position
- 16. Position of ownforce air defense platforms
- 17. Presence of AEW support
- 18. Quality of AEW support

- 19. Bugout fuel state20. Weapon footprint21. Sensor footprint (individual)

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (4.1)

DECISION:

Determine frequency of visual search (4.1.9)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

2

Threat detection systems status 1.

2. Threat imminence

3.

4.

Threat degree
Traffic/terrain proximity
Formation maneuvering requirements 5.

Position of wingman

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (4.2)

DECISION:

Determine threat degree (4.2.2)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

- High 2. Medium
- 3. Low
- 4. None
- Unknown

- Threat type/capabilities 1.
- 2. Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)
- 3. Threat position
- Availability of ownforce support ECM 4.
- 5. Availability of ownforce support - weapon
- 6. Attitude (AGL/MSL)
- 7. Airspeed
- Availability of onboard countermeasures (type and no.) 8.
- Capability of onboard countermeasures 9.
- 10. TMDS status
 11. PELTS status

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (4.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: **RESPONSE TO THREAT (4.2)**

DECISION TYPE: I

Determine imminence of threat (4.2.3)

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

Engaged
 Immediate
 Probable
 Possible

Remote

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

2

1. Threat type/capabilities

2. Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)

3. Threat position

4. Ownship position

5. Threat detection systems status

6. Threat readiness posture

7. Presence of RF energy radiating along route of flight

8. Presence of laser energy along route of flight

9. Automatic threat avoidance system status

10. Auto threat avoidance system selection/disable

11. Threat guidance phase (i.e., terminal, mid-course, etc.)

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (4.2)

DECISION:

Determine to avoid or suppress (4.2.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

2

- 1. Directive instructions
- Threat degree 2.
- 3. Threat imminence
- Threat position 4.
- Threat formation/tactics
- Threat capabilities (airframe/sensors/weapons)
- Effect of avoidance on anti-bomber mission geometry
- Effect of intercept/suppression on anti-bomber launch opportunities
- Availability/effectiveness of self protection jamming 9.
- 10. Fuel state
- 11. System status
- 12. Weapons inventory
- 13. Airspeed
- 14. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- 15. Bingo fuel
- 16. Bugout fuel state

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (4.3)

DECISION:

Operate sensors (4.3.1)

DECISION TYPE: I

2

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

Manual operation on all

Automatic operation on all 2.

Combination manual/automatic operation 3.

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Individual sensor mode of operation (auto or manual) 1.

Sensor suite (synergistic) mode of operation (auto or manual)

Individual sensor status

Sensor suite interconnectivity status

Target acquisition alert

TKBS status

Targeting information - ownship generated 7.

Threat information - ownship generated 8.

Sensor footprint (individual) 9.

10. Sensor footprint (suite)

11. Directive instructions

12. Recommended sensor configuration (TKBS)

13. Individual sensor sub-mode selected/available

14. Individual sensor gaze angle (elevation, azimuth)

15. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats,

targets, etc.)

16. Targeting information - externally provided

17. Threat information - externally provided

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (4.3)

DECISION:

Interpret sensor data/information (4.3.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

1

- Target(s) cueing 1.
- 2. Attitude
- Highest threat target(s) priority 3.
- Preplanned target data
- Coincidence of multiple sensor target designation
- Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor designation error 6.
- 7. Ownship position
- Onboard obtained positional information 8.
- Individual sensor status 9.
- 10. Externally provided targeting information
- 11. Directive instructions
- 12. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information
- 13. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)
- 14. Threat imminence
- 15. Threat degree
- 16. Recommended action(s) to counter threat
- 17. Imminent catastrophic event warning (i.e. ground warning, missile/bullet impact, etc.)
- 18. Target attrition
- 19. Stationing compliance
- 20. Inflight mission planning information
- 21. Flight member status
- 22. Externally provided intelligence information
- 23. Spatial orientation imagery
- 24. Spatial orientation graphics
- 25. Confidence level of presented data

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

RAID ASSESSMENT (SORTING) (4.4)

DECISION:

Assess raid (position, count, track, intent) (4.4.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Position of raid
- 2. Ownship position
- Position of defended unit 3.
- Sensor status
- Sensor sensitivity
 Range of raid from ownship
- 7. Type of ECM employed by threat
- Sensor determined raid count 8.
- 9. Sensor determined raid track10. Sensor correlation of raid count
- 11. Sensor correlation of raid track
- 12. Threat raid doctrine
- 13. Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)
- 14. Identification of threat platforms in raid

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

RAID ASSESSMENT (4.4)

DECISION:

Determine target assignments (4.4.5)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

3

- Ownship status weapons 1.
- Ownship status systems 2.
- Ownship status sensors
- 4.
- Flight member weapons Flight member systems 5.
- Flight member sensors 6.
- Position of raid 7.
- Optimum attack geometry 8.
- Pre-briefed doctrine
- 10. Ownship weapon footprint
- 11. Flight member weapon footprint
- 12. Threat weapon footprint
- 13. CV/HVU position
- 14. Fuel state
- 15. Flight member fuel status
- 16. Threat time to first launch opportunity

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

RAID ASSESSMENT (SORTING) (4.4)

DECISION:

Determine preliminary targeting (4.4.6)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY:

3

ALTERNATIVES:

- 1. Sort by range
- 2. Sort by altitude
- 3. Sort by left/right
- Sort according to weapons remaining 4.
- 5. Sort by V_C
- Sort by threat capability

- Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)
- Identification of threat platorms in raid
- 3. Raid formation
- 4. Status of sensors - ownship
- 5. Status of sensor - flight member
- Status of weapons systems ownship
- Status of weapons systems flight member 7.
- 8. Weapons inventory
- Weapons inventory flight member 9.
- 10. Position of aircraft being tracked by flight member
- 11. Flight member position
- 12. Relative position of other ownforce aircraft

- 13. Directive instructions
 14. Threat speed
 15. Rate of closure
 16. Threat type identification
 17. Real time range capability of threat weapons
 18. Threat condition
 19. Weapon amplement restriction(s) in effect (condition)
- 19. Weapon employment restriction(s) in effect (i.e. hold, tight, free)

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

RAID ASSESSMENT (4.4)

DECISION:

Determine dynamic geometry maneuvers required (4.4.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Ownship position
- 2. Flight member position
- 3. Weapons inventory
- 4. Weapons inventory flight member
- 5. WCS status ownship
- WCS status flight member 6.
- Fuel state ownship 7.
- Fuel state flight member 8.
- CV/HVU position 9.
- 10. Weapons footprint ownship [by weapon]
- 11. Weapons footprint flight member [by weapon]
- 12. Sensor footprint (individual)
- 13. Sensor footprint flight member

- 14. Threat platform type
 15. Threat platform count
 16. Threat possible weapon footprint
 17. Threat formation
 18. Threat position
 19. Time to threat onto into weapon for

- 19. Time to threat entry into weapon footprint ownship
- 20. Time to CV/HVU entry into weapon footprint threat
- 21. Weapon selected
- 22. Optimum intercept course ownship (for present speed)
- 23. Threat optimum intercept course against ownship (for present speed)
- 24. Airspeed
- 25. Heading ownship to individual threat platforms
- 26. Threat speed
- 27. Rate of closure
- 28. Heading threat
- 29. TKBS designated threat platform engagement priority sequence
- 30. TKBS designated optimum ownship attack profile to maximize raid attrition
- 31. Threat condition
- 32. Real time range capability of threat weapons

PHASE:

INTERCEPT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

COMMUNICATE (4.6)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (4.6.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

Total EMCON 1.

No EMCON - Emissions free 2.

3. Comm tight - sensors free

Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

5

1. Directive instructions

Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

Threat condition

Radar transmit status 4.

5. Voice comm transmit status

6. Link transmit status

7. Navigation transmit status

8. Jammer response status

9. CIT response status

10. Laser activity status

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft operation and flight (5.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Attitude 1.
- Altitude (AGL/MSL) 2.
- 3. Airspeed
- Heading 4.
- 5. Angle of attack
- Vertical velocity 6.
- Clear of traffic/obstacles 7.
- Engine performance
- Hydraulic status 9.
- 10. Pneumatic status
- 11. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 12. Navigation compliance cues
- 13. Sideslip
- 14. Optimum airspeed
- 15. Optimum vertical velocity
- 16. Optimum heading
- 17. Local barometric pressure
- 18. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 19. Low airspeed cue
- 20. High angle of attack cue
- 21. Optimum attack profile
- 22. High yaw rate cue
- 23. Spin recovery response required
- 24. Present G
- 25. Max G

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (5.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

1. Attitude hold

2. Altitude hold-barometric

3. Altitude hold-AGL 4. Heading hold

5. Auto/manual trim/throttles

6. None

7. Couple - External

Couple - auto onboard

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Altitude (AGL/MSL)

2. Heading

Ground speed 3.

Present pilot relief mode status
Certification of new mode selection

Attitude

Pilot fatigue level 7.

8. Pilot workload

9. Directive instructions10. Ownship position

11. System performance

12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Analyze tactical situation (5.1.5)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- System status vehicle 1.
- System status avionics System status WCS 2.
- 3.
- 4. System status – weapons
- Weapons inventory/PK 5.
- 6. Ownship flight envelope
- 7. Threat imminence
- 8. Threat degree
- Meteorological conditions (present) 9.
- 10. Own force support availability
- 11. Anticipated mission profile
- 12. Anticipated threat
- 13. Fuel state
- 14. Fuel flow
- 15. Bingo fuel
- 16. Bugout fuel state
- 17. CV/HVU position
- 18. Position of ownforce air defense platforms
- 19. Tanker availability/position/give

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Determine frequency of visual search (5.1.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

2

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- Threat detection systems status
 Threat imminence
 Threat degree
 Traffic/terrain proximity
 Formation maneuvering requirements 5.
- Position of wingman

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Analyze disengagement criteria (5.1.8)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

3

- 1. Bingo fuel
- Bugout fuel state 2.
- **Bugout heading** 3.
- Present fuel 4.
- Ownship position 5.
- Tactical viability of continued engagement 6.
- Flight member position 7.
- Flight member's posture (offensive/defensive) 8.
- Flight member fuel status
- 10. Energy state ownship
- 11. Energy state flight member
- 12. Weapons inventory
- 13. Weapons inventory flight member
- 14. System status
- 15. Number of threat aircraft in raid
- 16. Relative position of high value targets
- 17. Effects of delayed disengagement on prosecution of high value
- 18. Position of other high value threat platforms

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: **RESPONSE TO THREAT (5.2)** Determine threat degree (5.2.2)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

High 1. 2. Medium 3. Low None 4.

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Threat type/capabilities

Number and threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne) 2.

3. Threat position

Unknown

Availability of ownforce support - ECM Availability of ownforce support - weapon 4.

Altitude (AGL/MSL) 6.

7. Airspeed

8. Availability of onboard countermeasures (type and no.)

9. Capability of or 10. TMDS status 11. PELTS status Capability of onboard countermeasures

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (5.2)

DECISION:

Determine imminence of threat (5.2.3)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

1. Engaged 2. **Immediate**

Probable 3. Possible 4.

5. Remote

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1

Threat type/capabilities 1.

2. Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)

3. Threat position

Ownship position 4.

Threat detection systems status 5.

Threat readiness posture 6.

Topography along route of flight 7.

Presence of RF energy radiating along route of flight
 Presence of laser energy along route of flight
 Automatic threat avoidance system status

11. Auto threat avoidance system selection/disable

12. Threat guidance phase (i.e., terminal, mid-course, etc.)

13. Threat knowledge of ownship presence

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (5.2)

DECISION:

Determine to avoid or suppress (5.2.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Directive instructions
- Threat degree
- 3. Threat imminence
- Threat position
- Threat formation/tactics
- Threat capabilities (airframe/sensors/weapons)
- Effect of avoidance on anti-bomber mission geometry
- Effect of intercept/suppression on anti-bomber launch opportunities
- Availability/effectiveness of self protection jamming 9.
- 10. Fuel state
- 11. System status12. Weapons inventory
- 13. Airspeed
- 14. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
 15. Bingo fuel
- 16. Bugout fuel state

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (5.3)

DECISION:

Operate sensors (5.3.1)

DECISION TYPE: I

2

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

1.Manual operation on all 2.Automatic operation on all

3. Combination manual/automatic operation

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Individual sensor mode of operation (auto or manual)

2. Sensor suite (synergistic) mode of operation (auto or manual)

3. Individual sensor status

4. Sensor suite interconnectivity status

5. Target acquisition alert

6. TKBS status

7. Targeting information - ownship generated

8. Threat information - ownship generated

9. Sensor footprint (individual)

10. Sensor footprint (suite)

11. Directive instructions

12. Recommended sensor configuration (TKBS)

13. Individual sensor sub-mode selected/available

14. Individual sensor gaze angle (elevation, azimuth)

15. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)

16. Targeting information - externally provided

17. Threat information - externally provided

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (5.3)

DECISION:

Interpret sensor data/information (5.3.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Target(s) cueing
- 2. Attitude
- 3. Highest threat target(s) - priority
- 4. Preplanned target data
- 5. Coincidence of multiple sensor target designation
- Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor designation error
- 7. Ownship position
- 8. Onboard obtained positional information
- 9. Individual sensor status
- 10. Externally provided targeting information
- 11. Directive instructions
- 12. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information
- 13. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)
- 14. Threat imminence
- 15. Threat degree
- 16. Recommended action(s) to counter threat
- 17. Imminent catastrophic event warning (i.e. ground warning, missile/bullet impact, etc.)
- 18. Target attrition19. Stationing compliance
- 20. Inflight mission planning information
- 21. Flight member status
- 22. Externally provided intelligence information
- 23. Spatial orientation imagery
- 24. Spatial orientation graphics
- 25. Confidence level of presented data

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT:

FINAL TARGÉTING (5.4)

DECISION:

Determine dynamic geometry maneuvers required (5.4.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Ownship position
- Flight member position 2.
- Weapons inventory 3.
- Weapons inventory flight member 4.
- WCS status ownship 5.
- 6. WCS status - flight member
- Fuel state ownship 7.
- 8. Fuel state - flight member
- 9. CV/HVU position
- 10. Weapons footprint ownship [by weapon]
- 11. Weapons footprint flight member [by weapon]
- 12. Sensor footprint (individual)
- 13. Sensor footprint flight member
- 14. Threat platform type
- 15. Threat platform count
- 16. Threat possible weapon footprint
- 17. Threat formation
- 18. Threat position
- 19. Time to threat entry into weapon footprint ownship
- 20. Time to CV/HVU entry into weapon footprint threat
- 21. Weapon selected
- 22. Optimum intercept course ownship (for present speed)
 23. Threat optimum intercept course against ownship (for present speed)
- 24. Airspeed
- 25. Heading ownship to individual threat platforms
- 26. Threat speed
- 27. Heading threat
- 28. TKBS designated threat platform engagement priority sequence
- 29. TKBS designated optimum ownship attack profile to maximize raid attrition

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT:

FINAL TARGÉTING (5.4)

DECISION:

Select weaponry (5.4.4)

DECISION TYPE: |
CRITICALITY: 1
ALTERNATIVES:

S:

Choose AAAM
 Choose AMRAAM

Choose ASRAAM
 Choose guns

5. Choose automatic selection

6. Choose other (i.e. laser, etc.)

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Range to target

2. Target bearing

3. Target altitude

4. Target speed

5. Target closure

6. Target track crossing angle

7. Target track crossing rate

8. Target aspect angle

9. Target RCS

10. Target IR signature

11. Target ECM

12. Weapons' inventory

13. Weapons' status

14. Weapon's PK against target

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: **WEAPON DELIVERY (5.5)** Commit weapon (5.5.2)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

- Automatic execution
- Manual execution at maximum range computer solution
- Manual execution at minimum range computer solution
- Manual execution at heart of envelop computer solution
- Manual execution at preplanned point manual solution

- Delivery mode selected 1.
- Flight path to release point
- Precise instant for manual release (shoot cue)
- 4. Execution accomplishment indication
- Munition time of flight 5.
- Automatic mode weapons delivery solution indication (cueing) 6.
- CCIP/CCRP mode weapons delivery solution indication (cueing) 7.
- Slant range 8.
- Target altitude 9.
- 10. Horizontal range
- 11. Altitude (AGL/MSL)12. True airspeed13. Attitude

- 14. Flight path
- 15. Standby (to release) cue
- 16. G-loading
- 17. Angle of attack
- 18. Threat imminence
- 19. Threat degree
- 20. Directive instructions
- 21. Threat knowledge of ownship presence
- 22. Automatic target attack system engagement indication
- 23. Target heading
- 24. Target speed
- 25. Target aspect angle

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION:

DAMAGE ASSESSMENT (5.6)

Determine target damage (5.6.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Loss of / change in target RF emission
- 2. Loss of / change in target IR emission
- 3. Sensor derived target return - presence/absence
- 4. 5. Target position (x,y,z) - last detection Target position (x,y,z) - extrapolated for current time
- 6. Target heading
- 7. Target speed
- Sensor footprint (individual)

DECK LAUNCHED INTERCEPT

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: DAMAGE ASSESSMENT (5.6) Assess reattack options (5.6.2)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 2

- Target position 1.
- Target neading 2.
- Target speed 3.
- Target RF emissions 4.
- 5. Ownship big picture relationships (other threat ASM platforms, other threat escorts, friendly forces, etc.)
- Ownship weapons inventory/status
- 7. Fuel state
- Fuel flow 8.
- Bugout fuel state
- 10. Bingo fuel state
- 11. Target priorities12. Directive instructions

PHASE:

ATTACK (5.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: COMMUNICATE (5.8) Set EMCON (5.8.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: 5 ALTERNATIVES:

1.Total EMCON

2.No EMCON - Emissions free 3.Comm tight - sensors free 4.Comm free - sensors tight

- 1. Directive instructions
- 2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)
- 3. Threat condition
- 4. Radar transmit status
- 5. Voice comm transmit status
- 6. Link transmit status
- 7. Navigation transmit status
- 8. Jammer response status
- 9. CIT response status
- 10. Laser activity status

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (6.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (6.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft (6.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 1

- 1. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- 2. Airspeed
- 3. Attitude
- 4. Heading
- 5. Angle of attack
- 6. Clear of traffic/obstacles
- 7. System status
- 8. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 9. Navigation compliance cues
- 10. Optimum airspeed
- 11. Optimum heading
- 12. Threat condition
- 13. Local barometric pressure
- 14. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 15. Low airspeed cue
- 16. High angle of attack cue
- 17. High yaw rate cue
- 18. Present G
- 19. Max G

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (6.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (6.1)

DECISION:

Set pilot relief mode (6.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY: 4 ALTERNATIVES:

1. Attitude hold

Altitude hold-barometric
 Altitude hold-AGL

Altitude hold-A
 Heading hold

5. Auto/manual trim/throttles

6. None

7. Couple - External

8. Couple - auto onboard

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Altitude (AGL/MSL)

2. Heading

3. Ground speed

4. Present pilot relief mode status

5. Certification of new mode selection

6. Attitude

7. Pilot fatigue level

8. Pilot workload

9. Directive instructions

10. Ownship position

11. System performance

12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (6.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (6.1)

DECISION:

Set formation (6.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

5

ALTERNATIVES:

- Parade
- Cruise
- 3. Loose cruise 4. Combat spread
- 5. Trail
- Box 6.
- Timed sequence
- No formation required 8.

- Cloud cover present/expected 1.
- Visibility present/expected 2.
- Turbulence present/expected 3.
- Capability of flight member (flight member/leader) 4.
- Sensor status
- **EMCON status** 6.
- Threat condition 7.
- Briefed formation
- Sun/moon angle (elevation)
- 10. Percentage illumination (ambient/artificial)
- 11. Air traffic
- 12. Flight member position

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (6.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (6.1)

DECISION:

Determine frequency of visual search (6.1.6)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Threat detection systems status
- 2. Threat imminence
- 3. Threat degree
- 4.
- Traffic/terrain proximity
 Formation maneuvering requirements
 Position of wingman

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (6.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (6.3)

DECISION:

Adjust flight plan, as required (6.3.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

5

- 1. Elapsed time/time to go
- 2. Fuel state
- Fuel required 3.
- 4. Fuel flow
- Ground speed
- Optimum altitude Ps
- Optimum indicated Mach Ps 7.
- 8. Present routing
- Optimum routing 9.
- 10. Distance to next waypoint
- 11. Distance to station
- 12. Distance from station to home (total mission distance)
- 13. Time to next waypoint at present ground speed
- 14. Time to next waypoint at altered ground speed
- 15. Fuel to next waypoint at present ground speed and altitude
- 16. Fuel to next waypoint at altered ground speed and altitude
- 17. Time to station at present ground speed
- 18. Time to station at altered ground speed
- 19. Fuel to station at present ground speed and altitude
- 20. Fuel to station at altered ground speed and altitude
- 21. Threat condition
- 22. System performance
- 23. Directive instructions
- 24. Time of day (local/zulu)25. Winds aloft
- 26. Optimum altitude max range
- 27. Optimum Mach max range
- 28. Optimum altitude max endurance
- 29. Optimum Mach max endurance
- 30. Vertical velocity
- 31. Fuel remaining at next waypoint
- 32. Fuel remaining at station
- 33. Fuel remaining upon recovery (as per plan)

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (6.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION:

COMMUNICATE (6.4)

DECISION TYPE: I

Set EMCON (6.4.5)

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

1. Total EMCON

No EMCON - Emissions free
 Comm tight - sensors free
 Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Directive instructions

2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

4. Radar transmit status

5. Voice comm transmit status

6. Link transmit status

7. Navigation transmit status

8. Jammer response status

9. CIT response status

10. Laser activity status

PHASE:

RECOVERY (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

3

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (7.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

Attitude hold 1.

Altitude hold-barometric 2.

Altitude hold-AGL 3.

Heading hold 4.

5. Auto/manual trim/throttles

6. None

7. Couple - External

Couple - auto onboard

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Altitude (AGL/MSL) 1.

Heading 2.

Ground speed 3.

Present pilot relief mode status 4.

Certification of new mode selection 5.

Attitude 6.

7. Pilot fatigue level

Pilot workload 8.

Directive instructions 9.

10. Ownship position

11. System performance

12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

RECOVERY (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

DECISION:

Perform aircraft descent (7.1.5)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 1

- 1. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- 2. Airspeed
- 3. Heading
- 4. Angle of attack
- 5. Vertical velocity
- 6. Clear of traffic obstacles
- 7. Engine performance
- 8. Hydraulic status
- 9. Pneumatic status
- 10. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 11. Navigation compliance cues
- 12. Optimum airspeed
- 13. Optimum vertical velocity
- 14. Optimum heading
- 15. Local barometric pressure
- 16. Altimeter barometric pressure setting

PHASE:

RECOVERY (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

DECISION:

Interpret multi-sensor correlation data (7.1.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

3

- Surface proximity 1.
- Planned ship rendezvous point 2.
- 3. Ship location
- Optimum routing 4.
- Spatial orientation imagery
- Spatial orientation graphics 6.
- 7. Cueing to ship
- Cueing to assigned fix 8.
- Display format availability 9.
- 10. Attitude
- 11. System status
- 12. Recovery status (extant at ship)
- 13. Ship's BRC
- 14. Final approach fix location
- 15. Final approach heading
- 16. Coincidence of multi-sensor data
- 17. Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor correlation error
- 18. Ownship position
- 19. Directive instructions
- 20. Externally provided recovery information
- 21. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information
- 22. Ownship big picture relationships (marshal/recovery sequence, etc.)
- 23. TKBS recommended action(s) for recovery
- 24. Inflight mission planning information
- 25. Flight member status
- 26. Significant meteorological conditions
- 27. Self-contained glide slope/path information

PHASE:

RECOVERY (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

DECISION:

Perform fuel dump, as required (7.1.9)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY:

- 4

ALTERNATIVES:

- Dump to maximum arrestment weight
- 2. Dump to minimum fuel required
- 3. Dump to maximum arrestment weight fuel required for approach
- 4. Dump to gross weight as directed
- 5. Do not dump fuel
- 6. Delay decision

- 1. Fuel aboard useable quantity
- 2. Quantity external fuel
- 3. Fuel aboard unusable quantity
- 4. Aircraft weight basic airframe
- 5. External stores weight
- 6. Suspension equipment weight
- 7. Maximum allowable trap weight
- 8. Fuel required
- 9. Tanker availability/position/give
- 10. Position in recovery order
- 11. Flight member's position in recovery order
- 12. Recovery signal
- 13. Recovery conditions
- 14. Recovery mode
- 15. Present boarding rate
- 16. EMCON condition
- 17. Fuel reserve (procedural/personal)
- 18. Number emergency aircraft inbound
- 19. Nature of emergency for inbound aircraft
- 20. Fuel flow
- 21. Maximum delta capability (in minutes)
- 22. Fuel dump initiated
- 23. Fuel dump in progress
- 24. Fuel dump secured
- 25. Fuel dump ceased
- 26. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 27. Ship location
- 28. Directive instructions
- 29. Distance to divert landing site
- 30. Winds aloft
- 31. Fuel aboard upon arrival at divert landing site

PHASE:

RECOVERY (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

DECISION:

Perform approach/pattern entry (7.1.10)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Attitude 1.
- Altitude (AGL/MSL) 2.
- Airspeed 3.
- Heading 4.
- 5. Vertical velocity
- 6. Clear of traffic/obstacles
- 7. Engine performance
- Hydraulic status 8.
- Pneumatic status 9.
- 10. Standard/non-standard recovery
- 11. Standard instrument recovery
- 12. Recovery instructions
- 13. BRC
- 14. Winds aloft
- 15. Marshall (departure) information (i.e., push time)
- 16. Charlie time17. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 18. Local barometric pressure
- 19. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 20. System status
- 21. Ship's automatic landing system status
- 22. Automatic landing system couple status
- 23. Internal glide slope/bearing indicator validity status
- 24. Ship identification
- 25. Auto throttle response
- 26. Auto throttle engagement status
- 27. Angle of attack
- 28. Glideslope
- 29. Line-up
- 30. Ship location
- 31. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 32. Optimum heading
- 33. CCA guidance
- 34. Recovery conditions
- 35. Recovery mode
- 36. Angle of attack optimum
- 37. Recovery signal
- 38. EMCON condition
- 39. Landing checks complete
- 40. Wind over deck

PHASE:

RECOVERY (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

DECISION:

Perform landing (7.1.13)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Directive instructions 1.
- 2. Glidepath - optimum
- Glidepath present deviation from optimum
- 4. Course - optimum
- 5. Course present deviation from optimum
- Vertical velocity 6.
- 7. Angle of attack - optimum
- 8. Angle of attack
- 9. Range to touchdown
- 10. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- 11. Aircraft weight total
 12. Fuel weight
 13. Bingo fuel state

- 14. Acknowledgement of ready deck
- 15. ATC clearance/instruction
- 16. BRC
- 17. Final bearing
- 18. Significant meteorological conditions at ship
- 19. Air traffic
- 20. Landing systems status
- 21. Tailhook position
- 22. Tailhook snubber pressure
- 23. Aircraft control surface configuration
- 24. Home carrier battle damage

PHASE:

RECOVERY (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

DECISION:

Determine requirement for missed approach/waveoff (7.1.14)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Directive instructions
- 2. Optimum fly-away profile
- Optimum fly-away aircraft configuration 3.
- Angle of attack optimum

 Angle of attack present deviation from optimum 5.
- 6. Power setting
- Recovery pattern constraints 7.
- Tanker availability/position/give 8.
- Bingo/divert field position (x,y)
- 10. Optimum bingo profile
- 11. Air traffic
- 12. Home carrier battle damage
- 13. Fuel state
- 14. Capability to reach bingo landing site

PHASE:

RECOVERY (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

DECISION:

Comply with clearance instructions (7.2.5)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

3

- **ALTERNATIVES:**
- 1. Comply strictly with clearance instructions Comply generally with clearance instructions 2.
- 3. Do not comply 4. Delay decision

- 1. Time of day (local/zulu)
- Time assigned to be somewhere
- Location of assigned position (to be) 3.
- 4. Ship location
- Ownship position
- BRC
- Directive instructions 7.
- Standard/non-standard recovery
- Standard instrument re
 Recovery instructions Standard instrument recovery
- 11. Charlie time
- 12. Time required to traverse distance to achieve charlie time
- 13. Delta time
- 14. Local barometric pressure
- 15. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 16. Ship identification
- 17. Winds aloft
- 18. Wind over deck
- 19. Glideslope
- 20. Line-up
- 21. Angle of attack
- 22. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 23. Optimum heading
- 24. Assigned heading
- 25. Assigned altitude
- 26. Assigned airspeed
- 27. CCA guidance
- 28. Recovery conditions
- 29. Recovery mode
- 30. Recovery signal
- 31. EMCON condition
- 32. LSO guidance
- 33. Optical landing system in use
- 34. Deck status (ready, fouled, etc.)
- 35. Capability to comply
- 36. Wisdom of compliance
- 37. TKBS recommendation

PHASE:

RECOVERY (7.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: COMMUNICATE (7.3)

DECISION TYPE: I

Set EMCON (7.3.4)

CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

Total EMCON

No EMCON - emissions free 2. Comm tight - sensors free 3.

Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

5

Directive instructions 1.

Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

Threat condition 3.

4. Radar transmit status

5. Voice comm transmit status

6. Link transmit status

Navigation transmit status 7.

Jammer response status 8.

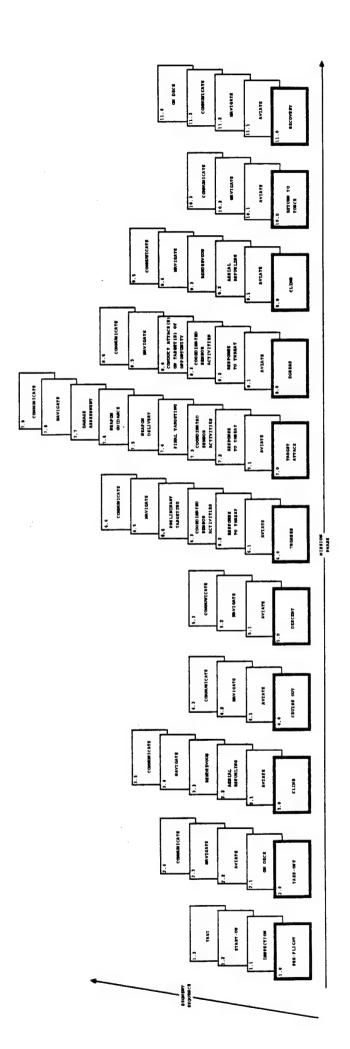
CIT response status

10. Laser activity status

APPENDIX C

STRIKE

MISSION TASK/DECISION ANALYSES AND INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS



	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
1.0		PRE-FLIGHT		
1.1		INSPECTION		
1.1.1		EXTERNAL INSPECTION		
1.1.2		MAN-UP		
1.1.3		COCKPIT CHECKS		
			·	
1.2		START-UP		
1.2.1		PERFORM ENGINE START		
1.2.2		PERFORM AVIONICS START/INITIALIZATION		
1.2.3		INSERT PRE-FLIGHT DATA		
1.2.4		PERFORM WEAPONRY INITIALIZATION		
1.2.5		EXECUTE EMERGENCY PROCEDURE(S), AS REQUIRED		
1.3		TAXI		
1.3.1		MONITOR SYSTEMS		
1.3.2	`	TAXI AIRCRAFT		
1.3.3		CHECK AVIONICS		
1.3.4	, .	COMPLY WITH TAXI DIRECTIONS		
1.3.5		RECEIVE FLIGHT CLEARANCE		
1.3.6	YES	SET EMCON	5	1
1.3.7		EXECUTE COMM CHECKS, IAW EMCON		
]	

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
2.0		TAKE-OFF		
2.1		ON DECK		·
2.1.1		RECEIVE TAKE-OFF CLEARANCE/INSTRUCTIONS		
2.1.2		PERFORM TAKE-OFF CHECKLIST		
2.1.3		VISUAL CHECK OF FLIGHT MEMBER(S) (IF APPLICABLE)		
2.1.4	YES	DETERMINE PREPAREDNESS FOR FLIGHT	1	
2.2		AVIATE		
2.2.1		INITIATE TAKE-OFF ROLL/PRESS-UP/CAT SHOT		
2.2.2		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
2.2.3	YES	ESTABLISH AIRCRAFT FLIGHT ATTITUDE/POWER	1	H
2.2.4	YES	ANALYZE GO/NO-GO CRITERIA	2	
2.2.5		EXECUTE EMERGENCY PROCEDURE(S), AS REQUIRED		
2.3		NAVIGATE		
2.3.1		MONITOR NAV SYSTEM		
2.3.2		COMPLY WITH CLEARANCE/INSTRUCTIONS		
2.4		COMMUNICATE		
2.4.1		COMMUNICATE CLEAR INFORMATION WITH CONTROLLING/OTHER PLATFORMS		
2.4.2		COMMUNICATE SECURE INFORMATION WITH CONTROLLING/OTHER PLATFORMS		
2.4.3	YES	SET EMCON	5	

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
3.0		CLIMB		
3.1		AVIATE		
3.1.1		ASSUME CLIMB ATTITUDE		
3.1.2	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT OPERATION AND FLIGHT	1	
3.1.3		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS	,	''
3.1.4	YES	ANALYZE GO/NO-GO CRITERIA	3	1
3.1.5	YES	SET FORMATION	5	
3.2		AERIAL REFUELING		
3.2.1	,	CONFIGURE AIRCRAFT		
3.2.2		PERFORM PLUG-IN		
3.2.3		TAKE FUEL ONBOARD AND MONITOR FUEL STATUS		
3.2.4		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
3.2.5		MONITOR COMM		
3.2.6		DISENGAGE REFUELING		
3.2.7		RECONFIGURE AIRCRAFT		
3.3		RENDEZVOUS		
3.3.1		INITIATE CLOSURE		
3.3.2	YES	DETERMINE / CONTROL CLOSURE	3	П
3.3.3	YES	DETERMINE / CONTROL BEARING	4	. 11
3.3.4	YES	DETERMINE / CONTROL ALTITUDE	4	11
3.3.5		EFFECT JOIN-UP		

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
3.4		NAVIGATE		·
3.4.1		MONITOR POSITION		
3.4.2		MONITOR COURSE		
3.4.3		MONITOR SPEED		
3.4.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
3.4.5		COMPUTE ETA		
3.4.6		COMPARE PRESENT STATUS AND ESTIMATES TO MISSION PLAN (TIME, FUEL, etc.)		
3.4.7	YES	ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED	5	II
3.5		COMMUNICATE		
3.5.1		COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE (CV, FLIGHT MEMBER, TANKER ACCC, EW, etc.)		
3.5.2		COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE		
3.5.3		PERFORM D/L COMM		
3.5.4		PERFORM SATCOM		
3.5.5	YES	SET EMCON	5	1
3.5.6		SET CIT MODES AND CODES		

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
4.0		ODUNCE OUT		
4.0		CRUISE OUT AVIATE		
4.1.1	YES	CRUISE/TRIM AIRCRAFT (FLY AT BEST CRUISE SPEED AND ALTITUDE)	1	11
4.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	4	
4.1.3		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
4.1.4	YES	ANALYZE GO/NO-GO CRITERIA	4	ı
4.1.5	YES	SET FORMATION	5	ı
4.1.6		CONDUCT WEAPONS STATUS CHECK		
4.1.7	YES	INTERPRET WEAPONS STATUS REPORTS	4	ı
4.1.8		PERFORM PENETRATION CHECKLIST		
4.2		NAVIGATE		
4.2.1		MONITOR POSITION		
4.2.2		MONITOR COURSE		
4.2.3		MONITOR SPEED		
4.2.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
4.2.5	:	COMPUTE ETA		
4.2.6		COMPARE PRESENT STATUS AND ESTIMATES TO MISSION PLAN (TIME PLAN AS REQUIRED)		
4.2.7	YES	ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED	5	IJ
4.3		COMMUNICATE		
4.3.1		COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE		
4.3.2		COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE		
4.3.3		PERFORM D/L COMM AMONG FRIENDLY UNITS		
4.3.4	YES	SET EMCON STATUS	5	ı
4.3.5		PERFORM SATCOM		

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
5.0		DESCENT		
5.1		AVIATE		
5.1.1	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	4	ı
5.1.2		CONDUCT WEAPON STATUS TESTS		
5.1.3		ACTIVATE THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS	,	
5.1.4	YES	ACQUIRE AND IDENTIFY MISSION CHECKPOINTS	2	ı
5.1.5		ARM WEAPONS		
5.1.6		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
5.1.7	YES	DETERMINE ALTERNATE TARGET DIVERT CRITERIA	5	11
5.1.8	YES	SELECT SENSOR MODES	4	ı
5.1.9	YES	PERFORM AIRCRAFT DESCENT	1	11
5.1.10	YES	ACQUIRE AND IDENTIFY COAST IN POINT	2	ı
5.1.11	YES	SET FORMATION	4	1
5.1.12		ACTIVATE MISSION RECORDER SYSTEM		
5.1.13	YES	INTERPRET MULTI-SENSOR CORRELATION DATA	3	11
5.1.14		MONITOR SYSTEM STATUS		
5.1.15	YES	ANALYZE GO/NO-GO CRITERIA	3	
5.1.16		PERFORM COMBAT CHECKLIST		
5.2		NAVIGATE		
5.2.1		MONITOR POSITION		
5.2.2		MONITOR COURSE		i i
5.2.3		MONITOR SPEED		
5.2.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
5.3 5.3.1 5.3.2 5.3.3 5.3.4	YES	COMMUNICATE COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE PERFORM D/L COMM AMONG FRIENDLIES SET EMCON PERFORM SATCOM	5	1
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	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
6.0		INGRESS		
6.1		AVIATE		
6.1.1	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	4	·
6.1.2		MONITOR WEAPONS STATUS		
6.1.3	YES	ACQUIRE & IDENTIFY MISSION CHECKPOINTS	2	ı
6.1.4	YES	DETERMINE ALTERNATE TARGET DIVERT CRITERIA	4	11
6.1.5	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT (FLY AT BEST/PLANNED SPEED, ALTITUDE, etc.)	1	II
6.1.6		MAINTAIN FORMATION		
6.1.7		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
6.1.8	YES	ANALYZE TACTICAL SITUATION	2	
6.1.8		EXECUTE EMERGENCY PROCEDURE(S), AS REQUIRED		
6.2		RESPONSE TO THREAT		
6.2.1		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
6.2.2	YES	DETERMINE THREAT DEGREE	1	ļ. I
6.2.3	YES	DETERMINE IMMINENCE OF THREAT	2	
6.2.4	YES	DETERMINE TO AVOID OR SUPPRESS	2	11
6.2.5		PERFORM THREAT AVOIDANCE/SUPPRESSION		
6.2.6	YES	DETERMINE OPTIMUM RE-ROUTING, AS REQUIRED	3	11
6.3		COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES		
6.3.1	YES	OPERATE SENSORS	3	1
6.3.2		CORRELATE ON-BOARD SENSOR DATA/ INFORMATION		
6.3.3		CORRELATE EXTERNAL DATA WITH ON-BOARD DATA/INFORMATION		

234

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
6.3.4	YES	INTERPRET SENSOR DATA/INFORMATION	3	11
6.4	·	PRELIMINARY TARGETING		
6.4.1		PERFORM PRELIMINARY TARGETING MANEUVER(S)		
6.4.2		PERFORM TARGET SEARCH/DETECTION		
6.4.3	YES	ACQUIRE AND IDENTIFY TARGET AREA	2	l
6.5		NAVIGATE		
6.5.1		MONITOR POSITION		
6.5.2		MONITOR COURSE		
6.5.3		MONITOR SPEED		
6.5.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
6.5.5		COMPUTE TOT		
6.5.6		COMPARE PRESENT STATUS & ESTIMATES TO MISSION PLAN		
6.5.7	YES	ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED	3	11
6.5.8		PERFORM TERRAIN AVOIDANCE		
6.5.9	YES	PERFORM NAVIGATION SYSTEM UPDATE	3	I
6.6		COMMUNICATE		
6.6.1		COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE		
6.6.2		PERFORM D/L COMM W/ FRIENDLIES		
6.6.3	YES	SET EMCON	3	1
6.6.4		PERFORM SATCOM		
				·

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
7.0		TARGET ATTACK		
7.1		AVIATE		
7.1.1	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	4	ı
7.1.2	, 20	PERFORM WEAPON DELIVERY CHECKLIST		
7.1.3		MONITOR WEAPONS STATUS		
7.1.4	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT	1	11
7.1.5		MAINTAIN FORMATION		
7.1.6		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
7.1.7	YES	ANALYZE GO/NO-GO CRITERIA	4	1
7.1.8		EXECUTE EMERGENCY PROCEDURE(S), AS REQUIRED		
7.2		RESPONSE TO THREAT		
7.2.1		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
7.2.2	YES	DETERMINE THREAT DEGREE	2	
7.2.3	YES	DETERMINE IMMINENCE OF THREAT	2	1
7.2.4	YES	DETERMINE TO AVOID OR SUPPRESS	2	11
7.2.5		PERFORM THREAT AVOIDANCE/SUPPRESSION		
7.3		COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES		
7.3.1	YES	OPERATE SENSORS	3	ı
7.3.2	•	CORRELATE ON-BOARD SENSOR DATA/ INFORMATION		
7.3.3		CORRELATE EXTERNAL DATA WITH ON-BOARD DATA/INFORMATION		
7.3.4	YES	INTERPRET SENSOR DATA/INFORMATION	3	II

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
7.4		FINAL TARGETING		
7.4.1		PERFORM TARGETING MANEUVER, AS REQUIRED		
7.4.2	YES	PERFORM TARGET ACQUISITION	2	
7.4.3	YES	PERFORM TARGET IDENTIFICATION/CLASSIFICATION	3	1
7.4.4	YES	PERFORM TARGET DESIGNATION	2	1
7.5		WEAPON DELIVERY		
7.5.1	YES	SELECT WEAPON	2	ı
7.5.2	YES	SELECT WEAPON MODE	2	1
7.5.3	YES	EXECUTE COORDINATED WEAPON DELIVERY MANEUVER (AUTO OR MANUAL)	3	II
7.5.4	YES	COMMIT WEAPON	2	ı
7.5.5		EXECUTE ORDINANCE DELIVERY ESCAPE MANEUVER		
7.6		WEAPON GUIDANCE		
7.6.1		PROVIDE STEERING DATA/ILLUMINATION		
7.7		DAMAGE ASSESSMENT		
7.7.1	YES	DETERMINE TARGET DAMAGE	4	II
7.7.2	YES	ASSESS RE-ATTACK OPTIONS	5	11
7.8		NAVIGATE		
7.8.1		MONITOR POSITION		
7.8.2		MONITOR COURSE		·
7.8.3		MONITOR SPEED		
7.8.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
7.8.5 7.8.6 7.8.7 7.8.8 7.8.9	YES	COMPUTE TOT COMPARE PRESENT STATUS & ESTIMATES TO MISSION PLAN ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED PERFORM TERRAIN AVOIDANCE COMPLY WITH CLEARANCE/INSTRUCTION	3	11
7.9 7.9.1 7.9.2 7.9.3 7.9.4 7.9.5	YES	COMMUNICATE COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE PERFORM D/L COMM W/ FRIENDLIES SET EMCON PERFORM SATCOM COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE, AS REQUIRED	. 5	1

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
8.0		EGRESS		
8.1		AVIATE		
8.1.1	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	4	
8.1.2		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS	7	'
8.1.3	YES	ACQUIRE & IDENTIFY MISSION CHECKPOINTS	3	1
8.1.4	YES	CONTROL AIRCRAFT (FLY AT BEST/PLANNED SPEED, ALTITUDE, etc.)	1	11
8.1.5		MAINTAIN FORMATION		
8.1.6		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
8.1.7		EXECUTE EMERGENCY PROCEDURES, AS REQUIRED		
8.1.8		EXECUTE RETURN TO FORCE PROCEDURE(S)		
8.2		RESPONSE TO THREAT		
8.2.1		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
8.2.2	YES	DETERMINE THREAT DEGREE	1	1
8.2.3	YES	DETERMINE IMMINENCE OF THREAT	1	
8.2.4	YES	DETERMINE TO AVOID OR SUPPRESS	2	11
8.2.5		PERFORM THREAT AVOIDANCE/SUPPRESSION		
8.2.6	YES	DETERMINE OPTIMUM RE-ROUTING, AS REQUIRED	3	11
8.3		COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES		
8.3.1	YES	OPERATE SENSORS	3	ı
8.3.2		CORRELATE ONBOARD SENSOR DATA/INFORMA- TION		
8.3.3		CORRELATE EXTERNAL DATA WITH ONBOARD DATA/INFORMATION		
8.3.4	YES	INTERPRET SENSOR DATA/INFORMATION	3	11 239

239

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
8.4		CONDUCT ATTACK(S) ON TARGET(S) OF OPPORTUNITY		
8.4.1		PERFORM TARGETING MANEUVER		
8.4.2	YES	PERFORM TARGET ACQUISITION	4	1
8.4.3	YES	PERFORM TARGET IDENTIFICATION/CLASSIFICA- TION	3	1
8.4.4	YES	PERFORM TARGET DESIGNATION	3	1
8.4.5	YES	SELECT WEAPON	3	1
8.4.6	YES	SELECT WEAPON MODE	3	ļ
8.4.7	YES	EXECUTE WEAPON DELIVERY MANEUVER	3	II
8.4.8	YES	COMMIT WEAPON	3	ı
8.4.9		EXECUTE FRAG AVOIDANCE MANEUVER		
8.4.10		PROVIDE STEERING DATA/ILLUMINATION		
8.4.11	YES	DETERMINE TARGET DAMAGE	5	11
8.5		NAVIGATE		
8.5.1	•	MONITOR POSITION		
8.5.2		MONITOR COURSE		
8.5.3		MONITOR SPEED		
8.5.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
8.5.5		COMPUTE FLOT PENETRATION TIME		
8.5.6		COMPARE PRESENT STATUS & ESTIMATES TO MISSION PLAN		
8.5.7	YES	ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED	3	li
8.5.8		PERFORM TERRAIN AVOIDANCE		
8.5.9	YES	PERFORM NAVIGATION SYSTEM UPDATE	5	l

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
8.6 8.6.1 8.6.2 8.6.3 8.6.4 8.6.5 8.6.6	YES	COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE PERFORM D/L COMM AMONG FRIENDLIES PERFORM SATCOM SET EMCON SET CIT MODES AND CODES	5	

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
9.0		CLIMB		
9.1		AVIATE		
9.1.1	\/TO	ASSUME CLIMB ATTITUDE CONTROL AIRCRAFT OPERATION AND FLIGHT	1	11
9.1.2	YES	MONITOR SYSTEM STATUS	'	"
9.1.3				
9.1.4		MAINTAIN FORMATION		
9.2	·	AERIAL REFUELING		
9.2.1		CONFIGURE AIRCRAFT		
9.2.2		PERFORM PLUG-IN		
9.2.3		TAKE FUEL ON-BOARD AND MONITOR FUEL STATUS		
9.2.4		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
9.2.5		MONITOR COMM		
9.2.6		DISENGAGE REFUELING		
9.2.7		RECONFIGURE AIRCRAFT		
9.3		RENDEZVOUS		
9.3.1		INITIATE CLOSURE		
9.3.2	YES	DETERMINE/CONTROL CLOSURE	3	
9.3.3	YES	DETERMINE/CONTROL BEARING	4	"
9.3.4	YES	DETERMINE/CONTROL ALTITUDE	4	
9.3.5		EFFECT JOIN-UP		
9.4		NAVIGATE		
9.4.1		MONITOR POSITION		

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
-		MONITOR COLURA		
9.4.2 9.4.3		MONITOR COURSE		
9.4.4		MONITOR SPEED		
9.4.5		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
9.4.6		COMPUTE ETA COMPARE PRESENT STATUS AND ESTIMATES TO PLAN (TIME, FUEL, etc.)		
9.4.7	YES	ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED	5	ll .
9.5		COMMUNICATE		
9.5.1		COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE (CV FLIGHT MEMBER, TANKER ACCC, EW, etc.)		
9.5.2		COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE		
9.5.3		PERFORM D/L COMM		
9.5.4		PERFORM SATCOM		
9.5.5	YES	PERFORM EMCON	5	l

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
10.0		RETURN TO FORCE		
10.1		AVIATE		
10.1.1	YES	CRUISE/TRIM AIRCRAFT (FLY AT BEST CRUISE SPEED AND ALTITUDE)	1	11
10.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	4	l
10.1.3		MONITOR SYSTEMS STATUS		
10.1.4	YES	SET FORMATION	5	l
]
10.2		NAVIGATE		
10.2.1		MONITOR POSITION		
10.2.2		MONITOR COURSE		
10.2.3		MONITOR SPEED		
10.2.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		
10.2.5		COMPUTE ETA		
10.2.6		COMPARE PRESENT STATUS AND ESTIMATES TO MISSION PLAN (TIME, FUEL, etc.)		
10.2.7	YES	ADJUST FLIGHT PLAN, AS REQUIRED	5	11
10.3		COMMUNICATE		
10.3.1		COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE		
10.3.2		COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE		
10.3.3		PERFORM D/L COMM AMONG FRIENDLY UNITS		
10.3.4	YES	SET EMCON STATUS	5	1
10.3.5		PERFORM SATCOM		
				244

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION TYPE
11.0		RECOVERY		
11.1		AVIATE		
11.1.1		PERFORM PENETRATION CHECKLIST		
11.1.2	YES	SELECT PILOT RELIEF MODE	3	ı
11.1.3		SAFE WEAPONS		
11.1.4		MONITOR THREAT DETECTION SYSTEMS		
11.1.5	YES	PERFORM AIRCRAFT DESCENT	1	11
11.1.6	YES	SET RECOVERY FORMATION, AS REQUIRED	5	ı
11.1.7	YES	INTERPRET MULTI-SENSOR CORRELATION DATA	3	11
11.1.8		MONITOR SYSTEM STATUS		
11.1.9		EXECUTE EMERGENCY PROCEDURE(S), AS REQUIRED		
11.1.10	YES	PERFORM FUEL DUMP, AS REQUIRED	4	11
11.1.11	YES	PERFORM APPROACH/PATTERN ENTRY	1	11
11.1.12		CONFIGURE AIRCRAFT FOR LANDING		
11.1.13		PERFORM LANDING CHECKLIST		
11.1.14	YES	PERFORM LANDING	1	11
11.1.15	YES	DETERMINE REQUIREMENT FOR MISSED APPROACH/WAVE-OFF	1	11
11.1.16		PERFORM BOLTER/MISSED APPROACH/WAVE- OFF (AS REQUIRED)		
11.2		NAVIGATE		
11.2.1		MONITOR POSITION		
11.2.2	·	MONITOR COURSE		
11.2.3		MONITOR SPEED		
11.2.4		MONITOR ALTITUDE		

	DECISION REQ'TS	PHASE, SEGMENT, TASKS	CRITICALITY	DECISION Type
11.2.5	YES	COMPLY WITH CLEARANCE/INSTRUCTIONS	3	ı
11.3 11.3.1 11.3.2		COMMUNICATE COMMUNICATE SECURE VOICE COMMUNICATE CLEAR VOICE PERFORM D/L COMM AMONG FRIENDLIES		
11.3.3 11.3.4 11.3.5	YES	SET EMCON SET CIT MODES AND CODES	5	
11.4 11.4.1 11.4.2 11.4.3 11.4.4		ON DECK TAXI CLEAR PARK AIRCRAFT PERFORM SHUT DOWN CHECKLIST RECORD APPLICABLE DATA		
11.4.5		SECURE AIRCRAFT		
	·			

PHASE:

PRE-FLIGHT (1.0)

SEGMENT:

TAXI (1.3)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (1.3.6)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: 5 **ALTERNATIVES:**

1. **Total EMCON**

2. No EMCON - Emissions free 3. Comm tight - sensors free Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Briefed plan

Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

Radar transmit status 4.

5. Voice comm transmit status

Link transmit status 6.

Navigation transmit status

8. AGL/MSL measuring device transmit status

Jammer response status 9.

10. CIT response status

11. Laser activity status

PHASE:

TAKE-OFF (2.0)

SEGMENT:

ON DECK (2.1)

DECISION:

Determine preparedness for flight (2.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: |
CRITICALITY: 1
ALTERNATIVES:

1. Go

2. Abort

Alter standards
 Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. ATC clearance/instruction

2. Checklist results

3. Meteorological conditions - present position

4. Meteorological conditions - enroute

5. Meteorological conditions - target

6. System status

7. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories

8. Criticality of flight/mission

9. Flight member status

10. Tanker/support aircraft status

11. Threat condition

12. Launch window (time remaining)

13. Flight member visual check

14. Final checker results

15. Fuel weight board accuracy

16. Catapult officer's readiness/assurance

17. Type catapult shot (i.e., mil/max)

18. End speed

PHASE:

TAKE-OFF(2.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (2.2)

DECISION:

Establish Aircraft Flight Attitude/Power (2.2.3)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1

- 1. End speed
- Rotation attitude 2.
- 3. Landing gear position/transition
- 4. Flap position/transition
- Fuel transfer initiated/transferring 5.
- 6. Vertical velocity
- 7. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- 8. Airspeed
- 9. Heading
- 10. Standard/non-standard departure (visual)
- 11. Standard instrument departure
- 12. Engine performance13. Hydraulic status
- 14. Pneumatic status
- 15. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 16. Ejection system status
- 17. External stores integrity
- 18. Flight control system operability
- 19. Angle of attack
- 20. Local barometric pressure
- 21. Altimeter barometric pressure setting

PHASE:

TAKE-OFF (2.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (2.2)

DECISION:

Analyze GO/NO-GO criteria (2.2.4)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY: 2
ALTERNATIVES:

1. Go

2. Abort

3. Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Engine performance

2. Flight control system operability

3. System performance4. External stores integrity

5. Directive instructions

6. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories

PHASE:

SEGMENT:

TAKE OFF (2.0) COMMUNICATE (2.4)

DECISION:

DECISION TYPE: I

Set EMCON (2.4.3)

CRITICALITY: 5 ALTERNATIVES:

Total EMCON

No EMCON - Emissions free Comm tight - sensors free Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Briefed plan

2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

4. Radar transmit status

Voice comm transmit status

6. Link transmit status

7. Navigation transmit status

8. AGL/MSL measuring device transmit status

Jammer response status

10. CIT response status

11. Laser activity status

PHASE:

CLIMB (3.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (3.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft operation and flight (3.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 1

- 1. Attitude
- 2. Attitude (AGL/MSL)
- 3. Airspeed
- 4. Heading
- 5. Angle of attack
- 6. Vertical velocity
- 7. Clear of traffic/obstacles
- 8. Engine performance
- 9. Hydraulic status
- 10. Pneumatic status
- 11. Standard/non-standard departure (visual)
- 12. Standard instrument departure
- 13. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 14. Navigation compliance cues
- 15. Sideslip
- 16. Optimum airspeed
- 17. Optimum vertical velocity
- 18. Optimum heading
- 19. Local barometric pressure
- 20. Altimeter barometric pressure setting

PHASE:

CLIMB (3.0)

SEGMENT:

DECISION:

AVIATE (3.1) Analyze Go/No-go Criteria (3.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: 3 **ALTERNATIVES:**

1. Go

2. **Abort**

3. Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Engine performance

2. Flight control system operability

3. System performance

External stores integrity 4.

Directive instructions 5.

Flight warnings/cautions/advisories 6.

PHASE:

CLIMB (3.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (3.1)

DECISION:

Set formation (3.1.5)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

Parade

5

Cruise 2.

3. Loose cruise

4. Combat spread

5. Trail

6. Box

Timed sequence 7.

As directed

- Cloud cover present/expected 1.
- Visibility present/expected 2.
- Turbulence present/expected 3.
- Capability of flight member (flight member/leader) 4.
- 5. Sensor status
- **EMCON status** 6.
- 7. Threat condition
- **Briefed formation** 8.
- Sun/moon angle (elevation)
- 10. Percentage illumination (ambient/artificial)
- 11. Air traffic
- 12. Flight member position

PHASE:

CLIMB (3.0)

SEGMENT:

RENDEZVOUS (3.3)

DECISION:

Determine/control closure (3.3.2)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Desired rate of closure
- 2. Rate of closure
- 3. Distance between flight members
- Disengagement opportunities/options
 Joiner's indicated airspeed
 Leader's indicated airspeed 4.
- 5.
- Sideslip 7.
- 8. Speedbrake/lift degradation device position
- 9. Power setting
- 10. Flight member position

PHASE: SEGMENT:

CLIMB (3.0) RENDEZVOUS (3.3)

DECISION:

Determine/control bearing (3.3.3)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Desired bearing line – constant
 Desired bearing line – curvilinear
 Actual bearing from leader
 Leader's rate of turn

PHASE:

SEGMENT:

CLIMB (3.0) RENDEZVOUS (3.3)

DECISION:

Determine/control altitude (3.3.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 4

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Leader's altitude 1.

Desired ownship altitude
Altitude (AGL/MSL)
Vertical velocity change(s)
Position of horizon 2.

3.

4.

5.

Engine thrust available

PHASE:

CLIMB (3.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (3.4)

DECISION:

Adjust flight plan, as required (3.4.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 5

- 1. Elapsed time/time to go
- 2. Fuel state
- 3. Fuel required
- 4. Fuel flow
- 5. Ground speed
- 6. Optimum altitude Ps
- 7. Optimum indicated Mach Ps
- 8. Present routing
- 9. Optimum routing
- 10. Distance to next waypoint
- 11. Distance to target
- 12. Distance from station to home (total mission distance)
- 13. Time to next waypoint at present ground speed
- 14. Time to next waypoint at altered ground speed
- 15. Fuel to next waypoint at present ground speed and altitude
- 16. Fuel to next waypoint at altered ground speed and altitude
- 17. Time to station at present ground speed
- 18. Time to station at altered ground speed
- 19. Fuel to station at present ground speed and altitude
- 20. Fuel to station at altered ground speed and altitude
- 21. Threat condition
- 22. System performance
- 23. Directive instructions
- 24. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 25. Winds aloft
- 26. Optimum attitude max range
- 27. Optimum Mach max range
- 28. Optimum altitude max endurance
- 29. Optimum Mach max endurance
- 30. Vertical velocity
- 31. Fuel remaining at next waypoint
- 32. Fuel remaining at station
- 33. Fuel remaining upon recovery (as per plan)

PHASE:

CLIMB (3.0)

SEGMENT:

COMMUNICATE (3.5)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (3.5.5)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

1. **Total EMCON**

2. No EMCON - emissions free 3. Comm tight - sensors free

Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Briefed plan

2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

Threat condition 3.

Radar transmit status 4.

Voice comm transmit status

6. Link transmit status

7. Navigation transmit status

AGL/MSL measuring device transmit status

Jammer response status

Jammer response status

11. Laser activity status

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (4.1)

DECISION:

Cruise/Trim aircraft (4.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Altitude (AGL/MSL) 1.
- 2. Airspeed
- 3. Attitude
- Heading 4.
- Angle of attack 5.
- 6. Vertical velocity
- Clear of traffic/obstacles 7.
- Engine performance
- Hydraulic status
 Pneumatic status
- 11. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 12. Navigation compliance cues
- 13. Optimum airspeed

- 14. Optimum altitude
 15. Optimum fuel flow
 16. Ground speed
 17. Optimum heading
 18. Altimeter barometric pressure setting

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0) AVIATE (4.1)

SEGMENT:

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (4.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

Attitude hold 1.

Altitude hold-barometric 2.

3. Altitude hold-AGL

4. Heading hold

5. Auto/manual trim/throttles

6. None

Coupie - External 7.

Couple - auto onboard

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Altitude (AGL/MSL) 1.

2. Heading

3. Ground speed

4. Present pilot relief mode status

5. Certification of new mode selection

6. Attitude

Pilot fatigue level Pilot workload 7.

8.

9. Directive instructions

10. Ownship position

11. System performance

12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (4.1)

DECISION:

Analyze GO/NO-GO Criteria (4.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

1. Go

2. Abort

3. Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Engine performance

2. Flight control system operability

3. System performance

4. Directive instructions

5. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories

Meteorological conditions (present) 6.

7. Fuel flow

Threat condition 8.

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (4.1)

DECISION:

Set formation (4.1.5)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

5

ALTERNATIVES:

- Parade
- 2. Cruise
- 3. Loose cruise
- 4. Combat spread
- 5. Trail
- 6. Box
- 7. Timed sequence
- 8. Same way, same day
- 9. As directed

- 1. Cloud cover - present/expected
- 2.
- 3.
- Visibility present/expected
 Turbulence present/expected
 Capability of flight member (flight member/leader) 4.
- 5. Sensor status
- **EMCON status**
- 7. Threat condition
- **Briefed formation** 8.
- 9. Sun/moon angle (elevation)10. Percentage illumination (ambient/artificial)
- 11. Air traffic
- 12. Flight member position

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (4.1)

DECISION:

Interpret Weapons Status Reports (4.1.7)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

- Weapon armed and ready Weapon armed but not ready 2.
- Weapon safe 3.
- Weapon hung
- Weapon failed
- Weapon locked/unlocked 6.
- Weapon degraded 7.
- Weapon not communicating with mission computer

- Weapons onboard type/model 1.
- Weapons onboard location
- Weapons onboard quantity each location 3.
- Weapons launch modes available 4.
- Weapon mode selected 5.
- Master mode selected 6.
- Weapon selected 7.
- Weapon initialization data preplanned
- Weapon initialization data received by weapon
- 10. Weapon prep data availability
- 11. Weapon prep data receipt by weapon
- 12. Interval selected (for multiple releases)
- 13. Minimum interval allowable
- 14. Arming options available
- 15. Arming option selected
- 16. Fuzing options available
- 17. Fuzing option selected
- 18. Quantity selected per interval (for multiple release)
- 19. Weapon auto gain control status (if applicable)
- 20. Weapon threat library selected (if applicable)
- 21. Weapon target type priority selected (if applicable)
- 22. Terminal guidance option selected

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (4.2)

DECISION:

Adjust flight plan, as required (4.2.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Elapsed time/time to go
- 2. Fuel state
- 3. Fuel required
- 4. Fuel flow
- 5. Ground speed
- 6. Optimum altitude Ps
- 7. Optimum indicated Mach Ps

- 8. Present routing9. Optimum routing10. Distance to next waypoint
- 11. Distance to target
- 12. Distance from station to home (total mission distance)
- 13. Time to next waypoint at present ground speed
- 14. Time to next waypoint at altered ground speed
- 15. Fuel to next waypoint at present ground speed and altitude
- 16. Fuel to next waypoint at altered ground speed and altitude
- 17. Time to station at present ground speed
- 18. Time to station at altered ground speed
- 19. Fuel to station at present ground speed and altitude
- 20. Fuel to station at altered ground speed and altitude
- 21. Threat condition
- 22. System performance
- 23. Directive instructions
- 24. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 25. Winds aloft
- 26. Optimum altitude max range
- 27. Optimum Mach max range
- 28. Optimum altitude max endurance
- 29. Optimum Mach max endurance30. Vertical velocity
- 31. Fuel remaining at next waypoint
- 32. Fuel remaining at station
- 33. Fuel remaining upon recovery (as per plan)

PHASE:

CRUISE OUT (4.0)

SEGMENT:

COMMUNICATE (4.3)

DECISION: S
DECISION TYPE: I

Set EMCON (4.3.4)

CRITICALITY:

5

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

1. Total EMCON

2. No EMCON - emissions free

3. Comm tight - sensors free

4. Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Briefed plan

2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

4. Radar transmit status

5. Voice comm transmit status

6. Link transmit status

7. Navigation transmit status

8. AGL/MSL measuring device transmit status

9. Jammer response status

10. CIT response status

11. Laser activity status

PHASE:

DESCENT (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (5.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

> Attitude hold 1.

Altitude hold-barometric 2.

3. Altitude hold-AGL

Heading hold 4.

Auto/manual trim/throttles 5.

6. None

7. Couple - External

8. Couple - auto onboard

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Altitude (AGL/MSL) 1.

Heading 2.

3. Ground speed

4. Present pilot relief mode status

5. Certification of new mode selection

6. **Attitude**

Pilot fatigue level 7.

Pilot workload 8.

Directive instructions 9.

10. Ownship position

11. System performance

12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

DESCENT (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Acquire & identify mission checkpoints (5.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

1. Yes - that is my checkpoint No - that is not my checkpoint 2.

3. Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

2

Sensor image prediction 1.

Sensor image signature (actual)

x,y,z geographical position of point (lat/long or UTM, etc.)

Perspective view (anticipated)

5. Perspective view (actual)

Elapsed time/time to go 6.

Distance to point 7.

Distance from last checkpoint 8.

Ownship position

10. Geographical relationship (i.e., landmarks)

11. Moving map/navigation system correlation

12. Anticipated albedo of check point

13. Position of point relative to ownship

PHASE:

DESCENT (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Determine alternate target divert criteria (5.1.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

- Target location
- Alternate target location
- 3. Ownship position
- 4. Go/no-go decision point/time
- 5. Meteorological conditions - target
- Alternate target present meteorological conditions
- Target forecast meteorological conditions 7.
- Alternate target forecast meteorological conditions
- Directive instructions

- Directive instructions
 Threat intensity level
 Threat lethality level
 System performance
- 13. Capability of flight member (flight member/leader)

PHASE:

DESCENT (5.0)

SEGMENT: **DECISION:**

AVIATE (5.1) Select sensor modes (5.1.8)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

On-all passive 1. On-all active 2.

3. On-all LPI

 On-auto mode optimization On-preplanned initialization

Off Standby

- Sensor modes/submodes available 1.
- Sensor modes/submodes selected
- Sensor modes most suitable
- Bistatic radar file track potential (as receiver) 4.
- 5. Bistatic NCTR potential (as received)
- 6. Bistatic radar potential (as emitter)
- Equivalent illumination/luminance levels 7.
- Individual sensor status
- Auto mode optimization engaged/rejected
- 10. Preplanned initialization selected
- 11. Sensor boresight status
- 12. Individual sensor FOV/FOR available/selected
- 13. Individual sensor magnification available/selected
- 14. Individual sensor track mode available/selected
- 15. Individual sensor auto target acquisition available/selected

- 16. Target type anticipated
 17. Target location anticipated
 18. TKBS status
 19. Threat imminence
 20. Sensor threat library selected
- 21. Sensor correlation for display selected/available
- 22. Display information reject level(s) available/selected
- 23. Sensor footprint (individual)
- 24. Sensor footprint (suite)
- 25. Data link status
- 26. System status
- 27. Auto hand-off to weapon(s) available/selected
- 28. Sensor to sensor cueing available/selected
- 29. Sensor self-protect mode(s) available/selected
- 30. Directive instructions
- 31. Threat knowledge of ownship presence

PHASE:

DESCENT (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Perform aircraft descent (5.1.9)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. **Attitude**
- Altitude (AGL/MSL) 2.
- Airspeed 3.
- 4. Heading
- 5. Angle of attack
- Vertical velocity
- 7. Clear of traffic/obstacles
- 8. Engine performance
- 9. Hydraulic status
- 10. Pneumatic status
- 11. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 12. Navigation compliance cues
- 13. Optimum airspeed14. Optimum vertical velocity15. Optimum heading
- 16. Local barometric pressure
- 17. Altimeter barometric pressure setting

PHASE:

DESCENT (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Acquire & identify coast-in point (5.1.10)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: 2

2

ALTERNATIVES:

- 1. Yes that is my coast-in point
- 2. No that is not my coast-in point
- 3. Delay decision

- 1. Sensor image prediction
- 2. Sensor image signature (actual)
- 3. x,y,z geographical position of point (lat/long or UTM, etc.)
- 4. Perspective view (anticipated)
- 5. Perspective view (actual)
- 6. Elapsed time/time to go
- 7. Distance to point
- 8. Distance from last checkpoint
- 9. Ownship position
- 10. Geographical relationship (i.e., landmarks)
- 11. Moving map/navigation system correlation
- 12. Anticipated albedo of check point
- 13. Position of point relative to ownship

PHASE:

DESCENT (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Set formation (5.1.11)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

- 1. Parade
- 2. Cruise
- 3. Loose cruise
- 4. Combat spread
- 5. Box
- Timed sequence
- As directed

- Cloud cover present/expected 1.
- Visibility present/expected Turbulence present/expected
- Capability of flight member (flight member/leader)
- 5. Sensor status
- 6. **EMCON status**
- 7. Threat condition
- **Briefed formation**
- Sun/moon angle (elevation)
- 10. Percentage illumination (ambient/artificial)
- 11. Air traffic
- 12. Flight member position

PHASE:

DESCENT (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Interpret multi-sensor correlation data (5.1.13)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Surface proximity 1.
- Planned route of flight
- 3. Present routing
- 4. Optimum routing
- Significant topographical features 5.
- Spatial orientation imagery
- Spatial orientation graphics 7.
- 8. Target(s) cueing
- Target location 9.
- 10. Display format availability
- 11. Attitude
- 12. Flight member position
- 13. Target track
- 14. Target(s) ID/classification
- 15. Highest threat target(s) priority
- 16. Preplanned target data
- 17. Target of opportunity data
- 18. Coincidence of multiple sensor target designation
- 19. Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor designation error
- 20. Ownship position
- 21. Externally obtained ownship positional information
- 22. Individual sensor status
- 23. Externally provided targeting information
- 24. Directive instructions
- 25. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information
- 26. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)
- 27. Threat imminence
- 28. Threat degree
- 29. Recommended action(s)
- 30. Imminent catastrophic event warning (ie., ground warning, missile/bullet impact, etc.)
- 31. Battle damage assessment
- 32. Flight plan compliance (early, late, etc.)
- 33. Inflight mission planning information
- 34. Flight member status
- 35. Externally provided intelligence information
- 36. Significant meteorological conditions

PHASE:

DESCENT (5.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (5.1)

DECISION:

Analyze GO/NO-GO Criteria (5.1.15)

DECISION TYPE: I

3

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

1. Go

2. Abort

3. Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Engine performance

2. Flight control system operability

3. System performance

4. Directive instructions

5. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories

6. Flight member status

7. Fuel flow

8. Threat condition

9. Meteorological conditions - enroute

10. Meteorological conditions - target

PHASE:

DESCENT (5.0)

SEGMENT:

COMMUNICATE (5.3)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (5.3.3)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY:

3

ALTERNATIVES:

Total EMCON 1.

2. No EMCON - emissions free

3. Comm tight - sensors free

Comm free - sensors tight 4.

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Briefed plan

Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight) 2.

Threat condition 3.

Radar transmit status 4.

Voice comm transmit status

Link transmit status

7. Navigation transmit status

AGL/MSL measuring device transmit status

Jammer response status

10. CIT response status

11. Laser activity status

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (6.1)

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (6.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

1. Attitude hold

Altitude hold-barometric 2.

3. Altitude hold-AGL

4. Heading hold

5. Auto/manual trim/throttles

6. None

7. Couple - External

8. Couple - auto onboard

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Altitude (AGL/MSL)

2. Heading

Ground speed 3.

Present pilot relief mode status 4.

5. Certification of new mode selection

6. **Attitude**

Pilot fatigue level Pilot workload 7.

8.

Directive instructions 9.

10. Ownship position

11. System performance

12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (6.1)

DECISION:

Acquire & identify mission checkpoints (6.1.3)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

2

ALTERNATIVES:

1. Yes - that is my checkpoint 2. No - that is not my checkpoint

3. Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Sensor image prediction 1.

Sensor image signature (actual)

x,y,z geographical position of point (lat/long or UTM, etc.)

Perspective view (anticipated)

5. Perspective view (actual)

6. Elapsed time/time to go

7. Distance to point

Distance from last checkpoint 8.

9. Ownship position

10. Geographical relationship (i.e., landmarks)

11. Moving map/navigation system correlation

12. Anticipated albedo of check point

13. Position of point relative to ownship

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (6.1)

DECISION:

Determine alternate target divert criteria (6.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Target location 1.

2. Alternate target location

Ownship position 3.

Go/no-go decision point/time Meteorological conditions - target

Alternate target present meteorological conditions

7. Target forecast meteorological conditions

8. Alternate target forecast meteorological conditions

Directive instructions 9.

10. Threat intensity level

11. Threat lethality level 12. System performance

13. Capability of flight member (flight member/leader)

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (6.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft (6.1.5)

DECISION TYPE: 11 CRITICALITY:

- 1. Attitude (AGL/MSL)
- Airspeed 2.
- Attitude 3.
- 4. Heading
- Angle of attack 5.
- Terrain altitude (MSL) 6.
- 7. Terrain topography8. Clear of traffic/obstacles
- System status 9.
- 10. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 11. Navigation compliance cues
- 12. Optimum airspeed
- 13. Optimum heading
- 14. Threat condition
- 15. Local barometric pressure
- 16. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 17. Low altitude cue
- 18. Low airspeed cue
- 19. High angle of attack cue
- 20. High yaw rate cue
- 21. Spin recovery response required 22. Present G 23. Max G

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (6.1)

DECISION:

Analyze GO/NO-GO Criteria (6.1.8)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY: 2

ALTERNATIVES:

1. Go

Abort 2.

3. Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Engine performance

2. Flight control system operability

3. System performance

4. Directive instructions

5. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories

6. Flight member status

7. Fuel flow

8. Threat condition

9. Meteorological conditions - enroute

10. Meteorological conditions - target

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (6.2)

DECISION:

Determine threat degree (6.2.2)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

- High
- 2. Medium
- 3. Low
- None
- Unknown

- Threat type/capabilities
- Threat position
- Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne) 3.
- 4. Ownship position
- Threat state of readiness 5.
- Susceptibility of threat to countermeasures/expendables
- 7. Availability of countermeasures (type and no.)
- SEAD plan applicability
- Meteorological conditions (present)
- 10. Availability of stand off jamming
- 11. Effectiveness of standoff jamming against threat
- 12. Availability of self protection jamming
- 13. Effectiveness of onboard jamming against threat
- 14. Terrain topography
- 15. Topography along route of flight
- 16. Ordnance currently enroute to threat
- 17. Threat detection systems status
- 18. Ownship signatures which may be reduced (ie., out of burner)
- 19. Threat knowledge of ownship presence

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (6.2)

DECISION:

Determine imminence of threat (6.2.3)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

Engaged Immediate 2.

3. Probable

4. Possible

5. Remote

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Threat type/capabilities

Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)

3. Threat position

4. Ownship position

5. Threat detection systems status

Threat readiness posture 6.

7. Terrain topography

8. Topography along route of flight

Presence of RF energy radiating along route of flight
 Presence of laser energy along route of flight

11. Automatic threat avoidance system status

12. Auto threat avoidance system selection/disable13. Threat guidance phase (i.e., terminal, mid-course etc.)

14. Threat knowledge of ownship presence

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (6.2)

DECISION:

Determine to avoid or suppress (6.2.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Directive instructions 1.
- Topography along route of flight 2.
- Weapons inventory
- 4. Optimum routing
- 5. Pk of threat envelope of threat
- Percentage chance of successful avoidance (Ps)
- 7. System performance
- Feasibility of avoidance (ie., impact on TOT)
- Suppressive weapon(s) footprint(s) 9.
- 10. Optimum routing
- 11. Optimum attack profile suppression
- 12. Optimum weapons release point
- 13. Detection of ownship by threat RF/laser system

- 14. Targeting of ownship by threat RF/laser system
 15. Threat position
 16. Ownship position
 17. Suppression weapon hand-off status (complete, in work, available)
 18. Ordenses assembly operate to threat
- 18. Ordnance currently enroute to threat
- 19. SEAD plan applicability
- 20. Suppressive weapon selection
- 21. Munition time of flight
- 22. Threat knowledge of ownship presence

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (6.2)

DECISION:

Determine optimum re-routing, as required (6.2.6)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Threat condition
- Threat type/capabilities
- Threat zones
- 4. Clear zones
- Heading direct to next waypoint
- Heading direct to target
- Route w/highest P_S to next waypoint
 Route w/highest P_S to target
 Optimum altitude Ps 7.
- 8.
- 9.
- 10. True airspeed
- 11. Ground speed
- 12. Time on target
- 13. Time to go
- 14. Elapsed time/time to go15. Threat knowledge of ownship presence16. Areas likely to be defended
- 17. Directive instructions

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (6.3)

DECISION:

Operate sensors (6.3.1)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

Manual operation on all

Automatic operation on all

Combination manual/automatic operation

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

3

Individual sensor mode of operation (auto or manual) 1.

Sensor suite (synergistic) mode of operation (auto or manual) 2.

Individual sensor status 3.

Sensor suite interconnectivity status 4.

Target acquisition alert 5.

TKBS status

7. Targeting information - ownship generated

Threat information - ownship generated

Sensor footprint (individual)

10. Sensor footprint (suite)

11. Directive instructions

12. Recommended sensor configuration (TKBS)

13. Individual sensor sub-mode selected/available

14. Individual sensor gaze angle (elevation, azimuth)

15. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)

16. Targeting information - externally provided

17. Threat information - externally provided

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: **COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (6.3)**

DECISION TYPE: II

Interpret sensor data/information (6.3.4)

CRITICALITY:

- Surface proximity 1.
- 2. Planned route of flight
- 3. Present routing
- 4. Optimum routing
- 5. Significant topographical features
- Spatial orientation imagery
- 7. Spatial orientation graphics
- Target(s) cueing 8.
- Target location 9.
- 10. Display format availability
- 11. Attitude
- 12. Flight member position
- 13. Target track14. Target(s) ID/classification
- 15. Highest threat target(s) priority

- 16. Preplanned target data
 17. Target of opportunity data
 18. Coincidence of multiple sensor target designation
- 19. Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor designation error
- 20. Ownship position
- 21. Externally obtained ownship positional information
- 22. Individual sensor status
- 23. Externally provided targeting information
- 24. Directive instructions
- 25. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information
- 26. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)
- 27. Threat imminence
- 28. Threat degree
- 29. Recommended action(s)
- 30. Imminent catastrophic event warning (ie., ground warning, missile/bullet impact, etc.)
- 31. Battle damage assessment
- 32. Flight plan compliance (early, late, etc.)
- 33. Inflight mission planning information
- 34. Flight member status
- 35. Externally provided intelligence information
- 36. Significant meteorological conditions

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: PRELIMINARY TARGETING (6.4) Acquire & identify target area (6.4.3)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

- Yes that is the target area No - that is not the target area 2.
- Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Sensor image prediction 1.

Sensor image signature (actual) 2.

x,y,z geographical position of point (lat/long or UTM, etc.)

Perspective view (anticipated)

Perspective view (anticipa
 Perspective view (actual)

Elapsed time/time to go 6.

7. Distance to point

Distance from last checkpoint 8.

Ownship position

10. Geographical relationship (i.e., landmarks)

11. Moving map/navigation system correlation

12. Anticipated albedo of check point

13. Position of point relative to ownship

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (6.5)

DECISION:

Adjust flight plan, as required (6.5.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 3

- Elapsed time/time to go 1.
- Fuel state
- Fuel required
- Fuel flow
- 5. Ground speed
- 6. Optimum altitude - Ps
- 7. Optimum indicated Mach Ps
- 8. Present routing
- 9. Optimum routing
- 10. Distance to next waypoint
- 11. Distance to target
- 12. Distance from station to home (total mission distance)
 13. Time to next waypoint at present ground speed
 14. Time to next waypoint at altered ground speed

- 15. Fuel to next waypoint at present ground speed and altitude
- 16. Fuel to next waypoint at altered ground speed and altitude
- 17. Time to station at present ground speed
- 18. Time to station at altered ground speed
- 19. Fuel to station at present ground speed and altitude
- 20. Fuel to station at altered ground speed and altitude
- 21. Threat condition
- 22. System performance
- 23. Directive instructions
- 24. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 25. Winds aloft
- 26. Optimum altitude max range
- 27. Optimum Mach max range
- 28. Optimum altitude max endurance
- 29. Optimum Mach max endurance
- 30. Vertical velocity
- 31. Fuel remaining at next waypoint
- 32. Fuel remaining at station
- 33. Fuel remaining upon recovery (as per plan)

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (6.5)

DECISION:

Perform navigation system update (6.5.9)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

3

- **ALTERNATIVES:**
- Visual check acceptable (within tolerance) 1.
- 2. System check - accept
- 3. System check - reject

- Visual position 1.
- INS position 2.
- **GPS** position 3.
- TRN position 4.
- X/Y position of given (selected) points 5.
- Computed distance error 6.
- Computed direction of error 7.
- Drift rate (distance/unit of time) 8.
- Sensor selected for update (radar, fly over (human eye), HUD, TACAN, etc.)
- 10. System acceptance of accept/reject decision
- 11. Auto advisory that navigation system is in need of update [i.e., drift rate interlock - or - auto multi-sensor correlation] or is being updated
- 12. Assurance that designated position is same as x,y position (i.e., navigation and sensor both referencing same point)

PHASE:

INGRESS (6.0)

SEGMENT:

COMMUNICATE (6.6)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (6.6.3)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

3

1. Total EMCON

No EMCON - emissions free 2.

Comm tight - sensors free

Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Briefed plan

2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

4. Radar transmit status

5. Voice comm transmit status

6. Link transmit status

7. Navigation transmit status

8. AGL/MSL measuring device transmit status

9. Jammer response status

10. CIT response status

11. Laser activity status

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (7.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY: 4
ALTERNATIVES:

1. Attitude hold

2. Altitude hold-barometric

3. Attitude hold-AGL

4. Heading hold

5. Auto trim

6. Manual trim

7. Auto throttles

8. Manual throttles

9. None

10. Couple - External

11. Couple - auto onboard

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Attitude (AGL/MSL)

2. Heading

3. Ground speed

4. Present pilot relief mode status

5. Certification of new mode selection

6. Attitude

7. Pilot fatigue level

8. Pilot workload

9. Directive instructions

10. Ownship position

11. System performance

12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft (7.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- 2. Airspeed
- 3. Attitude
- 4. Heading
- 5. Angle of attack
- 6. Terrain altitude (MSL)
- Terrain topography 7.
- Clear of traffic/obstacles 8.
- 9. System status
- 9. System status
 10. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
 11. Navigation compliance cues
 12. Optimum airspeed
 13. Optimum heading
 14. Threat condition
 15. Local barometric pressure

- 16. Altimeter barometric pressure setting17. Low altitude cue
- 18. Low airspeed cue
- 19. High angle of attack cue
- 20. High yaw rate cue
- 21. Spin recovery response required
- 22. Present G
- 23. Max G

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (7.1)

DECISION:

Analyze GO/NO-GO criteria (7.1.7)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

Go - attack assigned target

Go - attack alternate target 2.

Go - attempt attack on target of opportunity 3.

4. Do not go - abort

Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Aircraft performance - ownship 1.

Aircraft performance - flight members 2.

System performance 3.

Directive instructions 4.

Flight warnings/cautions/advisories 5.

Meteorological conditions - target 6.

7. Battlefield visibility (target area)

Threat condition 8.

Reasonable assurance of proper target (intended) 9.

10. Mutual consent achievement

11. Existence of targets of opportunity

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (7.2)

DECISION:

Determine threat degree (7.2.2)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: 2

ALTERNATIVES:

- 1. High
- 2. Medium
- 3. Low
- 4. None
- Unknown

- 1. Threat type/capabilities
- 2. Threat position
- 3. Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)
- 4. Ownship position
- 5. Threat state of readiness
- 6. Susceptibility of threat to countermeasures/expendables
- 7. Availability of countermeasures (type and no.)
- 8. SEAD plan applicability
- 9. Meteorological conditions (present)
- 10. Availability of stand off jamming
- 11. Effectiveness of standoff jamming against threat
- 12. Availability of self protection jamming
- 13. Effectiveness of onboard jamming against threat
- 14. Topography in immediate vicinity
- 15. Topography along route of flight
- 16. Ordnance currently enroute to threat
- 17. Threat detection systems status
- 18. Ownship signatures which may be reduced (ie., out of burner)
- 19. Threat knowledge of ownship presence

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (7.2)

DECISION:

Determine imminence of threat (7.2.3)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: 2 ALTERNATIVES:

Engaged 1.

Immediate 2. Probable 3.

Possible 4.

Remote

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Threat type/capabilities

Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne) 2.

Threat position 3.

Ownship position 4.

Threat detection systems status 5.

Threat readiness posture 6.

Topography in immediate vicinity 7.

Topography along route of flight 8.

Presence of RF energy radiating along route of flight

10. Presence of laser energy along route of flight

11. Automatic threat avoidance system status

12. Auto threat avoidance system selection/disable

13. Threat guidance phase (i.e., terminal, mid-course etc.)14. Threat knowledge of ownship presence

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (7.2)

DECISION:

Determine to avoid or suppress (7.2.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Directive instructions 1.

2. Topography along route of flight

3. Weapons inventory

Optimum routing 4.

5. Pk of threat envelope of threat

Percentage chance of successful avoidance (Ps) 6.

7. System performance

8. Feasibility of avoidance (ie., impact on TOT)

Suppressive weapon(s) footprint(s) 9.

10. Optimum routing

11. Optimum attack profile - suppression

12. Optimum weapons release point

13. Detection of ownship by threat RF/laser system

13. Detection of ownship by threat RF/laser system
14. Targeting of ownship by threat RF/laser system
15. Threat position
16. Ownship position
17. Suppression weapon hand-off status (complete, in work, available)
18. Ordnance currently enroute to threat

19. SEAD plan applicability20. Suppressive weapon selection

21. Munition time of flight

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (7.3)

DECISION:

Operate sensors (7.3.1)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

3

ALTERNATIVES:

1. Manual operation on all Automatic operation on all

Combination manual/automatic operation

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Individual sensor mode of operation (auto or manual)

Sensor suite (synergistic) mode of operation (auto or manual)

Individual sensor status 3.

Sensor suite interconnectivity status 4.

Target acquisition alert 5.

TKBS status 6.

Targeting information - ownship generated 7.

Threat information - ownship generated

Sensor footprint (individual) Sensor footprint (individ
 Sensor footprint (suite)

11. Directive instructions

12. Recommended sensor configuration (TKBS)

13. Individual sensor sub-mode selected/available

14. Individual sensor gaze angle (elevation, azimuth)

15. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)

16. Targeting information - externally provided

17. Threat information - externally provided

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (7.3) Interpret sensor data/information (7.3.4)

DECISION: In DECISION TYPE: II

CRITICALITY: 3

- 1. Surface proximity
- 2. Planned route of flight
- 3. Present routing
- 4. Optimum routing
- 5. Significant topographical features
- 6. Spatial orientation imagery
- 7. Spatial orientation graphics
- 8. Target(s) cueing
- 9. Target location
- 10. Display format availability
- 11. Attitude
- 12. Flight member position
- 13. Target track
- 14. Target(s) ID/classification
- 15. Highest threat target(s) priority
- 16. Preplanned target data
- 17. Target of opportunity data
- 18. Coincidence of multiple sensor target designation
- 19. Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor designation error
- 20. Ownship position
- 21. Externally obtained ownship positional information
- 22. Individual sensor status
- 23. Externally provided targeting information
- 24. Directive instructions
- 25. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information
- Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)
- 27. Threat imminence
- 28. Threat degree
- 29. Recommended action(s)
- Imminent catastrophic event warning (ie., ground warning, missile/bullet impact, etc.)
- 31. Battle damage assessment
- 32. Flight plan compliance (early, late, etc.)
- 33. Inflight mission planning information
- 34. Flight member status
- 35. Externally provided intelligence information
- 36. Significant meteorological conditions

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

DECISION:

FINAL TARGETING (7.4) SEGMENT: Perform target acquisition (7.4.2)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

1. Utilize active sensor(s) only

2. Utilize passive sensor(s) only

3. Utilize onboard smart weapons

Utilize combination of active and passive sensors 4.

5. Utilize external source targeting information

Utilize navigation system 6.

7. Utilize visual scan

Utilize automatic acquisition system

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

- 1. Directive instructions
- Sensor image prediction 2.
- Actual sensor image 3.
- 4. Perspective view (anticipated)
- Actual perspective view
- 6. Elapsed time/time to go
- 7. Distance to target
- 8. Ownship position
- 9. Target location
- 10. Target cueing (sensor to sensor)
- 11. Sensor footprint (individual)
- 12. Achievement of ownship to target line of sight
- 13. Distance from initial point to target
- 14. Ownship distance from initial point to target
- 15. Individual sensor status
- 16. Weapon status
- 17. Weapons delivery system status
- 18. Geographical relationship (i.e., landmarks)
- 19. Target cueing (sensor/navigation system to eyeball)
- 20. Anticipated target signature
- 21. Source of externally provided targeting information
- 22. Accuracy of externally provided targeting information
- 23. Significant topographical features
- 24. Coincidence of multiple sensor target area localization
- 25. Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor localization error
- 26. Weapon selected
- 27. Weapon mode selected
- 28. Meteorological conditions (present)
- 29. Threat knowledge of ownship presence
- 30. Equivalent illumination/luminance levels
- 31. Individual sensor FOV/FOR available/selected
- 32. Individual sensor magnification available/selected

(continued on next page)

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS (continued):

- 33. Individual sensor auto target acquisition available/selected
 34. Data link status
 35. System status
 36. Weapons system master mode
 37. Navigation system/sensor correlation/error
 38. Indication of automatic acquisition requirement
 39. Specific targets acquired by other flight members
 40. Specific targets assigned to/by ground/control elements

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

FINAL TARGETING (7.4)

DECISION:

Perform target identification/classification (7.4.3)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

3

- Yes that is my target 1. No - that is not my target 2.
- Delay decision

- Automatic target recognition system decision/confidence level 1.
- NCTR/PNCTR decision 2.
- External source verification of initial identification 3.
- PELTS decision/confidence level 4.
- Sensor image prediction 5.
- Actual sensor image 6.
- Target location 7.
- 8. Weapons delivery system status
- Target shape, signature, albedo
- 10. Expected target shape, signature, albedo for comparison
- 11. Indication of auto target acquisition and NATO identification

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

FINAL TARGETING (7.4)

DECISION:

Perform target designation (7.4.4)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY: 2
ALTERNATIVES:

. Fixed position track - navigation system

2. Mobile track – weapons system

Multi-sensor track

Visual track

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

2

1. Target designator control assignment position

2. Coincidence of multiple sensor target designation

3. Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor designation error

4. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information

 Indication (ie., symbology) of weapons system receipt of designation command

6. Overlay of designation spot in relation to target

7. Mobile track command accomplishment

8. Position of target designator control (cross hairs) in relation to intended target

Location of highest sensor track potential on target

 Azimuth/elevation of sensor centroid when slewed by target designator control

11. Forced/auto correlation active

12. Sensor footprint (suite)

13. Achievement of ownship to target line of sight

14. Conformation of visual track with navigation/sensor track

 Automatic acquisition, ID and designation cycle accomplishment indication

 Indication of auto acquisition, ID, and hand-off to designation cycle difficulty

17. Specific targets designated by other flight members

18. Specific targets assigned to/by other flight members

19. Specific targets assigned to/by ground/control elements

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0) **WEAPON DELIVERY (7.5)**

SEGMENT: DECISION:

Select weapon (7.5.1)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

2

ALTERNATIVES:

Weapon 1 Weapon 2 2. 3. Weapon n

4. Automatic selection allowed

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Weapons onboard - type/model 1.

2. Weapons onboard - quantity each location

3. Weapon status

Release program selected (singles, pairs, ripple, interval, sequence, 4. etc.)

Delivery mode selected 5.

Attack plan 6.

7. Weapon delivery envelope

Armed/safe status 8.

System status

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0) **WEAPON DELIVERY (7.5)**

SEGMENT: DECISION:

Select weapon mode (7.5.2)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

2

ALTERNATIVES:

Weapon mode – automatic Weapon mode – 1 1.

2.

3. Weapon mode - 2

4. Weapon mode - n

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Modes available

2. Mode applicability to assigned/selected target

Mode operability

4. Weapon mode delivery envelope

Release program selected (singles, pairs, ripple, interval, sequence, 5. etc.)

6. Delivery mode selected

7. Weapon mode selected

8. Armed/safe status

9. Weapon rate of fire

10. Manual mil setting(s) selected/available

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

WEAPON DELIVERY (7.5)

DECISION:

Execute coordinated weapon delivery maneuver (7.5.3)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

3

- Delivery mode selected 1.
- Delivery modes available 2.
- Range to target (horizontal) 3.
- Time to target 4.
- Time on target (assigned) 5.
- Sensor footprint (individual) 6.
- 7. Armed/safe status
- 8. Min/max delivery altitude
- Min/max delivery airspeed
- 9. Min/max delivery airspe 10. Min/max delivery range
- 11. Min/max delivery G-loading
- 12. Optimum delivery altitude
- 13. Optimum delivery airspeed
- 14. Optimum delivery range
- 15. Optimum delivery G-loading
- 16. Target location
- 17. Flight member position
- 18. Angle of attack
- 19. Airspeed
- 20. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- 21. Heading
- 22. Attitude
- 23. Ownship slant range to target
- 24. Ownship position
- 25. Significant topographical features
 26. Threat imminence
 27. Threat degree
 28. Weapon mode delivery envelope

- 29. Ownship performance degradations (ie., battle damage)
- 30. Ownship to target line of sight requirement(s)
- 31. Munition time of flight
- 32. Directive instructions
- 33. Threat knowledge of ownship presence
- 34. Standby (to maneuver) cue
- 35. Pull up cue
- 36. Automatic target attack system engagement indication
- 37. Wind-corrected steering to target
- 38. High angle of attack cue
- 39. High yaw rate cue
- 40. Present G
- 41. Max G

PHASE: SEGMENT: TARGET ATTACK (7.0) **WEAPON DELIVERY (7.5)**

DECISION:

Commit weapon (7.5.4)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

- 1. Automatic execution
- Manual execution at maximum range computer solution
- Manual execution at minimum range computer solution
- 4. Manual execution at heart of envelope - computer solution
- Manual execution at preplanned point manual solution

- Delivery mode selected
- Wind-corrected steering to target
- Flight path to release point
- Precise instant for manual release (shoot cue)
- Execution accomplishment indication
- Munition time of flight
- Automatic mode weapons delivery solution indication (cueing)
- CCIP/CCRP mode weapons delivery solution indication (cueing) 8.
- 9. Slant range
- 10. Target altitude
- 11. Winds at target
- 12. Horizontal range
- 13. Attitude (AGL/MSL)
- 14. True airspeed
- 15. Attitude
- 16. Flight path
- 17. Standby (to release) cue
- 18. Pull up cue
- 19. Dud cue
- 20. G-loading
- 21. Angle of attack
- 22. Threat imminence
- 23. Threat degree
- 24. Directive instructions
- 25. Threat knowledge of ownship presence
- 26. Automatic target attack system engagement indication

PHASE:

SEGMENT: DECISION: TARGET ATTACK (7.0) DAMAGE ASSESSMENT (7.7) Determine target damage (7.7.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Visual observation - self 1.

- Onboard sensor observation 2.
- External sensor observation 3.
- Airborne visual observation other 4.
- Ground visual observation other 5.
- Munition impact point 6.
- 7. Munition activation, high order
- Cessation of emission from target (ELINT/SIGINT)

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

DAMAGE ASSESSMENT (7.7)

DECISION:

Assess reattack options (7.7.2)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

5

- Battle damage assessment 1.
- 2. Threat imminence
- 3. Threat degree
- Importance of target destruction Directive instructions 4.
- 5.
- 6. 7. Flight attrition
- Aircraft performance ownship Aircraft performance flight members 8.
- 9. System performance10. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 11. Target area visibility
- 12. Mutual consent achievement

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (7.8)

DECISION:

Adjust flight plan, as required (7.8.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

3

- Time seconds/minutes early or late 1.
- 2. Ground speed
- 3. True airspeed
- Indicated airspeed 4.
- Optimum altitude 5.
- Run-in heading 6.
- Release point (preplanned) 7.
- Course to alignment turn point (offset point) 8.
- Munition time of flight 9.
- 10. Time on target
- 11. Distance to target
- 12. Directive instructions

- 13. System performance
 14. Threat alert condition
 15. Threat knowledge of ownship presence
 16. Known defended areas

PHASE:

TARGET ATTACK (7.0)

SEGMENT:

COMMUNICATE (7.9)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (7.9.3)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

Total EMCON

2. No EMCON - emissions free 3. Comm tight - sensors free

4. Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Briefed plan 1.

2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

4. Radar transmit status

Voice comm transmit status 5.

6. Link transmit status

7. Navigation transmit status

8. AGL/MSL measuring device transmit status

9. Jammer response status

10. CIT response status

11. Laser activity status

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (8.1)

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (8.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: 4

ALTERNATIVES:

Attitude hold

Attitude hold-barometric 2.

Attitude hold-AGL 3.

4. Heading hold

5. Auto/manual trim/throttles

None 6.

7. Couple - External

Couple - auto onboard

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Attitude (AGL/MSL) 1.

2. Heading

Ground speed 3.

Present pilot relief mode status 4.

Certification of new mode selection 5.

Attitude 6.

Pilot fatigue level Pilot workload 7.

8.

Directive instructions 9.

10. Ownship position

11. System performance

12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (8.1)

DECISION:

Acquire & identify mission checkpoints (8.1.3)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

Yes - that is my checkpoint

2. No - that is not my checkpoint 3. Delay decision

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Sensor image prediction

2. Sensor image signature (actual)

3. x,y,z geographical position of point (lat/long or UTM, etc.)

4. Perspective view (anticipated)

5. Perspective view (actual)

Elapsed time/time to go

6. 7. Distance to point

8. Distance from last checkpoint

Ownship position

10. Geographical relationship (i.e., landmarks)

11. Moving map/navigation system correlation

12. Anticipated albedo of check point

13. Position of point relative to ownship

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (8.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft (8.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- Airspeed 2.
- Attitude 3.
- Heading
- 5. Angle of attack
- 6. Terrain attitude (MSL)
- Terrain topography 7.
- Clear of traffic/obstacles 8.
- System status
- 10. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 11. Navigation compliance cues
 12. Optimum airspeed
 13. Optimum heading
 14. Threat condition
 15. Local barometric pressure

- 16. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 17. Low attitude cue
- 18. Low airspeed cue
- 19. High angle of attack cue
- 20. High yaw rate cue
- 21. Spin recovery response required
- 22. Present G
- 23. Max G

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (8.2)

DECISION TYPE: I

Determine threat degree (8.2.2)

CRITICALITY: 2 **ALTERNATIVES:**

> 1. High

Medium 2.

3. Low

None

Unknown

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Threat type/capabilities

2. Threat position

3. Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne)

Ownship position

5. Threat state of readiness

Susceptibility of threat to countermeasures/expendables 6.

7. Availability of countermeasures (type and no.)

8. SEAD plan applicability

 Meteorological conditions (p. 10. Availability of stand off jamming for standoff jamming) Meteorological conditions (present)

11. Effectiveness of standoff jamming against threat

12. Availability of self protection jamming

13. Effectiveness of onboard jamming against threat

14. Topography in immediate vicinity

15. Topography along route of flight

16. Ordnance currently enroute to threat

17. Threat detection systems status

18. Ownship signatures which may be reduced (ie., out of burner)

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (8.2)

DECISION:

Determine threat imminence (8.2.3)

DECISION TYPE: |

CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

Engaged 1. **Immediate** 2.

Probable 3.

Possible

Remote

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

2

Threat type/capabilities 1.

Number of threat platforms/weapons per platform (surface/airborne) 2.

Threat position 3.

Ownship position 4.

5. Threat detection systems status

Threat readiness posture

Topography in immediate vicinity 7.

8. Topography along route of flight

Presence of RF energy radiating along route of flight

10. Presence of laser energy along route of flight

11. Automatic threat avoidance system status

12. Auto threat avoidance system selection/disable

13. Threat guidance phase (i.e., terminal, mid-course etc.)

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (8.2)

DECISION:

Determine to avoid or suppress (8.2.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Directive instructions 1.

2. Topography along route of flight

Weapons inventory 3.

4. Optimum routing

5. Pk of threat envelope of threat

6. Percentage chance of successful avoidance (Ps)

7. System performance

Feasibility of avoidance (ie., impact on TOT)

Suppressive weapon(s) footprint(s)

10. Optimum routing

11. Optimum attack profile - suppression

12. Optimum weapons release point

13. Detection of ownship by threat RF/laser system

14. Targeting of ownship by threat RF/laser system

15. Threat position

16. Ownship position

17. Suppression weapon hand-off status (complete, in work, available)

18. Ordnance currently enroute to threat

19. SEAD plan applicability

20. Suppressive weapon selection

21. Munition time of flight

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

RESPONSE TO THREAT (8.2)

DECISION:

Determine optimum re-routing, as required (8.2.6)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Threat condition 1.
- Threat type/capabilities 2.
- Threat zones 3.
- 4. Clear zones
- 5. Heading direct to next waypoint
- Heading direct to FLOT penetration point 6.
- 7. Route w/highest Ps to next waypoint
- Route w/highest Ps to FLOT penetration point 8.
- Optimum altitude Ps 9.
- 10. Ground speed

- 11. FLOT penetration time
 12. Time on target
 13. Elapsed time/time to go
 14. Threat knowledge of ownship presence
 15. Areas likely to be defended
- 16. Directive instructions

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (8.3)

DECISION:

Operate sensors (8.3.1)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: 3 ALTERNATIVES:

1

1. Manual operation on all

2. Automatic operation on all

3. Combination manual/automatic operation

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Individual sensor mode of operation (auto or manual)

2. Sensor suite (synergistic) mode of operation (auto or manual)

3. Individual sensor status

4. Sensor suite interconnectivity status

5. Target acquisition alert

6. TKBS status

7. Targeting information - ownship generated

8. Threat information - ownship generated

9. Sensor footprint (individual)

10. Sensor footprint (suite)

11. Directive instructions

12. Recommended sensor configuration (TKBS)

13. Individual sensor sub-mode selected/available

14. Individual sensor gaze angle (elevation, azimuth)

15. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)

16. Targeting information - externally provided

17. Threat information - externally provided

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

COORDINATED SENSOR ACTIVITIES (8.3)

DECISION:

Interpret sensor data/information (8.3.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Surface proximity
- Planned route of flight
- 3. Present routing
- 4. Optimum routing
- 5. Significant topographical features
- 6. Spatial orientation imagery
- 7. Spatial orientation graphics
- 8. Target(s) cueing
- Target location
- 10. Display format availability
- 11. Attitude
- 12. Flight member position
- 13. Target track
- 14. Target(s) ID/classification
- 15. Highest threat target(s) priority
- 16. Preplanned target data
- 17. Target of opportunity data
- 18. Coincidence of multiple sensor target designation
- 19. Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor designation error
- 20. Ownship position
- 21. Externally obtained ownship positional information
- 22. Individual sensor status
- 23. Externally provided targeting information
- 24. Directive instructions
- 25. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information
- 26. Ownship big picture relationships (terrain, friendly forces, threats, targets, etc.)
- 27. Threat imminence
- 28. Threat degree
- 29. Recommended action(s)
- 30. Imminent catastrophic event warning (ie., ground warning, missile/bullet impact, etc.)
- 31. Battle damage assessment
- 32. Flight plan compliance (early, late, etc.)
- 33. Inflight mission planning information
- 34. Flight member status
- 35. Externally provided intelligence information
- 36. Significant meteorological conditions

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

CONDUCT ATTACK(S) ON TARGET(S) OF OPPORTUNITY (8.4)

DECISION:

Perform target acquisition (8.4.2)

DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

Utilize active sensor(s) only

2. Utilize passive sensor(s) only

3. Utilize onboard smart weapons

Utilize combination of active and passive sensors 4.

5. Utilize external source targeting information

6. Utilize navigation system

7. Utilize visual scan

Utilize automatic acquisition system

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Directive instructions

2. Sensor image prediction

3. Actual sensor image

4. Perspective view (anticipated)

5. Actual perspective view

6. Elapsed time/time to go

7. Distance to target

Ownship position 8.

Target location

10. Target cueing (sensor to sensor)

11. Sensor footprint (individual)

12. Achievement of ownship to target line of sight

13. Ownship distance from initial point to target

14. Distance from initial point to target

15. Individual sensor status

16. Weapon status

17. Weapons delivery system status

18. Geographical relationship (i.e., landmarks)

19. Target cueing (sensor/navigation system to eyeball)20. Anticipated target signature

21. Source of externally provided targeting information

22. Accuracy of externally provided targeting information

23. Significant topographical features

24. Coincidence of multiple sensor target area localization

25. Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor localization error

26. Weapon selected

27. Weapon mode selected

28. Meteorological conditions (present)

29. Threat knowledge of ownship presence

30. Equivalent illumination/luminance levels

31. Individual sensor FOV/FOR available/selected

32. Individual sensor magnification available/selected

(continued on next page)

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS (continued):

- 33. Individual sensor auto target acquisition available/selected
 34. Data link status
 35. System status
 36. Weapons system master mode
 37. Navigation system/sensor correlation/error
 38. Indication of automatic acquisition requirement
 39. Specific targets acquired by other flight members
 40. Specific targets assigned to/by ground/control elements

- 41. Specific targets assigned to/by ground/control elements

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

CONDUCT ATTACK(S) ON TARGET(S) OF OPPORTUNITY (8.4)

DECISION:

Perform target identification/classification (8.4.3)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY: 3 ALTERNATIVES:

3

- Yes that is the enemy and I am allowed to attack
 Yes that is the enemy but I am not allowed to attack
- 3. No that is not the enemy
- 4. Delay decision

- 1. Automatic target recognition system decision/confidence level
- 2. NCTR/PNCTR decision
- 3. External source verification of initial identification
- 4. PELTS decision/confidence level
- 5. Sensor image prediction
- 6. Actual sensor image
- 7. Target location
- 8. Weapons delivery system status
- 9. Target shape, signature, albedo
- 10. Expected target shape, signature, albedo for comparison
- 11. Indication of auto target acquisition and NATO identification
- 12. Target of opportunity attack criteria (prebriefed) [also called rules of engagement]

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

CONDUCT ATTACK(S) ON TARGET(S) OF OPPORTUNITY (8.4)

DECISION:

Perform target designation (8.4.4)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

Fixed position track - navigation system

Mobile track - weapons system 2.

Multi-sensor track 3.

Visual track

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Target designator control assignment position 1.

Coincidence of multiple sensor target designation

Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor designation error

On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information

Indication (ie., symbology) of weapons system receipt of designation command

Overlay of designation spot in relation to target 6.

Mobile track command accomplishment

Position of target designator control (cross hairs) in relation to 8. intended target

Location of highest sensor track potential on target

10. Azimuth/elevation of sensor centroid when slewed by target designator control

11. Forced/auto correlation active

12. Sensor footprint (suite)

13. Achievement of ownship to target line of sight

14. Conformation of visual track with navigation/sensor track

15. Automatic acquisition, ID and designation cycle accomplishment indication

16. Indication of auto acquisition, ID, and hand-off to designation cycle difficulty

17. Specific targets designated by other flight members

18. Specific targets assigned to/by other flight members

19. Specific targets assigned to/by ground/control elements

PHASE:

SEGMENT:

EGRESS (8.0) CONDUCT ATTACK(S) ON TARGET(S) OF OPPORTUNITY (8.4)

DECISION:

Select weapon (8.4.5)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

2

ALTERNATIVES:

Weapon 1 1. Weapon 2 2.

3. Weapon n

Automatic selection allowed

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Weapons onboard - type/model 1.

Weapons onboard - quantity each location 2.

Weapon status

Release program selected (singles, pairs, ripple, interval, sequence, 4. etc.)

Delivery mode selected 5.

Attack plan

7. Weapon delivery envelope

Armed/safe status 8.

System status

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

CONDUCT ATTACK(S) ON TARGET(S) OF OPPORTUNITY (8.4)

DECISION:

Select weapon mode (8.4.6)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

Weapon mode - automatic 1.

Weapon mode - 1 2.

Weapon mode - 2 3.

Weapon mode - n

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Modes available 1.

Mode applicability to assigned/selected target 2.

Mode operability 3.

Weapon mode delivery envelope 4.

Release program selected (singles, pairs, ripple, interval, sequence, 5.

Delivery mode selected 6.

Weapon mode selected 7.

Armed/safe status 8.

Weapon rate of fire

10. Manual mil setting(s) selected/available

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

CONDUCT ATTACK(S) ON TARGET(S) OF OPPORTUNITY (8.4)

DECISION:

Execute weapon delivery maneuver (8.4.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Delivery mode selected 1.
- Delivery modes available
- Range to target (horizontal)
- 4. Time to target
- 5. Time on target (assigned)
- Sensor footprint (individual)
- 7. Armed/safe status
- 8. Min/max delivery altitude
- Min/max delivery airspeed
- 10. Min/max delivery range
- 11. Min/max delivery G-loading
- 12. Optimum delivery altitude
- 13. Optimum delivery airspeed
- 14. Optimum delivery range
- 15. Optimum delivery G-loading
- 16. Target location
- 17. Flight member position
- 18. Angle of attack
- 19. Airspeed
- 20. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- 21. Heading
- 22. Attitude
- 23. Ownship slant range to target
- 24. Ownship position
- 25. Significant topographical features
- 26. Threat imminence
- 27. Threat degree
- 28. Weapon mode delivery envelope
- 29. Ownship performance degradations (ie., battle damage)
- 30. Ownship to target line of sight requirement(s)
- 31. Munition time of flight
- 32. Directive instructions
- 33. Threat knowledge of ownship presence
- 34. Standby (to maneuver) cue
- 35. Pull up cue
- 36. Automatic target attack system engagement indication
- 37. Wind-corrected steering to target
- 38. High angle of attack cue
- 39. High yaw rate cue
- 40. Present G
- 41. Max G

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

CONDUCT ATTACK(S) ON TARGET(S) OR OPPORTUNITY (8.4)

DECISION:

Commit weapon (8.4.8)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

Automatic execution 1.

Manual execution at maximum range - computer solution

Manual execution at minimum range - computer solution 3.

Manual execution at heart of envelope - computer solution 4.

Manual execution at preplanned point - manual solution

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

3

Delivery mode selected 1.

Wind-corrected steering to target 2.

Flight path to release point 3.

Precise instant for manual release (shoot cue) 4.

Execution accomplishment indication 5.

Munition time of flight 6.

Automatic mode weapons delivery solution indication (cueing) 7.

CCIP/CCRP mode weapons delivery solution indication (cueing) 8.

Slant range 9.

10. Target attitude

11. Winds at target

12. Horizontal range

13. Attitude (AGL/MSL)

14. True airspeed

15. Attitude

16. Flight path

17. Standby (to release) cue 18. Pull up cue

19. Dud cue

20. G-loading

21. Angle of attack

22. Threat imminence

23. Threat degree

24. Directive instructions

25. Threat knowledge of ownship presence

26. Automatic target attack system engagement indication

PHASE:

SEGMENT:

EGRESS (8.0)
CONDUCT ATTACK(S) ON TARGET(S) OF OPPORTUNITY (8.4)

DECISION:

Determine target damage (8.4.11)

DECISION TYPE: II

CRITICALITY: 5

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Visual observation - self

2. Onboard sensor observation

3. External sensor observation

Airborne visual observation - other 4.

5. Ground visual observation - other

Munition impact point 6.

7. Munition activation, high order

Cessation of emission from target (ELINT/SIGINT)

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (8.5)

DECISION:

Adjust flight plan, as required (8.5.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Elapsed time/time to go
- 2. Fuel state
- Fuel required
- 4. Fuel flow
- 5. Ground speed
- Optimum altitude Ps
- 7. Optimum indicated Mach - Ps
- 8. Present routing
- 9. Optimum routing
- 10. Distance to next waypoint
- 11. Distance to station
- 12. Distance from station to home (total mission distance)
- 13. Time to next waypoint at present ground speed
- 14. Time to next waypoint at altered ground speed
- 15. Fuel to next waypoint at present ground speed and altitude
- 16. Fuel to next waypoint at altered ground speed and altitude
- 17. Time to station at present ground speed
- 18. Time to station at altered ground speed
- 19. Fuel to station at present ground speed and altitude
- 20. Fuel to station at altered ground speed and altitude
- 21. Threat condition
- 22. System performance
- 23. Directive instructions
- 24. Time of day (local/zulu) 25. Winds aloft
- Optimum altitude max range
 Optimum Mach max range
- 28. Optimum altitude max endurance
- 29. Optimum Mach max endurance
- 30. Vertical velocity
- 31. Fuel remaining at next waypoint
- 32. Fuel remaining at station
- 33. Fuel remaining upon recovery (as per plan)

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (8.5)

DECISION:

Perform navigation system update (8.5.9)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY: 5 ALTERNATIVES:

1. Visual check acceptable (within tolerance)

2. System check - accept

3. System check - reject

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Visual position

2. INS position

3. GPS position

4. TRN position

5. X/Y position of given (selected) points

6. Computed distance error

7. Computed direction of error

8. Drift rate (distance/unit of time)

9. Sensor selected for update (radar, fly over (human eye), HUD, TACAN, etc.)

10. System acceptance of accept/reject decision

11. Auto advisory that navigation system is in need of update [i.e., drift rate interlock – or – auto multi-sensor correlation] or is being updated

12. Assurance that designated position is same as x,y position (i.e., navigation and sensor both referencing same point)

PHASE:

EGRESS (8.0)

SEGMENT: DECISION: COMMUNICATE (8.6) Set EMCON (8.6.5)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: 5 ALTERNATIVES:

1. Total EMCON

No EMCON - emissions free
 Comm tight - sensors free
 Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Briefed plan

2. Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

4. Radar transmit status

5. Voice comm transmit status

6. Link transmit status

7. Navigation transmit status

8. AGL/MSL measuring device transmit status

9. Jammer response status

10. CIT response status

11. Laser activity status

PHASE:

CLIMB (9.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (9.1)

DECISION:

Control aircraft operation and flight (9.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- Altitude (AGL/MSL) 1.
- 2. Airspeed
- 3. Attitude
- Heading 4.
- 5. Angle of attack
- Vertical velocity
- 7. Clear of traffic/obstacles
- 8. Engine performance
- Hydraulic status 9.
- 10. Pneumatic status
- 11. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 12. Navigation compliance cues
- 13. Optimum airspeed
- 14. Optimum altitude
- 15. Optimum fuel flow

- 16. Ground speed17. Optimum heading18. Altimeter barometric pressure setting

PHASE:

CLIMB (9.0)

SEGMENT:

RENDEZVOUS (9.3)

DECISION:

Determine/control closure (9.3.2)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 3

- Desired rate of closure 1.
- Rate of closure
- 3.
- Distance between flight members
 Disengagement opportunities/options
 Joiner's indicated airspeed
- Leader's indicated airspeed 6.
- 7. Sideslip
- Speedbrake/lift degradation device position 8.
- Power setting
- 10. Flight member position

PHASE:

SEGMENT:

CLIMB (9.0) RENDEZVOUS (9.3)

DECISION:

Determine/control bearing (9.3.3)

DECISION TYPE: II

CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Desired bearing line – constant
 Desired bearing line – curvilinear
 Actual bearing from leader
 Leader's rate of turn

PHASE:

CLIMB (9.0)

SEGMENT:

RENDEZVOUS (9.3)

DECISION:

Determine/control altitude (9.3.4)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 4

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Leader's altitude 1.

2. Desired ownship altitude

3.

Attitude (AGL/MSL)
Vertical velocity change(s) 4.

5. Position of horizon

Engine thrust available

PHASE:

CLIMB (9.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (9.4)

DECISION:

Adjust flight plan, as required (9.4.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Elapsed time/time to go
- Fuel state 2.
- 3. Fuel required
- Fuel flow 4.
- 5. Ground speed
- Optimum altitude Ps 6.
- 7. Optimum indicated Mach - Ps
- 8. Present routing
- Optimum routing
- 10. Distance to next waypoint
- 11. Distance to station
- 12. Distance from station to home (total mission distance)
- 13. Time to next waypoint at present ground speed
- 14. Time to next waypoint at altered ground speed
- 15. Fuel to next waypoint at present ground speed and attitude
- 16. Fuel to next waypoint at altered ground speed and altitude
- 17. Time to station at present ground speed18. Time to station at altered ground speed
- 19. Fuel to station at present ground speed and altitude
- 20. Fuel to station at altered ground speed and altitude
- 21. Threat condition22. System performance
- 23. Directive instructions
- 24. Time of day (local/zulu)25. Winds aloft
- 26. Optimum altitude max range
- 27. Optimum Mach max range
- 28. Optimum altitude max endurance
- 29. Optimum Mach max endurance
- 30. Vertical velocity
- 31. Fuel remaining at next waypoint
- 32. Fuel remaining at station
- 33. Fuel remaining upon recovery (as per plan)

PHASE:

CLIMB (9.0)

SEGMENT:

COMMUNICATE (9.5)

DECISION:

Set EMCON (9.5.5)

DECISION TYPE: | CRITICALITY:

5

ALTERNATIVES:

Total EMCON 1.

No EMCON - emissions free Comm tight - sensors free

Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

Briefed plan 1.

Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight) 2.

Threat condition 3.

Radar transmit status 4.

Voice comm transmit status

Link transmit status

7. Navigation transmit status

8. AGL/MSL measuring device transmit status

Jammer response status
 CIT response status

11. Laser activity status

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (10.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (10.1)

DECISION:

Cruise/Trim aircraft (10.1.1)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 1

- Altitude (AGL/MSL) 1.
- 2. Airspeed
- 3. Attitude
- 4. Heading
- 5. Angle of attack
- 6. Vertical velocity
- 7. Clear of traffic/obstacles
- 8. Engine performance
- 9. Hydraulic status
- 10. Pneumatic status
- 11. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 12. Navigation compliance cues
- 13. Optimum airspeed
- 14. Optimum altitude
- 15. Optimum fuel flow
- 16. Ground speed
- 17. Optimum heading18. Altimeter barometric pressure setting

PHASE:

RETURN TO FORCE (10.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (10.1)

DECISION:

Select pilot relief mode (10.1.2)

DECISION TYPE: I CRITICALITY: 4 ALTERNATIVES:

1. Attitude hold

2. Altitude hold-barometric

3. Altitude hold-AGL

4. Heading hold

5. Auto/manual trim/throttles

6. None

7. Couple - External

8. Couple - auto onboard

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Altitude (AGL/MSL)

2. Heading

3. Ground speed

4. Present pilot relief mode status

5. Certification of new mode selection

6. Attitude

7. Pilot fatigue level

8. Pilot workload

9. Directive instructions

10. Ownship position

11. System performance

12. Flight control system operability

PHASE: SEGMENT:

CRUISE OUT (10.0)

RETURN TO FORCE (10.1)

DECISION: Set formation (10.1.4)

DECISION TYPE: 1 CRITICALITY: 5 ALTERNATIVES:

5

- 1.
 - Parade 2. Cruise 3.
 - Loose cruise Combat spread 4.
 - 5. Trail
 - 6. Box
 - 7. Timed sequence
 - 8. As directed

- 1. Cloud cover - present/expected
- 2. Visibility - present/expected
- 3. Turbulence - present/expected
- Capability of flight member (flight member/leader) 4.
- Sensor status
- **EMCON status**
- 7. Threat condition
- 8. Briefed formation
- 9. Sun/moon angle (elevation)
- 10. Percentage illumination (ambient/artificial)
- 11. Air traffic
- 12. Flight member position

PHASE:

RECOVERY (11.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (11.1)

DECISION:

DECISION TYPE: I

Select pilot relief mode (11.1.2)

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

3

- Attitude hold
- 2. Altitude hold-barometric
- 3. Altitude hold-AGL
- 4. Heading hold
- 5. Auto/manual trim/throttles
- 6. None
- 7. Couple - External
- 8. Couple - auto onboard

- 1. Attitude (AGL/MSL)
- 2. Heading
- 3. Ground speed
- 4. Present pilot relief mode status
- 5. Certification of new mode selection
- Attitude
- Pilot fatigue level Pilot workload
- 8.
- Directive instructions 9.
- 10. Ownship position
- 11. System performance
- 12. Flight control system operability

PHASE:

RECOVERY (11.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (11.1)

DECISION:

Perform aircraft descent (11.1.5)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 1

- 1. Attitude
- 2. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- 3. Airspeed
- Heading 4.
- 5. Angle of attack
- Vertical velocity 6.
- 7. Clear of traffic/obstacles
- Engine performance Hydraulic status 8.
- 9.
- 10. Pneumatic status
- 11. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 12. Navigation compliance cues
- 13. Optimum airspeed
- 14. Optimum vertical velocity
- 15. Optimum heading
- 16. Local barometric pressure
- 17. Altimeter barometric pressure setting

PHASE:

RECOVERY (11.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (11.1)

DECISION:

Set recovery formation, as required (11.1.6)

DECISION TYPE: 1

CRITICALITY: ALTERNATIVES:

- Parade
- 2. Cruise
- Trail 3.
- Spread
- Separate (individual recoveries)

- Cloud cover present/expected 1.
- Visibility present/expected 2.
- Turbulence present/expected 3.
- Capability of flight member (flight member/leader) 4.
- 5. Sensor status
- **EMCON status** 6.
- 7. Threat condition
- Briefed formation 8.
- Sun/moon angle (elevation)
- 10. Percentage illumination (ambient/artificial)
- 11. Air traffic12. Flight member position
- 13. Directive instructions
- 14. Recovery signal
- 15. Traffic congestion in marshal
- 16. Recovery conditions
- 17. Recovery mode
- 18. BRC
- 19. Time of day (local/zulu)
- 20. Ship location

PHASE:

RECOVERY (11.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (11.1)

DECISION:

Interpret multi-sensor correlation data (11.1.7)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY: 3

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Surface proximity

- 2. Planned ship rendezvous point
- 3. Ship location
- 4. Optimum routing
- 5. Spatial orientation imagery
- 6. Spatial orientation graphics
- 7. Cueing to ship
- 8. Cueing to assigned fix
- 9. Display format availability
- 10. Attitude
- 11. System status
- 12. Recovery status (extant at ship)
- 13. Ship's BRC
- 14. Final approach fix location
- 15. Final approach heading
- 16. Coincidence of multi-sensor data
- 17. Bearing/distance/rate of multi-sensor correlation error
- 18. Ownship position
- 19. Directive instructions
- 20. Externally provided recovery information
- 21. On-call uncorrelated processed individual sensor data/information
- 22. Ownship big picture relationships (marshal/recovery sequence, etc.)
- 23. TKBS recommended action(s) for recovery
- 24. Inflight mission planning information
- 25. Flight member status
- 26. Significant meteorological conditions
- 27. Self-contained glide slope/path information

PHASE:

RECOVERY (11.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (11.1)

DECISION:

Perform landing (11.1.14)

DECISION TYPE: II CRITICALITY:

- 1. Directive instructions
- Glidepath optimum 2.
- Glidepath present deviation from optimum 3.
- Course optimum 4.
- Course present deviation from optimum 5.
- Vertical velocity
- Angle of attack optimum 7.
- 8. Angle of attack
- 9. Range to touchdown
- 10. Altitude (AGL/MSL)
- 11. Aircraft weight total
- 12. Fuel weight
- 13. Bingo fuel state
- 14. Acknowledgement of ready deck15. ATC clearance/instruction

- 16. BRC17. Final bearing
- 18. Significant meteorological conditions at ship
- 19. Air traffic
- 20. Landing systems status21. Tailhook position
- 22. Tailhook snubber pressure
- 23. Aircraft control surface configuration
- 24. Recovery area battle damage

PHASE:

RECOVERY (11.0)

SEGMENT:

AVIATE (11.1)

DECISION:

Determine requirement for missed approach/waveoff (11.1.15)

DECISION TYPE: II

CRITICALITY:

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Directive instructions

2. Optimum fly-away profile

3. Optimum fly-away aircraft configuration

4. Angle of attack - optimum

5. Angle of attack - present deviation from optimum

6. Power setting

Recovery pattern constraints Tanker availability/position/give 7.

8.

Bingo/divert field position (x,y)
 Optimum bingo profile

11. Air traffic

12. Recovery area battle damage

13. Fuel state

14. Capability to reach bingo landing site

PHASE:

RECOVERY (11.0)

SEGMENT:

NAVIGATE (11.2)

DECISION:

Comply with clearance instructions (11.2.5)

DECISION TYPE: CRITICALITY: **ALTERNATIVES:**

- Comply strictly with clearance instructions 1. 2. Comply generally with clearance instruction
- 3. Do not comply 4. Delay decision

- Time of day (local/zulu) 1.
- Time assigned to be somewhere
- Location of assigned position (to be) 3.
- 4. Ship location
- Ownship position 5.
- Ownship position relative to ship 6.
- BRC 7.
- Directive instructions 8.
- Standard/non-standard recovery 9.
- 10. Standard instrument recovery
- 11. Recovery instructions
- 12. Charlie time
- 13. Time required to traverse distance to achieve charlie time
- 14. Delta time
- 15. Local barometric pressure
- 16. Altimeter barometric pressure setting
- 17. Ship identification
- 18. Winds aloft
- 19. Wind over deck
- 20. Glideslope
- 21. Line-up22. Angle of attack
- 23. Flight warnings/cautions/advisories
- 24. Optimum heading
- 25. Assigned heading
- 26. Assigned altitude
- 27. Assigned airspeed
- 28. CCA guidance
- 29. Recovery conditions
- 30. Recovery mode
- 31. Recovery signal
- 32. EMCON condition
- 33. LSO guidance
- 34. Optical landing system in use
- 35. Deck status (ready, fouled, etc.)
- 36. Capability to comply
- 37. Wisdom of compliance
- 38. TKBS recommendation

PHASE: SEGMENT: RECOVERY (11.0)

COMMUNICATE (11.3) Set EMCON (11.3.4)

DECISION: DECISION TYPE: I

CRITICALITY:

ALTERNATIVES:

1. Total EMCON

2. No EMCON - emissions free

3. Comm tight - sensors free

Comm free - sensors tight

INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS:

1. Briefed plan

Allowable exceptions (i.e., safety of flight)

3. Threat condition

4. Radar transmit status

Voice comm transmit status 5.

Link transmit status 6.

Navigation transmit status 7.

AGL/MSL measuring device transmit status

Jammer response status

10. CIT response status

11. Laser activity status

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